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PARIS, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1984

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Richard kiles San **Democrats Lay Out Assault on Reagan**

Campaign Strategy: Attack President For 'Serving the Interests of the Rich'

By Howell Raines New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - As President Ronald Reagan opened his campaign for re-election, the Democratic Party's leaders and its presidential candidates are laying out with striking clarity their main line of attack against Mr. Reagan for

They plan to depict him as a

NEWS ANALYSIS

ed to endorse Mondale. Page 3. President Reagan extols the Bible and attacks abortion before religious broadcasters. Page 3.

leader who has betrayed the interests of the average citizens who put bim in office.

This theme was sounded in response to Mr. Reagan's declaration of candidacy and his State of the Union address hy Speaker Thomas P. O'Neill Jr., by former Vice President Walter F. Mondale, the frontrunning Democratic presidential candidate, and by the other presidential candidates across the party's ideological spectrum.

Liberals and conservatives alike joined in denouncing Mr. Reagan for "ahuses of power and privilege," for "doing the hidding of the big corporations," and, in Mr. Mondale's words, "serving wealthy and powerful special interests."

These attacks point up both Mr. Reagan's main success as a politician and his electoral vulnerability as a president seeking re-election.

As a politician, he defined a new 'populist conservatism" that drew many middle-income and workingclass voters into the Republican

But as president, he has compiled a record that seems contrary to the economic interests and foreign policy impulses of many peo-ple who voted for him in 1980. This is the origin of the Democrats' common intention to make slim answer for that record.

election has been joined. Can Mr. Reagan hold together a voting co-alition that, on the evidence of the public opinion polls, has been polarized by his policies? No prediction seems possible without some consideration of the unusual qualities and advantages that Mr. Reagan brings to his candidacy.

More than most re-election campaigns, this one seems shadowed by history. By tradition, incumbent presidents do well. Since 1900, four incumbents, William Howard Taft, Herbert Hoover, Gerald R. Ford O'Neill and Strauss are expect- and limmy Carter, failed in attempts to succeed themselves. Five incumbents were re-elected.

> Moreover, this campaign year bears similarity to that in which Mr. Reagan's early political role model, Franklin D. Roosevelt, first sought re-election. The election of 1936 brought out the sharpest partisan differences and the deepest class divisions of any election of the century up to that time. Then as now, the split was over economic fairness and the role of govern-

In 1984, the incumbent's ideology is reversed, with Mr. Reagan arguing positions opposite to those of Roosevelt. But it also seems fair to observe that the partisan differences are again as sharp as those of 1936 and that Mr. Reagan, the campaigner, hrings to this divisive contest political skills that compare favorably to Roosevelt's.

This latter factor lies at the heart of the Republican optimism. It also accounts for the spirit of resignation felt by many Democratic elected officials around the country. In the South and some New England states, in particular, many such officials regard Mr. Reagan as being close to a shoo-in.

Even his detractors acknowledge that Mr. Reagan is a large-scale figure on the political stage at a time when some ardent Democrats confess that their party's potential nominees appear smaller than life. Morever, Mr. Reagan often seems impervious to criticism. He has shown a remarkably unembar-So the main debate of the 1984 (Continued on Page 2, Col. 2)



Agapito Aquino, center with fist clenched, marched Tuesday in Manila with thousands of protesters calling for the assassinated opposition leader, Benigno S. Aquino Jr.

Mass Rally in Manila Demands Reforms

protesters Tuesday staged the larg-est demonstration against the government of President E. Marcos since the funeral of the opposition leader, Benigno S. Aquino Jr., last August. Mr. Aquino's hrother, Agapito, told demonstrators that there would be a "march by mil-

Marcos ignored demands for re-The demonstration followed a protest march to Manila hy 300 people who had been halted for three days outside the capital by the army. After the march was permitted to proceed, the group mush-roomed in size as it moved along a main boulevard. Tens of thousands of marchers tied up traffic and were

cheered by thousands of onlookers. The march had begun as a protest of the national referendum held Friday, which approved a se-

MANILA - Anti-government ers of the march, warned Mr. Marcos that the opposition would boycott the National Assembly elections scheduled for May 14 if the president did not heed opposition demands.

"This boycott will not he a simple boycott," Mr. Aquino said. "We will amass millions of people lions" to paralyze Manila if Mr. in Manila to paralyze Metro Manila unless Marcos gives in to our reasonable demands.

> A radio station Tuesday estimated the demonstration at more than 500,000. More than a million people had gathered for Mr. Aquino's funeral, which was followed by two days of rioting. The higgest thing the march

achieved is the increase in the level of courage of Filipinos to stand up for their rights," Agapito Aquino said. He said a small group would make a symbolic march Wednesday-to Manila International Airries of reforms of the Philippine Port, where his hrother was killed. Soldiers had stopped Tuesday's while, that he had suspended until

marchers since Friday by blockad- June 1 his personal power to issue ing the main highway coming into arrest orders for rebellion or insur-Manila from the north. The march rection, a key demand by oppobegan in Mr. Aquino's home provnents for their participation in the ince, Tarlac, 75 miles (120 kilome-May National Assembly elections. ters) from Manila. His move appeared aimed at head-As they remained blocked in the ing off opposition demands for

north of Manila, opposition groups authority to issue preventive detenhad begun organizing protests tion orders. against the military action. The military had claimed the group was infiltrated by Communist terrorists and arrested two men

was a planted hand grenade. "There would not have been this many people if they had not stopped the march," said Mr. Aquino's mother, Aurora, 73, who

for possessing what marchers said

led the marchers as they left Mey-cauavan. which seem too improbable, yet you don't know whether they're Referring to the government handling of the marchers, Mrs. said during a recess. Aquino said, "It was a mistake but whật a beautiful mistake."

Mr. Marcos has denied his govgrament was involved in the assas-Mr. Marcos announced, mean-sination of Mr. Aquino. (AP, Reuters, UPI)

tector tests to some witnesses.

The witnesses "say some things

withholding the truth or not," she

South Africans Begin Angolan Disengagement'

By Alan Cowell New York Times Service

JOHANNESBURG — Prime Minister P.W. Botha said Tuesday that South African troops had emforces in southern Angola. It remained unclear, however, whether the operation involved an immediate withdrawal from Angola of those South African units that have been occupying parts of the former Portuguese colony for more than

Mr. Botha's announcement before Parliament in Cape Town represented a limited, initial success for Chester A. Crocker, the U.S. assistant secretary of state for African affairs. Mr. Crocker last week launched an initiative designed to end the long-simmering war in South-West Africa (Namihia) and effect a Cuban withdrawal from Angola. South Africa runs South-West Africa in defiance of the United Nations and is fighting Angolan-based insurgents from the South-West Africa People's Organization.

In Tanzania the insurgent leader, Sam Nujoma, was quoted by Dar es Salaam radio as dismissing the U.S. initiative as a ploy to solidify South African control of the territory. "The military struggle in Na-mibia is being intensified," he said. Mr. Botha made his announcetown of Meycauayan, 10 miles outright repeal of his constitutional ment following talks in Cape Town on Saturday with Mr. Crocker.

Separately, the Marcos-appoint-"I wish now to confirm the Re-public of South Africa's decision to ed board probing the Aquino assassination continued its investigation begin disengaging its forces in An-gola with effect from today," he in a huilding a block away from the marchers' route. The board's chairsaid. The decision was taken on the woman, Corazón Juliano Agrava, basis of assurances delivered by said the panel is negotiating with a Mr. Crocker, he added, without U.S. company to administer lie de-

> Western diplomats in Cape Town have said Mr. Crocker had passed on assurances from the Anolan government that the South African operation would be reanda stipulated that it would not make the assurances public, the diplomats said.

Mr. Botha's use of the word "dis- sent a united front.

engagement" seemed deliberately ambiguous. While some Western diplomats have assumed that the term means a withdrawal of troops from Angola, official South African statements have spoken only of a disengagement.

At a news conference after his parliamentary annuncement. Mr. Botha said South Africa was "preparing steps to have an eventual cease-fire if other parties cooper-ate." He said the disengagement would include the withdrawal of troops "should there still be some South African forces in Angola."

South African forces initially occupied parts of southern Angola in the course of operations designed to harass the Soviet-armed insur-gents led by Mr. Nujoma. On Dec. , however, it offered a unilateral 'disengagement" lasting for one month, starting Tuesday, provided its adversaries there - Angolans, Cubans and insurgents — did not "exploit" the resultant military sit-

"Necessary steps must and indeed will be taken to ensure that our decision is not exploited at the expense of the security of the inhabitants of South-West Africa," Mr. Botha told Parliament

The prime minister disclosed that he and Mr. Crocker had held previously unannounced discussions in Cape Town last week with representatives of what are called the "internal parties," political groups that the insurgents refer to as "puppets" of South Africa inside

If a choice had to be made between South Africa's interests and those of South-West Africa, Mr. Botha said, be would choose South Africa's. This message, be said, has been given to the "internal par-

"It is up to the political leaders of South-West Africa to decide what they are going to do and to do spected. The Marxist regime in Lu- so urgently," he said. The inference, Western diplomats said, was that Mr. Botha was urging the squabbling internal groups to pre-

At a meeting of religious broadcasters in Washington, President Ronald Reagan was greeted by the Rev. Jerry Falwell, right, leader of the Moral Majority, and an unidentified man.

Shultz Says He'll Seek \$90 Million In Emergency Food Aid for Africa

Secretary of State George P.
Shultz said Monday that the food
aid is necessary to deal with the
short-term problems created by a

velopment has approved 217,000 metric tons (238,700 short tons) of Monday, if approved by Congress, million metric tons still needed, would add 200,000 metric tons.

One congressional staff memb \$174.6 million. U.S. emergency to raise the amount of additional food aid to Africa in the 1983 fiscal aid, with some hoping to make it as year was 157,000 metric tons, high as \$300 million. He said that

In a report Jan. 9, the United million tons sought by the FAO.

Nations Food and Agriculture Or
Tom Mason, an aide to Senator ganization warned that 3.3 million Rudy Boschwitz, Republican of metric tons of food aid was needed Minnesota, said that Mr. Boschby the 24 African countries affect-witz would submit a hill Wednes-ed by the drought. Of that, 1.7 day seeking \$200 million in emer-

a crucial need for 1.6 million metric Some congressional critics of the

Reagan adminstration's policies in emergency food aid worth \$84.6 Africa said that \$90 million would million for Africa. The request not go far enough to meet the 1.6 One congressional staff member which would raise the total value to said that measures were expected



George P. Shultz

Howard E. Wolpe, a Michigan Democrat who is chairman of the House Foreign Affairs subcommittee on Africa, said he was "very encouraged" by the request for ad-

concern" among Chinese youth.

In an interview before one of her sold-out

performances in Taipei, Miss Teng professed

to Beijing.
"I don't know why," she said in graceful
English learned when she studied in Los

Angeles for a couple of years. "I think it is

rather disappointing, rather sad. I don't un-

derstand it."
The Chinese government should feel fortunate that Miss Teng is not circulating around the mainland on video cassettes. She looks

barely half her 30 years, with wide eyes and glossy hlack hair. When she struts about the stage with a quartet of m le dancers in atten-

dance, her tight-fitting C inese qipao, slit to

the hip, flares open to reveal slender legs.

Yet Miss Teng projects n girl-next-door innocence. The way you think a Chinese girl should look like, that's the way Teresa looks," said Jim Teng, one of her four brothers.

Miss Teng was born on Taiwan in 1953, the daughter of an army officer who joined the

Nationalist retreat from the mainland when

the Communists took over. The family was from suburban Beijing, and Miss Teng was

raised on the folk songs sung by her mother.

By the time she was 15, she cut her first

record and was singing so often that she had to drop out of high school. "The school was quite conservative," she said. "They wouldn't

allow me to go out as a professional singer."
In the last 15 years, Miss Teng has record-

ed 100 albums and sold more than seven

million copies, according to Leo Y. Chu, a public relations executive for Polygram re-

cords in Taipei who used to be ber producer.

Miss Teng recently toured Singapore, Ma-laysia and Thailand, all of which have large

numbers of overseas Chinese. She has also

sung for ethnic Chinese audiences in New

York, San Francisco and Los Angeles.

puzzlement that her music was objectionable

Shiite Group Blamed for Beirut Blasts By Philip Taubman

New York Times Service

WASHINGTON -- Intelligence specialists are convinced that the truck bombings of U.S. and French military installations in Beirut last October were carried out hy a pro-Iranian Shiite Moclem group acting under Iranian direction and with Syrian approval, according to a U.S. official.

The official said Monday that the group, known as the Islamic Amal, staged the attacks Oct. 23 in an operation that was run partly out of the Iranian Embassy in Damascus and was conducted with the knowledge of Syrian authorities.

Although the official declined to provide many details, his account was the most specific accusation made by a U.S. official about those responsible for the bombings in which 241 American servicemen and 56 French paratroopers died. Administration officials previously had charged Iran and Syria with complicity, but had not blamed any individual group.

After the bombing at the Marine compound, an unidentified man

telephoned a news agency in Beirut and said the attacks were the work of an organization called Islamic Jihad. However, Lebanese police officials, Western intelligence sources and leading Shiite Moslem religious leaders in Beirut have questioned whether such an nrganiration exists.

The Islamic Amal is a Shiite splinter group in Lebanon led by Hussein Musavi, 42, a former

The official said Monday that Mr. Musavi's group carried out the attacks on orders from Iran with Iranian support.

Mr. Musavi has publicly expressed approval of the attacks but

has repeatedly denied involvement. While the official did not discuss the evidence linking the Islamic Amal to the bombings, other offi-cials said that information indicated that the explosive devices used on Oct. 23 were constructed with the help of Iran.

U.S. Airliner Aborts Takeoff LONDON - An Air Florida

DC-10 bound for Miami with 241 passengers aborted its takeoff from London's Gatwick Airport Tuesday when fire broke out in the undercarriage, an airport spokesman said, All aboard were evacuated safely as firemen fought the blaze, the spokesman said.

Andropov, in a Message to M'Bow, Assails U.S. Plan to Leave UNESCO

By Serge Schmemann New York Times Service

MOSCOW - Yuri V. Andropov, the Soviet leader, expressed support Tuesday for UNESCO, which the United States has given notice of leaving in protest over what it regards as the politicization of its programs and budget mis-

A letter by Mr. Andropov to Amadou Mahtar M'Bow, UNES-CO's director-general, was purportedly to express gratitude for a copy of Mr. M'Bow's hook, Where the Future Begins." But as published by Tass, the letter was unmistakably intended to assail President Ronald Reagan's deci-sion to withdraw from the organization and to counterpose Soviet satisfaction with the policies of the UN Educational, Scientific and

ECRETARY TO THE ATIONAL MANAGE Cultural Organization. Without naming the United States, Mr. Andropov wrote: "Those who try to set themselves against the community of the states, which successfully cooperate to mutual advantage in UNESCO, should realize that they bear the entire responsibility for that. And the peoples will become convinced once again who is their friend and who is their enemy."

Mr. Andropov specifically praised those aspects of UNES-CO's work that have most irritated the United States and Western members, the alleged politicization nf its programs and the efforts to

The United States, in announcing its decision to quit UNESCO at the end of this year, charged that the organization has extraneously politicized virtually every subject it deals with and that the majority of Communist and Third World na-

INSIDE

■ U.S. food donations to El Salvador are being sold in local markets.

An anti-terrorist legislative package prepared by the Justice Department will be sent to Congress soon.

INSIGHTS

How did the UN turn into a largely anti-American forum in the last decade? BUSINESS/FINANCE

■U.S. Steel Corp. reported a record loss of \$983 million for the last quarter.

TOMORROW

■ The former police chief of Mexico City has become a target of the government's "moral renovation" campaign.

promulgate a new international or-der in the dissemination of infor-grams with a bias inimical to Western concepts of freedom.

On the world information order,

which the Soviet Union has strongly endorsed at UNESCO, Mr. Andropov wrote: "We understand the attention given by UNESCO to the establishment of a system of a new international order in the field of information, an order that would help eliminate information imperialism and the domination of Western monopolies in this field."

Mr. Andropov wrote, "Millions of people are realizing ever clearer that the source of tension is the imperial course of the U.S. administration, viewing the whole of the globe as its sovereign possession and arrogating to itself the right to impose on others certain ways of

By contrast, Mr. Andropov said, "Together with the overwhelming majority of UNESCO member states, we support the activities of the organization you head for the benefit of peace and international

Mr. Andropov was silent on the other major source of American discontent with Mr. M'Bow and UNESCO, which was the alleged mismanagement of its budget. The United States provides about 25 percent of UNESCO's budget. Mr. Andropov evidently chose not to touch on these complaints because that would require acknowledging the large U.S. contributions to UNESCO.

"The message is, when people pledged by the United States and are hungry and dying, America responds, Mr. Shultz said. other international donors, according to the FAO, leaving Africa with Washington Post Service WASHINGTON - The Reagan So far in the current fiscal year.

administration, warning that four million to five million people are facing starvation in Africa, is seeking to triple emergency food aid to the continent hy requesting an ad-ditional \$90-million appropriation from Congress.

drought of "historic proportions."

Mr. Shultz and M. Peter McPherson, the administrator of the Agency for International Development, said that per-capita food production has declined by 20 percent in the past 20 years and that Africans' caloric intake has also dropped.

the Agency for International De-

worth \$55 million.

would provide about half of the 1.6

million metric tons have been gency assistance. Representative ditional funds.

Taiwan Attacks China With a Pop Star

By Christopher S. Wren New York Times Service

TAIPEI — When the propaganda loud-speakers atop the concrete bunkers of the Nationalist-held island of Quemoy blast away at the Chinese mainland barely a mile distant, the anti-Communist broadsides are mercifully interspersed with the songs of Te-

resa Teng.
Taipei's most effective psychological weapon against the Communist government in Beijing is not Taiwan's higher living standards or its less stringent society, but Miss Teng, its pop star, who is known on the mainland by her Chinese name of Deng Li-

The Nationalist anthorities like to mck in a recording of Miss Teng when they loft a balloon laden with propaganda and small gifts across the Strait of Formosa. But thousands of Miss Teng's tape cassettes have been smuggled into China for profit.

Miss Teng's songs have grown so popular with young Chinese that she was an inplicit target of China's recent campaign against "spiritual pollntion," as the Communist ideologists have labeled unwelcome Western Young workers at one Beijing factory were

recently instructed to surrender their Deng Lijum tapes, though the word was that not many did. And a Beijing restaurant once serenaded diners with Miss Teng's records until the authorities found out and stopped it. Her music sounds tame by Western standards. She lately lent her clear soprano to a discotheque tune from the U.S. motion picture "Flashdance," but Miss Teng is known foremost for sentimental ballads that dwell

on unrequited and unconsummated love. With titles like "Forget Him" and "Goodbye. My Lover," her songs do not encourage the huilding of socialism, which helps explain really songs from Taiwan and Hong Kong



Teresa Teng

why they are banned on the mainland, A pamphlet printed in Beijing on the evils of

U.S. Official, Differing With Rowny, Sees No **Trade-Off on Missiles**

consistently maintained that a

Soviet systems such as the SS-

U.S. resistance to including the arsenals in the talks was cited by

the Soviet Union as a major factor

in the deadlock. Both France and

Britain are adamant that their

forces, a total of 162 missiles,

of the superpower balance.

oegotiations," Mr. Burt said.

President Ronald Reagan.

in Soviet weapoury.

Report by Reagan

Mr. Reagan said Tuesday he

would "leave no stone unturned" in

efforts to reduce ouclear weapons

stockpiles and said Soviet actions

in oegotiations last year "were a disappointment," United Press In-

ternational reported from Chicago.

His comments were contained in a

report to Congress on the U.S.

Arms Control and Disarmament

Agency, released in Chicago during

Democrats Set

Election Plan

(Continued from Page 1)

rassed capacity for nipping politi-

Luck has been a hallmark of war.

Reagan's political career. The de-

cline in unemployment and infla-

tion have defused the Democrat's

major domestic issue just in time

for the campaign. The polls show

rest on foreign policy issues, such

as nuclear arms control and the presence of U.S. marines in Leba-

oon. But the Democrats cannot

count on those issues to weaken

Mr. Reagan as the hostage situa-

tion in Iran damaged Mr. Carter.

in Iran," said a former Carter ad-

ministration official, "Reagan can

cootrol Lebanon. He can end it

with a stroke of the pen. I expect

him to get them out of there and

call it victory."

Even against this backdrop of

advantages, some Democrats see

opportunities to defeat Mr. Rea-

gan. Except for those who are try-ing in block Mr. Mondale's comi-

nation, many with such beliefs place a high value on an early reso-

lution of the nomination contest.

Reagan are slim in any case," said

Julian Bond, state senator in Geor-

gia. "The longer the nomination is

chances of winning."
A quick end in the nomination

struggle would curtail the constant

and potentially undermining criti-

cism of Mr. Mondale by the other

Democrats, as a man of less than

presidential stature. More impor-

tant, it would allow time to orga-

nize and focus anti-Reagan senti-

undecided the greater Reagan's

"I think the chances of beating

"Carter couldn't control events

cal trouble in the bud.

a brief visit by Mr. Reagan.

on ouclear arms.

By Joseph Fitchett

PARIS - The United States, while ready to consider bargaining on all nuclear missiles in a single set of talks with the Soviet Union, does not envisage cutting NATO's Pershing-2 and cruise missiles in exchange for Soviet reductions in intercootinental ouelear missiles, according to Richard R. Burt, assistant secretary of state for European affairs.

Mr. Burt's statement in Paris on Tuesday cootradicted reports from Washington on Monday in which Edward L. Rowny, the chief U.S. negotiator in the suspended strategie arms talks, was quoted as saying that such a trade-off was open to

An influential architect of U.S. arms control policy, Mr. Burt appeared to be intent on preserving the Reagan administration's more flexible tone oo disarmament while ruling out any substantial U.S. concessions to tempt the Soviet Union back to the Geneva negotiations.

Last fall, after the Soviet Union broke off the talks on intermediaterange missiles, many defense experts predicted the merging of the so-called INF talks with the strategic arms reduction talks, known as START. The START talks, which were also held in Geneva, have been suspended, oot canceled, and might provide the Soviet Union with a face-saving way to resume

Although U.S. officials bave

Soviet Assails 'Aggressive' U.S. Actions

The Associated Press

BUCHAREST - Foreign Minister Andrei A. Gromyko of the Soviet Union called Tuesday for a "radical change" in the foreign po-licy of the United States and its allies to ease East-West tensions.

In a speech, Mr. Gromyko ac-cused the administration of President Ronald Reagan of "undermining" the Geneva arms control talks, which the Soviet Unioo broke off late last year after the United States began the deploy-ment of new nuclear missiles in Western Europe.

Mr. Gromyko, who arrived in Romania Monday for a three-day official visit, attacked Washington for what he alleged was "crude" interference and an "aggressive" policy, "the expression of which is seen everywhere.

Observers said Mr. Gromyko's comments amounted to the harshest attack on the United States heard in Romania in years.

Washingtoo has resorted to that Mr. Reagan faces public uncheating," be told an audience of 1.000 Romanians at a rally, "and there is cheating in the most recent [U.S.] statements, including the American president's last speech."

It was not clear what speech Mr. Gromyko referred to, but it was believed he meant the one Mr. Reagan delivered oo Jan. 20. In that address, the president, in what officials of his administration termed a conciliatory approach toward Moscow, said that the greatest chal-lenge facing the West was "establishing a constructive relationship with the Soviet Union."

"It's clear for any lucid man that oeither rhetoric nor appeal to force can make peace more certain," he said, "A radical change is oeeded," he added, and "we lonk forward to such a change from the United States and its NATO allies."

Addressing a meeting at a heavymachinery plant in Bucharest, Mr. Gromyko also asserted that the American army is sowing death and ruin on Lebanese soil" through its role in Lebanon as part of the multinational peacekeeping force.

An official communiqué Tues-

day said the first round of talks between Mr. Gromyko and Romanian officials was devoted to the reviewing of ways in increase bilateral cooperation in politics, economics and trade.

Soviet Urges Pact Against Use of Arms

U.S. Discounts Proposal At Stockholm Meeting

merger of the talks would only complicate the issues, Mr. Burt Compiled by Our Staff From Dispar STOCKHOLM - The Soviet confirmed Mr. Rowny's suggestion delegation to the European security conference called Tuesday for an that the door would be open to the procedural change. But Mr. Burt said, "We're oot eovisaging any agreement renouncing first use of nuclear weapons and a oonaggrestrade-offs in [the] two separate ar-

ical weapons in Europe.

The chief Soviet delegate, Oleg Grinevksy, also reiterated earlier Soviet appeals for a cut in military spending and the creation of nucle-Officials of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization insist that new U.S. intermediate-range missiles be deployed in Western Europe unless the Warsaw Pact agrees to scrap ar-free zones in parts of Europe. U.S. officials immediately dis-

sion pact, as well as a ban on chem-

missed the offer as containing nothing new, saying all the points were included in a speech by the Soviet foreign minister, Andrei A. Mr. Burt also ruled out another suggestion frequently made by advocates of merging the two sets of talks: that the British and French Gromyko, at the opening of the conference two weeks ago.

Mr. Grinevsky called for the nuouclear forces be unofficially counted in a broad East-West deal

> not to use nuclear weapons," adding that "nonuse of force must be the first rule of this conference." Last Tuesday NATO delegations to the 35-nation conference formally proposed steps to ease military

secrecy in Europe to reduce the

clear powers "to take the obligation

should not be counted because, Western officials say, the weapons threat of war. Mr. Grinevsky said the Warsaw are for self-defense and are not part Pact is "prepared" to elaborate on "limitation and notification" of "We will not discuss the French military maneuvers.

and British forces in any bilateral Western delegates said Mr. Grinevsky had not, however, altered the Soviet stance against military in-However, he echoed the more spection to verify compliance with flexible tone adopted Monday by

agreements, an essential part of the Western package.

The chief Soviet delegate called NATO's plans for inspection and Mr. Rowny after a meeting with "We're prepared to accept the necessary trade-offs in open the way for an agreement" with the Soviet Union, Mr. Burt said, addmilitary observers "narrow and insignificant measures" which would just lead to a growing suspicion in ing that any accord should stipulate concrete, verifiable reductions

Mr. Grinevsky said NATO's proposals were unacceptable be-cause they ignore new U.S. missiles in Western Europe. He said the "narrow and technical" proposals would in fact "increase distrust and uspicions.

Western delegates emphasized that NATO countries did oot consider nuclear arms limitations to be included in the conference man-

The North Atlantic Treaty Organization contends that ouclear issues should be reserved for the oegotiations at Geneva that were interrupted by the Soviet Union after the first of 572 U.S. missiles planned for Western Europe were deployed last November.

The NATO proposal does not discuss the most urgent and important problem for Europe - the increased risk of war after deploy-ment of oew nuclear missiles," Mr. Grinevsky said at a news conference. "This has helped increase ten-sions, both politically and militari-

Pravda, the Soviet Communist Party paper, last week discounted the verification provisions in the NATO plan as an attempt to allow the United States and its allies to spy on the East bloc.

Mr. Grinevsky said there would be room for further explanation of his rather general proposals, but added, "Sometimes it is good to have your arms not tied."



GUNMAN SLAIN The body of a gumman, above, lay on a street in Sydney Toesday after a shoot-out with police. The man robbed a bank, took 10 persons hostage at another bank, then led police on a two-hour car chase through central Sydney before he was killed. At right, the gunman leaves the bank shielded by hostages. A police officer and two hostages were injured.



House Democrats Draft a Resolution Requesting a Beirut Withdrawal Plan

By Margaret Shapiro Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON - House Democratic leaders have drawn up a resolution directing the administration to come up with a plan within 30 days in get U.S. troops out of Lebanon.

But the resolution, which lawmakers cautioned could change, does oot set a deadline for bringing the troops home, calling instead for a "speedy and prompt" withdraw-Democratic sources said Mon-

The resolution is intended to put pressure on President Ronald Reagan without jeopardizing the possi-bility of bipartisan support by set-ting a withdrawal date, the sources Mr. Reagan bas said he would

oppose any effort to set a withdrawal date, and leaders of the Republican-controlled Senate have said a resolution that included a deadline would not make it through that chamber.

Senate Democrats have been try-ing to come up with their own Lebanon proposal and have not decid-(Reuters, UPI, AP) Powers Resolution that allowed the said they also expected efforts tions.

U.S. Marine force to remain in would be made to attach a dead-Lebanon through March 1985.

Two Republican freshman senators, Slade Gorton of Washington and Alan K. Simpson of Wyoming, who had voted for the War Powers Resolution, said Monday that they could no longer support the president's policies.

"will become a terrible political hability," Mr. Simpson said.

The House resolution, which was drafted by Representative Lee H. Hamiltoo of Indiana and other leading Democrats at the direction appear to be near a standstill, were of Speaker Thomas P. O'Neill Jr., a last attempt to settle opposition Democrat of Massachusetts, would objections to a security plan for a give the president seven days to lasting cease-fire around Beirut. name representatives, who would The sources said the next hours then have 30 days to submit to would be decisive. Congress a plan for withdrawal.

The speaker and other House appears to be renewed action by Democrats said Monday they ex- the Lebanese Army. Government pect an attempt to attach a with- sources said the army had been drawal date to the resolution when considering a new push to close a it gets to the House floor in late corridor of territory linking Shiite

February or early March. Mr. O'Neill's special Lebanon part of Beirot with Druze militias monitoring committee was sched- in the hills overlooking the city. uled to consider and revise Mr. ed yet whether to eall for Hamiltoo's resolution Tuesday, whether the United States would withdrawal by a specific date. The The resolution will be taken up by actively support an army move, for Democrats voted oearly as a bloc the House Democratic eaucus instance by using its ships offshore last September against the War Wednesday, where House officials to bombard anti-government posi-

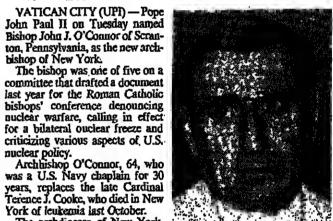
The respected Beirut daily oewspaper An Nahar said Tuesday that esolution, said Monday that they if current talks in Damascus in-build no longer support the presi-ent's policies.

Keeping the marines in Beirut government failed, "a widespread will become a terrible political bi-will become a terrible political bicould result, Reuters reported from

> The newspaper quoted informed sources as saying the talks, which One possibility if the talks fail

bishops' conference denouncing nuclear warfare, calling in effect for a bilateral ouclear freeze and criticizing various aspects of U.S. nuclear policy.
Archhishop O'Connor, 64, who Moslem gunmen in the southern was a U.S. Navy chanlain for 30 years, replaces the late Cardinal Terence J. Cooke, who died in New

York of leukemia last October. They said the main question was The archdiocese of New York, the U.S. church's richest, has 1.8 million Catholics, fewer only than Chicago, Boston and Los Angeles.



Archbishop O'Connor

U.S. Seeks a Rise In Border Guards

WASHINGTON - To help ne new budget, administration of-

The fiscal year 1985 budget, in be sent to Congress Wednesday, will propose nearly a thousand more enforcement positions for the INS at a cost of \$41.4 million, lifting the agency's budget to \$574.5 million and bringing the number of permanent positions to 11,473.

Most of the 850 additional Border Patrol officers included in the proposal would be statioged in the 120-mile (193-kilometer) section of t20-mile (193-kilometer) section of murder. On Saturday, police arrested more than 200 people who took the nearly 2,000-mile border with part in an illegal demonstration in Paris in support of the four.

Los Angeles Times Service

cope with a surge of illegal aliens crossing the U.S.-Mexican border, the Immigration and Naturalization Service is seeking the largest personnel increase in its history in ficials said Monday.

EC Finds Currency Controls Illegal

WORLD BRIEFS

Guns, Not Missile, Downed French Jet

PARIS (Reuters) — The French Jaguar fighter-bomber shot down by Libyan-backed rebels in Chad last week was hit by machine-gun fire and not a SAM-7 missile as reported earlier, the Paris daily Le Monde said

Tuesday, quoting reports made available to the French Defense Ministry.

aircraft machine guns as it flew low over a column of rebels returning

from a raid on the government-held outpost of Ziguey.

Le Monde said the jet was hit by fire from truck-mounted 23-mm anti-

In announcing the plane's loss and the death of its pilot last Wednes-

day, the Defense Ministry said that it had probably been hit by a Libyan-supplied, Soviet-made SAM-7 missile. Monday, Colonel Moamer Qadha-

fi, the Libyan leader, said the plane had been downed by machine gum fire, adding, "This missile story is a lie aimed at deceiving French public opinion."

Paris Denies Charge of Protectionism

PARIS (Reusers) — A spokesman for the French Agriculture Ministry denied Tuesday that a reduction in the number of border posts where live

cattle, pigs and fresh meat could enter France was a protectionist

He said the reduction in the number of entry points from 150 to 80, announced Sunday, was designed solely to improve health controls. Last week, Agriculture Minister Michel Rocard said health controls would be

improved after demonstrations by French pork farmers protesting a drop

About 10 days ago France closed its border to all meat imports from the Netherlands after an onthreak of foot-and-mouth disease. But the ban was to be lifted at midnight Tuesday at the request of the European Commission, the ministry spokesman said.

France, Russia to Sign Economic Pact

PARIS (Reuters) — France and the Soviet Union will sign a long-term economic cooperation agreement Wednesday, Prime Minister Pierre

The office gave no details of the agreement, which was concluded during a visit to Paris by the deputy Soviet prime minister, Ivan V. Arkhipov. Mr. Arkhipov met Tuesday with Mr. Mauroy and President

Also on Tuesday, banking sources said four French banks had signed an agreement to finance a 1.3-billion-franc (\$151-million) project under which Renault, the automaker owned by the French government, will assist Moscow in the design and production of a new car.

Shultz Condemns Salvador Terrorism

in the price of pork and increased imports of meat.

François Mitterrand for talks on French-Soviet trade.

Mauroy's office announced Tuesday.

He will also visit Brazil and Grenada.

LUXEMBOURG (Reuters) - The European Court of Justice held Tuesday that French and Italian currency-exchange controls for foreign travel are illegal, a court spokesman said.

The court found that there could be no limit to payments across Economic Community frontiers to cover expenses for business and tourist travel, medical care and study trips. The court case was based on complaints by two Italians who had been fined for taking too much money abroad. The spokesman said the decision dealt explicitly with Italian restric-

tions, but also effectively ruled illegal similar rules applying in France. He said West Germany, Belgium and the Netherlands all expressed oppositinn to national measures that increased currency controls beyond those applying when the trading bloc was formed in 1958.

4 Armenians Found Guilty in Paris PARIS (AP) - A court sentenced four Armenians on Tuesday to seven

years each in prison after they were found guilty of charges stemming from the September 1981 takeover of the Turkish Embassy in Paris. The four men admitted to the takeover, in which a security guard was killed and an embassy official was wounded. Their defense was based almost exclusively on what they claimed was political justification for the act in light of the massacre of Armenians in Turkey during World War I. The four defendants, admitted members of the Armenian Secret Army for the Liberation of Armenia, were charged with murder and attempte

Mubarak Begins African Tour in Zaire KINSHASA, Zaire (AP) - President Hosni Mubarak arrived here Tuesday at the start of a four-nation African tour aimed at expanding

Egypt's influence on the continent and gaining a greater role in the nization of African Unity. Mr. Mubarak's tour, which Egyptian oewspapers said would last 8 to

10 days, will also take him in Kenya, Tanzania and Somalia.

The visit is Mr. Mubarak's first to sub-Saharan Africa since becoming president in October 1981 following the assassination of Anway Sadat.
Egypt is strengthening its ties with other Islamic and Arab countries and is emerging from the diplomatic isolation imposed upon it following the 1979 peace treaty with Israel.

For the Record

Israel's city streets were covered with tons of piled-up garbage Tuesday as 70,000 municipal workers stayed off the job for the third straight day. The strikers threatened to cut off water and power supplies. (UPI) British Airways canceled flights to the United States Tuesday, stranding more than 2,000 passengers, because of a walkout by engineering and maintenance workers at Heathrow Airport in a dispute over pay. (UPI)

In Hong Kong's financial district, four armed men seized about 138 million Japanese yen (about \$590,000) from security guards outside a bank Tuesday. Police gave chase and a young woman and two men were wounded in an exchange of gunfire. Police said the money was later found in an abandoned car. (AP)

The remaining Libyan diplomats on Mauritius have been given until Sunday to leave. The Libyan Embassy was ordered closed last month. The Libyans were accused of interfering in local affairs and trying to destabilize the government on this island in the Indian Ocean (Renters) Chilean police arrested Beate Klarsfeld, a French Nazi hunter, in front of the presidential palace in Santiago Tuesday while she was leading a demonstration to demand the expulsion of former SS Colonel Walter

Rauff. (UPI)
The United States conducted an underground nuclear test Tuesday a its test site in the Nevada desert, the Energy Department reported. It said the test involved a device of between 20 and 150 kilotons. (Reuters)

Algeria, Moderating Its Militant Streak, Finds a New Stability

By Jonathan C. Randal

ALGIERS - Algeria is emerging as the most stable state in former French North Africa, in contrast to Morocco and Tunisia, which have been jolted by major violence.

While King Hassan II of Morocco and President Habib Bourguiba of Tunisia were embarrassed last month by demonstrations set off by food price increases, President Chadli Bendjedid placidly installed a new government, after a monthlong congress of the ruling National Liberation Front and his unopposed

In the process be jettisoned many of the anstere economic and radical foreign policies of his predecessor, Houari Boumédienne, who died in 1978.

The "socialist options" enshrined in Mr. Boumedienoe's national charter of 1976 remain on the books. But the president has set his country on a pragmatic course designed to give Algerians a taste of some of the good thiogs in life, to which they felt their considerable oil and gas revenues entitled them.

Algeria is moderating the militant streak that resulted from the nearly eight years of war for independence from France, in which an estimated one million Alge-

In the years immediately after independence in 1962, Algeria became known as a radical nonaligned state. Now, however, its leaders no longer appear to feel it necessary in proclaim it "the beacon of African ria's support is based on respect for colonial borders

socialism." Increasingly, they are absorbed by proband a commitment to national liberation movements.

Algeria has resolved its border disputes with its neighbors, except for Morocco. It has all but dropped out of the radical "Steadfastness Front" founded in 1977 with Libya, Syria, South Yemen, traq and the Palestine Liberation Organization to counter Egypt's overture to Israel.

Significantly, Algeria refrained from criticizing the visit by the PLO chairman, Yasser Arafat, to Cairo in

In November, Colonel Chadli paid a state visit to France - a psychological breakthrough that many Algerians only a few years ago would have thought ossible for another decade.

So intent is Algeria oo pragmatic relations with the West that even the cancellation several years ago of a major contract by a U.S. oatural gas company failed to dim the country's excellent, if low profile, economic

relations with the United States. A series of high-level Reagan administration officials, including Vice President George Bush, have visited, and major agricultural projects are due for discussion during a visit soon by the U.S. agriculture

secretary, John R. Block. The only major exception to the new pragmatism in foreign policy is Algeria's cootinuing, if less visible, backing for the Polisario insurgent movement that has been fighting Morocco since 1976 for control of the Western Sahara, a former Spanish colony. Analysts believe Algiers is reluctant to abandon Polisario for fear of underculting its long-held position that Alge-

On the home front, for the past two years the government has sought to decentralize the once-mammoth bureaucracy and the nationalized corporations, which in some cases had become semi-independent

PORTRAIT VENDOR — Three Shiite Moslem girls at the stand of a street vendor who sells pictures of Shiite religious and political leaders in Beirut's southern suburbs.

"Boumedienoe died just in time," said an Algerian analyst, intimating that, had a shift in priorities not beguo promptly under Colonel Chadli, Algeria could also have been the scene of violence.

The authorities should have realized long ago that the people were fed up with the way things were being run," the analyst said.

Mr. Boumedienne's fascination with heavy industry has been moderated. Greater stress has been placed on producing scarce consumer goods, catching up on badly occided housing construction and revitalizing the long-neglected agricultural sector with major state

Still, Algeria's problems are legion.

Its population has soared from nine million to 22 million since independence and will nearly double again by the end of the century. Construction is lagging, with a backlog of at least a million housing units. Algeria, which was all but self-sufficient agriculturally uoder the French, now imports \$3 billion a year in food.

"Political factories" built to satisfy local interests rather than on sound economic principles remain a major drain on state finances despite recent efforts to boost production and trim work forces.

The private sector is no longer isolated. Last year,

businessmen were authorized to set up a federation along trade union lines. The private sector is supposed to provide the capital for production of cons goods

Investors are authorized to spend as much as \$6 million in a variety of fields, including much needed botels and other tourist facilities.

But it is still unclear whether the bureaucracy will cooperate in dismaotling part of its own power by helping private investors. And although Colonel Chadli appears to be in full

control. Algerian and foreign analysts were puzzled when the party congress replaced relatively few men after months of speculation that across-the-board changes could be expected.

Some analysts believe the president must still take inm account the army, which since independence has constituted the real power base and has operated as a state within the state.

Still, Colonel Chadli's caution has caused admirers to praise him for avoiding the traps that caught many oil- and gas-producing countries after prices doubled His refusal to cootract big foreign loans is consid-

ered now to have kept Algeria from the constraints of what the party newpaper el Moudjahid recently called "a diktat by the International Monetary Fund." The IMF insistence that Morocco and Tunisia end their large subsidies on basic foods is blamed for the recent riots io those countries. Last year Algeria increased bread prices 50 percent, but it also increased the poorest workers' wages.

SAN SALVADOR (UPI) - Secretary of State George P. Shultz on else to a facility of Realist Tuesday condemned terrorism by leftist and rightist forces in El Salvador and offered the war-torn country U.S. support in defending democracy. "The tactics of terror, whether totalitarianism or death squad terror, have no place in a democracy and we oppose terror in all its forms," Mr. Food. Given Shultz said upon his arrival from Washington. The secretary was to spend only a few hours in the Salvadoran capital before leaving for Venezuela. old Openly i On the flight to El Salvador, the secretary of state said that U.S. aid to El Salvador for its war against leftist guernillas is jeopardized by polinical assassinations and human rights abuses. He said the Salvadoran government leaders, however, are making progress in curtailing political vio-lence. "I will want to encourage that and insist on that for their benefit inter Kares Pope Appoints New York Archbishop THEORIES.

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HEAVY LOAD — The U.S. space shuttle Columbia proved to be quite a traffic stopper in Lancaster, California, as it was moved by truck about 10 miles from Edwards Air

Force Base to a facility of Rockwell International Corp. in Palmdale to be modified. U.S. Food, Given for Free Distribution,

By Stephen Kinzer

New York Times Service SAN VICENTE, El Salvador — Among the foods offered for sale this week at the teeming central market in this provincial capitalwere large bags of wheat, corn and rice marked as American aid and stamped "Not to be sold or ex-

At other market stalls, vendors were offering tins of cooking oil

with similar markings. There seems to be a leak through which food sent to be distributed free is finding its way into the market," a priest said Sunday. Food sent by the United States, he said, has been sold at the San Vicente market for several months.

posed by the United States for its free distribution, at a time when the Reagan administration is prepar-ing to request substantial increases in U.S. economic aid to El Salva-

What appeared to be unopened bags of U.S.-grown grains were also seen at several market stands in the town of Cojotepeque, capital of neighboring Usulután province. One vendor there had five 100-pound (45-kilogram) bags of corn available and sold one to a passing customer for 20 colones, about \$6.

"A man comes by in a truck and brings the American products," she said. "Where he gets it, I couldn't

Large amounts of Americao food have been sent to the provinces of San Vicente, where a wideranging pacification plan is under way, and Usulután, where a similar plan is being implemented, according to relief workers.

The aid is intended for Salvadorans forced to abandon their homes because of violence and for others' unable to feed their families.

President Ronald Reagan's Na-tional Bipartisan Commission on Central America recommended in January that the United States "provide an immediate increase in bilateral economic assistance" to Central American countries allied with Washington.

Under the Food for Peace proram, the U.S. Agency for Internaconal Development plans to dis-tribute \$11.5 million worth of free food products in El Salvador in

1984, an aid official said. Much of it is distributed through Salvadoran government agencies. An official of El Salvador's National Committee for Displaced Per- ate. sons, David Peraza, said that it was impossible to monitor the distribu-tion of all the food.

The U.S. Embassy in San Salvador dispatched an officer to San Vicente on Monday who found only a few isolated cases of abuse, a senior aid official said.

"It's very small stuff," said the official, who asked not to be identified. "Anyone who alleges it's a major diversion is way off base."

At the San Vicente market, a man who was selling one-gallon (3.8-titer) cans of soybean oil marked as donated by the United States said he had obtained the goods through "an arrangement."

He said the only way to find out how the food had come into private hands would be to ask at the National Guard post located a few steps from his stall. But a soldier on duty there said that no food was sold at the post, and that oo one was available to discuss the matter.

Many vendors who were selling

goods marked as U.S. aid kept the willing to sell the goods to an sacks and cans covered by burlap or otherwise hidden. Others who stacked the goods in plain sight quickly removed them wheo they

American. "This is a fine product, straight

from the States," said one vendor quickly removed them wheo they as she sold a bag of corn carrying were pressed about the food's onin.

But other vendors were more ple of the United States of America. Not to be sold or exchanged."

Of Mondale Are Expected

Aides Claim Support Of O'Neill, Strauss

By Bernard Weinraub

New York Times Service WASHINGTON - Thomas P. O'Neill Jr., the speaker of the House of Representatives, and Robert S. Strauss, a former Democratic Party chairman, are to en-dorse Waiter F. Mondale for the Democratic presidential nomina-tion in the next few days, aides to Mr. Mondale said.

The expected endorsements by the two key party figures were termed "highly significant" by one aide to Mr. Mondale. The former vice president is considered the leading candidate for the party's nomination.

The Strauss endorsement is important," one Mondale aide said Monday night, "When Bob Strauss talks, people listen. He's a highly respected political leader. He's listened to by party activists and party officials.

Mr. O'Neill, who has spoken to Mr. Mondale several times in recent weeks, is expected to endorse the candidate on Wednesday.

Mr. Stranss and Mr. O'Neill could not be reached Monday night.

Aides said that in recent weeks Mr. Mondale had actively sought the endorsements of Mr. O'Neill, a representative from Massachusetts. and Mr. Strauss in the effort to build support for his candidacy within the Democratic Party estab-

Mr. Strauss, a former Democratic Party treasurer and chairman, was chairman of the Jimmy Carter Mondale re-election effort in 1980. A senior aide to Mr. Mondale, who asked to remain unidentified, said that Mr. Strauss would play "an especially useful role" in raising money for the candidate and participating in strategy sessions aimed at winning the nomination.

Discussing Mr. O'Neill's expected endorsement, the Mondale aide said, "We're obviously delighted to have such a powerful figure en-dorse our candidacy, It is a fitting culmination to our very successful

"He'll be a terrifie surrogate speak-er for the vice president," the aide

congressional delegate efforts." Mr. Mondale has picked up the support of about a half-dozen gov-ernors, nearly 70 congressmen and

U.S. Plans Laws to Fight Terrorism

By Michael Getler Washington Past Service

of proposed U.S. anti-terrorism laws, including monetary rewards for information and a erackdown The food is being sold, apparent on those helping to recruit or train

In his State of the Union address last week, President Ronald Reagan said that international attention was needed to combat "this ugly specter" of global terrorism and that he would soon send legis-lative proposals to Congress and seek the support of U.S. allies for "concerted action. The proposals, in the final clear-

ance stage at the Justice Department, are said to include legislation · Make a conspiracy in the Unit-

abroad a U.S. criminal offense. • Implement international conventions, such as the 1979 United Nations resolution on hostage-taking, and other agreements against aircraft sabotage and hijacking.

 Aothorize government payment of rewards for information on terrorist activities here and abroad. Prohibit the training or sup-port of terrorist organizations from heightened Western counterintelli-

the United States. Officials said this would lead to a crackdown on busicesses that recruit in the Unitor defected. Much of this had to do WASHINGTON - A package ed States for foreign terrorist

Officials said terrorism is also on the agenda of a meeting Wednesday between Mr. Reagan and the sent to Congress soon, administra-tioo officials said Monday.

talk about attacks oo Yugoslav rep-resentatives in the United States in recent years while the Reagan administration wants to discuss the overall need for cooperation in apprehending known terrorists. According to an authoritative

government source, who asked not to be identified, terrorism is a growth industry abroad, with hundreds of groups, either ideologi-cally motivated or mercenary.

Of these, about 50 have been identified as major organizations. These include Shiite Moslem, Iranian and Palestinian groups, he ed States to commit violence said as well as "free-lance" groups such as that led by the Venezuelanborn terrorist known as Carlos. The administration was also concorned about the threat of terror-

ism at the forthcoming summer Olympic Games in Los Angeles, the source said. The source said the Soviet espionage service, the KGB, had been

gence, fo 1983, 147 KGB agents to with a crackdown by the West on technical espionage. As a result more Western gov-

ernments are going after Soviet agents, despite Moscow's attempts parentins imterrorists, is being prepared by the
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president of Yugoslavia and terrorists, is being prepared by the president of Yugoslavia and terrorists. said. There were signs, he added that Soviet counterintelligence operations now appeared to be more dominant than intelligence gather-ing as a result of Western improve-

The source also said that Mos cow was having increasing difficulties with insorgent operations against Soviet forces and their al-

ting "clobbered" in Afghanistan and that rebel forces led by Jonas Savimbi opposing the Marxist gov-ernment of Angola were now operating in more than half of that country. Cambodian resistance forces have made beavy gains during the rainy season against Vietnamese occupiers, he said, and the Sandmist rulers in Nicaragua have their hands full with 12,000 to 15,000 insurgents, supported in part by the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency. He said there were only about 20 CIA agents support-

Endorsements Reagan Extols Bible, Attacks Abortion

By Lou Cannon Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON - President Ronald Reagan began his campaign for a second term by extol-ling the Bible, denouncing the American Civil Liberties Union and issuing an emotional call for legislation to restrict abortion and permit school prayer.

In a political appeal to social conservatives who have com-plained that Mr. Reagan has not even enough attention to issues that matter most to them, the presi-dent drew cheers from 4,000 religious broadcasters with a speech Monday containing 24 references to God and comparing the fight against abortion with Lincoln's efforts to end slavery.

Mr. Reagan stressed the perils of drugs, pornography and commu-nism and asserted that within the Bible "are all the answers to all the problems that face us today . we'd only read and believe."

In his message to what political strategists refer to as "the Christian right," an important potential constituency for Mr. Reagan, the president told the National Religious Broadcasters Convention that he

Vietnamese Base Reported Seized **By Khmer Rouge**

United Press Internal BANGKOK - Khmer Rouge guerrillas claimed they captured and occupied overnight the vital town of Siem Reap, Vietnam's military and logistics supply center in western Cambodia, and killed 50 Vietnamese soldiers.

The guerrilla group, which has an estimated 40,000 troops fighting the Vietnamese occupation of Cambodia, made the claim in a broadcast Monday night on the Khmer Rouge radio. The guerrillas also said they seized a "large quan-tity of weapons, ammunition and war material" during their occupa-tion of the town Friday night.

A Thai military source said it was possible that a surprise guerrilla attack on Siem Reap could allow the guerrillas to temporarily occu-py the town, but oot bold it for

"Siem Reap is Vietnam's major logistic and supply center in the western part of Cambodia, and if the report is true, it would be a severe blow to the Vietnamese," the Thai military source said.

Siem Reap, the major town near the ruins of the Khmer civilization at Angkor Wat, is located about 150 miles (about 240 kilometers) northwest of Phnom Penh.

had been criticized by the Ameri-can Civil Liberties Union for pro-claiming "The Year of the Bible" in 1983. "Well, I wear that indictment like a badge of honor," he said to

loud applause.

Mr. Reagan won a standing ova-tion from the broadcasters with his denunciation of abortion and his call "for the mighty power of your prayers" to pass the "Hyde-Jensen respect-life bill." "This nation cannot continue turning a blind eye and a deaf ear to the taking of some 4,000 unborn children's lives every day," Mr. Reagan said. More than one-tenth of these abortions are performed in California under legislation that Mr. Reagan signed into law as California's governor in

The president received even louder applause and two standing ovations for his call for an amendment to permit school prayer, an appeal he also made in his State of

the Union message last week.

I think Americans are getting angry," Mr. Reagan said. "I think they have a message and Congress better listen. We are a governmen of, by and for the people. And people want a constitutional amendment making it unequivo-cally clear our children can hold voluntary prayer in every school across the land. And if we could get God and discipline back in our schools, maybe we could get drugs and violence out."

Mr. Reagan's speech emphasized the values of family and community, which were staples of his presidential campaign message in 1980. Monday, however, he went further than he usually does in endorsing the value of Bible study, prayer and religious instruction.

■ Reagan Cautions on Deficit President Reagan, who campaigned four years ago on a promise to balance the budget through tax and spending cuts, cautioned an audience Tuesday."to watch out for those offering easy answers" to the federal budget deficit and for those appealing "to greed and envy," The Associated Press reported from Chicago. The president, on his first trip

out of Washington since becoming an official candidate, spoke to a convention of building suppliers before meeting with Illinois labor "As the policical rhetoric heats

up this year, there will be those trying to appeal to greed and envy - make no mistake, that is what they are trying to do - who suggest our tax program favors the rich." Mr. Reagan said. "This is the same anti-busioess, anti-success attitude that brought this country to the brink of ecocomic disaster.

"We, of course, still must come to grips with the deficit. My only caution is to watch out for those offering easy answers," be said.

The <u>Benson & Hedges</u> low tarcigarette

Reagan Says Some Homeless in U.S. Are Sleeping Outdoors 'by Choice'

WASHINGTON — President Ronald Reagan said Tuesday that even in the best of times there are homeless people in the United States who sleep on outdoor heating grates, "you might say, by

"Now this has been aggravated somewhat by some things at local or state levels where there have been changes made in committing people with mental problems to institutions, and they've suddenly been turned out, willing to go," he said. "They want out, But they had no

Edwin Meese 3d, the presidential counselor, who since has been nominated to become attorney general, created a controversy last December when he said he knew of no statistical evidence of hunger in America and suggested some people eat in soup kitchens because

the meal is free. Mr. Reagan, in an interview on a morning network television program, said Tuesday, "Now we have found in this country, and aybe we're more aware of it now, is one problem that we've had even

in the best of times, and that is the people who are sleeping on the grates, the homeless who are bomeless, you might say, by choice."

He said more money was being spent on food assistance and health care "than at any time in the history of the country" and noted that the commission he had appointed had not found widespread hunger

Jackson's Lawyer Discloses 2d Gift From Arab League to PUSH Charities

New York Times Service WASHINGTON - A lawyer for the Rev. Jesse L. Jackson said Monday that the Arab League

made a donation of \$100,000 to PUSH for Excellence fnc., an educational organization that was headed by Mr. Jackson. The lawyer, John H. Bustaman-te, said the gift was made in 1981 or 1982, along with an idenocal gift to the PUSH Foundation that was

disclosed Sunday by The New Democratic presidential nomina-

tion, said Sunday that be had oo

source of that donation. But he was president of PUSH for Excellence when the Arab League made its contribution. lo comments published Sunday, be denied any knowledge of any foreign dona-tions to PUSH, an acronym for People United to Serve Humanity. It is perfectly legal for a charity

accept foreign contributions. Mr. Bustamante, who is also the lawyer for all PUSH organizations, said at a news conference in Wash ington Monday that articles about the donation by the Arab League to Mr. Jackson, a candidate for the the foundation were part of an "ongoing attempt to influence the public to view gifts from Arab sources role in the operation of the founda- as somehow more different and tion, a fund-raising body for PUSH more questionable than gifts from affiliates, and was unaware of the other sources."

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House Votes Aid for Defoliant Victims study is needed of Agent Orange's The Veterans Administration By Karen Tumulty possible effects. Los Angeles Times Service

WASHINGTON - In a symhobe victory for veterans of two wars, the House of Representatives has voted to provide about \$5 million a year in benefits to veterans who suffer ill effects from exposure to the defoliant Agent Orange or radiation from early nuclear explo-

The bill was approved by a voice vote Monday and sent to the Sen-Agent Orange has been the cen-

ter of an emotional dispute between Vietnam veterans, who have argued that they should be compensated for having been exposed to the chemical during the Vietnam War, and government agencies, which have contended that more

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After a Veterans Administration study was widely criticized as insufficient, Congress directed the Centers for Disease Control to study the herbicide's effects. Only 1,461 of the 18,500 people who filed claims over the possible

effects of Agent Orange were de-clared eligible for disability bene-The bill, which would expire one year after the study by the Centers for Disease Control is submitted to Congress, would provide benefits to veterans who served in Vietnam and later suffered soft-tissue can-

has officially recognized only chloracne as a side-effect of exposure to Agent Orange. However, veterans who were exposed to Agent Orange have claimed that the chemical, which contains dioxin, one of the most toxic substances known, could be linked to a number of other diseases.

The legislation also would provide benefits to an older group of veterans who suffered several forms of cancer after participating in the testing of nuclear devices or in the occupation of Hiroshima or Nagasaki. An estimated 230,000 veterans may have been exposed to radiation while watching atomic testing during the 1940s and 1950s or serving with the forces that occucers, a rare liver ailment known as porpbyria cutanea tarda, and chloracne, a serious, distinuing pied the two Japanese cities.

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Reagan in the Lead

President Reagan's announcement Sunday night, echoing his State of the Union address on Wednesday, mentiooed specific issues but stressed his general theme: "America is back and standing tall." Mr. Reagan's campaign strategists are not just being coy when they refuse 10 be pinned down on whether their major issue is economics or foreign policy. They hope to run on peace and prosperity, of course. But "the issue," the president's poll-

ster, Richard Wirthlin, says, "is leadership."
Reagan strategists are uncomfortably aware that their candidate has antagonized large blocs of the electorate, notably blacks and working women, and that his standing in the polls is vulnerable to adverse turns of events more American bloodshed in Lebanon, or a rise in inflation or unemployment. For all the talk of Mr. Reagan's record popularity, his

leads in the polls are oot awesome. So the president is counting on a general impression that he is a strong and steady leader, and he is trying to capitalize on —and strengthen — the growing optimism about the direction of the nation and the rise in positive feelings about government and other institutions. The optimism that marked his State of the Union speech will, he hopes, carry him over any bumps in the campaign road, or even over a washed-out bridge or two.

This presents a difficult challenge to the Democrats. They risk sounding querulous and complaining and almost committed to bad news, when the national temper is getting

sunnier and more optimistic. In the primaries they will be competing mostly for a hard-core anti-Reagan vote. They will be driven to make points that may prove unpersuasive and to speak in tones that may prove too shrill in the fall. And they seem to lack the single, unifying theme to counter the idea that Mr. Reagan's leadership has brought America back.

Instead the Democrats find themselves arguing that the recovery is shaky and attacking budget deficits. Their arguments are sound. and they have come up with some constructive alternatives. But the deficit, as Senator Paul Laxalt argues, is an abstract issue, one voters are likely to ignore unless they are getting hart, which is not happening now. And how much credibility do the Democrats have when it

comes to cutting deficits anyway? The temptation for the Democrats is to return to their tactics of 1982, when they denounced Reaganomics at every turn and capitalized on the fact that the election coincided with the trough of the recession. But that leaves it open for Mr. Reagan to recall the Republicans' 1982 theme - "Stay the course" and argue that he has shown the steadiness and courage, the leadership, to steer America to better times. You can reply that the recovery occurred more despite than because of his policies, bot that kind of analysis does not usually win presidential elections. In the contest to articulate a powerful political theme, Mr. Reagan begins with a substantial lead.

- THE WASHINGTON POST.

A Waste of Space

There is a glaring fault with the manned space station that President Reagan proposes: its striking lack of technological challenge. Unlike President Kennedy's program to put man on the moon, a manned station would scarcely stretch present technology. Far from being among the "giant steps for mankind," as Mr. Reagan suggested, it would be what his own science adviser called the proposal a year ago: a "most unfortunate step backward."

It oot only lacks technical challenge. Almost every proposed use for the manned space statioo could be better accomplished without man. Telescopes can be pointed more accurately without bumans lumbering around. Manufacturing in space hardly requires human presence, when automated factories are aiready a commooplace on Earth. As for using the space station as a base from which to send bumans to other planets, what could a man do on Mars that robots could not do far better?

The manned space station, to cost \$8 billion. is based on the tedious coocept that bumans must have a role to any space extravaganza if the public is to enjoy the sbow. On the contrary, an unmanned program offers far greater opportunities for stirring the public's imagination. "Nowhere do we so effectively demonstrate our technological leadership," Mr. Reagan says of space. Then instead of pouring money into trite technology, why not first invest in developing a new generation of ro-bots and space-going automated equipment? Then build vehicles that could roam over

Mars - wondrously operated by a driver sitting on Earth. Construct spacecraft from which Earth-bound viewers can feel themselves skimming the rings of Saturn, or sail over the clouds of Jupiter and watch its 16 moons rise and set. Wouldn't the public prefer that kind of spectacle to seeing another astronaut swing a golf club or cancel postage

stamps on some distant piece of rock?

Space is indeed a frontier. But there is a greater scientific payoff from putting buman intelligence above human presence on space missions. Unmanned exploration has given way in NASA's budget first to Project Apollo, then to the space shuttle, oow to the space station. Indeed the only clear rationale for a manned space station is to make work for the underused shuttle. America's space program bas been poorly served by its impresarios.

- THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Other Opinion

America Worries the Russians

In the United States, many Americans firmly believe that the Kremlin is plotting a nuclear war against the West. But in the Soviet Union. many Russians are just as firmly convinced that the U.S. plans to launch its ouclear warheads against the U.S.S.R. Average Russians and ranking government officials alike have little doubt that the White House, oot the Kremlin, is the villain in superpower tensions. - U.S. News & World Report (Washington).

A Few Czechoslovaks Saw It

The film "The Day After" is a rousing work. Even though in some passages it pays its due to American fabrications about the Soviet danger, it is very topical ... lo the course of the action, the media bring information about an extraordinary aggravation of the situation in Europe — but the people involved in the action are entirely indifferent to that.

- Nova Svoboda, the party daily in Ostrava, Czechoslovakia, commenting after the film was shown last week on Polish television, which is seen in the Ostrava region.

Hong Kong's Best Guarantee

The incentive of luring Taiwan back to the motherland by way of Hong Kong may be stronger in 1997 than it is today. China's interest in its ecocomic and political relatiooships with the two biggest investors in Hong Kong, the United States and Japan, may be stronger, too. These governments have to make clear to China that there would be a price to pay if its promises to Hong Kong were broken, and benefits to reap if they were kept.

A Beijing regime that is xenophobic or revolutionary-revivalist enough to ignore all these considerations would also be the sort of regime ready to overrun Gurkha border guards or brush aside British governors. Hong Kong has been dependent on the forbearance and vested toterests of communist China for 35 years. Whatever is agreed upoo between Britain and China, this dependence will remain.

Hong Kong's best guarantee of a non-communist future lies in its own continuing economic success. And to China's

— The Economist (London).

UNESCO: America Isolated Gregory Newell, assistant secretary of state for international organizations, has listed "re-assertion of American leadership" as the top-priority cooding for continued U.S. support of UNESCO. That gets at the beart of the matter. The United States has indeed lost its

pre-eminent role in the organization. The White House decision to withdraw from the body is consistent with its actions on such matters as the Law of the Sea treaty - the United States east the lone dissenting vote — and the invasioo of Grenada, which was roundly condemned. A withdrawal from UNESCO would provide further proof that on the great issues of the day, the United States under Ronald Reagan is becoming increasingly isolated from the rest of the world.

- The Nation (New York).

About the Line-Item Veto

The line-item veto proposed by President Reagan is oot a new idea. Other presidents as far back as Ulysses S. Grant have thought it would be handy for controlling spending. [It] would allow a president to strike individual items from a congressional spending bill, and then sign the rest of the bill into law. That would mean a profound shift in the balance of power in Washington - and that is why we do not look for it any time soon. This year it will be more of a campaign tool than a budget tool.

. — The Baltimore Sun.

FROM OUR FEB. 1 PAGES, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1909: Paris Lady Driver Arraigned

PARIS - Mile. Marie Louise Lejau, a recent recruit in the ranks of the Paris cabdrivers, had little luck the first time she made her appearance in the streets of Paris. Her borse bolted with her at the corner of the rue Saint-Dominique and the boulevard de la Tour Maubourg and knocked down and killed M. Sanov. a wine merchant. Mile. Lejan has appeared before the Correctional Court to answer a charge of reckless driving. She explained that she was unable to hold her horse, which drew from the Public Prosecutor the remark that though "the horse is the finest conquest of man," the same does not seem to hold good of women. The Court adjourned its decision.

1934: No Fund for U.S. Diplomats

WASHINGTON - Diplomatie officers serving in countries where the gold standard is maintained suffered a setback when the House appropriation committee, despite a stirring plea from Wilbur J. Carr, assistant secretary of state, voted down a fund of \$7,125,000 designed to alleviate hardships resulting from the revalution of the dollar, which represents a 40 percent cut in pay for those serving in France, Italy, Germany, Switzerland and Folland. Secretary Carr told the committee there had been "more suffering to the foreign service in the past six months than at any other time in my knowledge," with "at least one suicide" and "in several cases nervous breakdown."

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An 'Economic Bill of Rights'

WASHINGTON — President Reagan wants to make his policy revolution permanent, and a longtime adviser, Martin Anderson, thinks he knows how Mr. Reagan can do it. Mr. Anderson — a Hoover Institution scholar who served as a top Reagan domestic policy aide in the last two campaigns and in the early part of the administration — is advocating a second-term project to write into the Constitution what he calls an

"Economic Bill of Rights."
It is an ambitious scheme, and one that will fuel debate in the coming campaign. But that is oot the only provocative ootion Mr. Anderson advances in a newly published Hoover Institution essay.

From the Stanford campus, Mr. Anderson is openly scornful of the president's "summit conference" solution to the budget deficit prob-lem. "The spectacle of a domestic 'summit conference' of our highest political leaders to resolve our ecooomic stalemate would be the ultimate confession of the failure of our established political institu-tions," he writes. "It would be unlikely to have any more lasting effects on fundamental economic policy than international summits have had on foreign policy."

Mr. Anderson wrote before Mr.

Reagan's surprise appeal to con-gressional leaders of both parties to join his representatives in an effort to curb the giant deficits forecast in his new budget. But Mr. Anderson is right to point out, "The problem is not one of communication. It is a problem of disagreement."

He is also right, I think, when he cuts through a lot of obfuscatioo by his former administration colleagues and attacks the "sleek the-ory" that sometimes deficits don't

UH...JUST PUT THAT

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ON MY

By David S. Broder

matter. "If you run large enough deficits for a long enough time," he says, "you will generate lierce inflationary pressures," and "no country has ever run large, sustained deficits without inflicting economic damage on itself."
Mr. Anderson denies that "the budget is out of control." His argu-

ment - and a nice one it is - is that the real problem is that the budget is under the control of politicians who won't face the political

cost of controlling deficits.

As he puts it, "Those with the power to make those decisions to Washington have collectively decided — Republicans and Demonstrate that the political crats together — that the political consequences of adopting policies that would bring spending in line with revenue and balance the budget are more painful than those pol-

icies they are now following." Rather that eurb domestic spending further, slow down the Pentagoo buildup or restore tax cuts, these politicians incur deficits because they figure that "a vote for fiscal responsibility is a vote for political suicide."

Most of the current debate cen-

ters on the relative culpability of this president and his predecessors, or the two parties in Congress, in running up the deficits. But Mr. Anderson leapfrogs that debate to argue that all politicians most be forced to do their duty by taking the choice out of their hand. The "Economie Bill of Rights," a notion that he advanced in a 1979 campaign memo and that economists Milton and Rose Friedman publicized in 1980, is the answer be sees.

"First, we are going to have to

require them to balance the budget, period," he writes. "Then we are going to have to make sure they do it the right way, by limiting spend-ing, oot raising taxes. To help Con-gress achieve this, we will have to improve the budgetary balance of power by giving the president a line-item veto. To make the whole thing as fail-safe as possible, it will also be necessary to eliminate two courses of action open to govern-

ments bent on running deficits ...
"We should return to the discipline of a gold standard and eliminate the president's ability to cut the link between the dollar and gold with the stroke of a pen.

"And we should prohibit wage and price controls to eliminate the possibility that politicians can use them to temporarily mask the damaging impact of inflation."

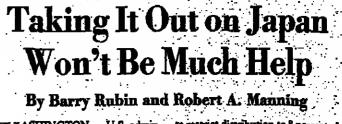
That is the five-part "Economic Bill of Rights": constitutional amendments to require a balanced budget, limit federal spending, give the president line-item veto authority, return to the gold standard and

ban wage-price controls.

Something like this could easily become part of the Reagan secondterm platform. He has endorsed the first three provisions already, and at times in the past has spoken approvingly of the last two.

There is obviously much to ques-tion in this prescription, including the propriety of writing economic theory into the Constitution. But it is not a puny or inconsequential ootion. Knowing Mr. Reagan's fondness for Martin Anderson and the president's desire to institutionalize "the Reagan revolution" be-yond his own time, I would think the Democrats had better start preparing their rebuttal.

The Washington Post.



WASHINGTON — U.S. administration and congressional leaders who view Japan as the chief culprit behind current U.S. economic problems are out for revenge. But if tensions heat up, American consumers and security interests are more likely than Japan to be the victims.

For example, to help the domestic American auto industry, the U.S. government pressured Japan into re-stricting the number of cars it exports to America. But demand for the cars is so high that Japanese companies are able to raise their prices and make more profits. Some of this money is spent oo research and development, perpetuating an American disadvantage in new technology.

Aside from the questionable result of anti-Japan actions, the charges made against that country are often inaccurate. Certainly Japan's markets are less open than America's, and the \$22-billioo U.S. trade deficit with Japan is hardly cause for cele-bration. But consider the following:

 Japan already imports 60 per-cent of all U.S. beef exports and 40 percent of all U.S. citrus exports. In the last two years Japan has substantially reduced tariffs on dozens of products. More important, has eased invisible barriers like testing, inspection and other regulations used

in the past to bar foreign goods.

• Japan is becoming less of a worry to some U.S. industries; companies now worry about Brazilian steel or cars assembled in Mexico. The Japanese find themselves forced to move into oew areas to stay ahead of other producers paying even lower wages. (South Korean cars are now

posing a problem for Japan.)

• U.S. exports of services (insurance, investment, transport, etc.) help offset the trade imbalance. If these sums are added, the \$27-billion glob-al trade deficit for 1981 turns into a \$14-billion surplus.

· Although the underpricing of Japan's yen makes Japanese exports less expensive, the overpricing of the dollar is equally at fault in discourag-

ing U.S. exports to Japan.

• Even if Japan did everything America asked in opening its markets, that would reduce the U.S. deficit by no more than \$5 billion. A. particularly scandalous situation is the low level of U.S. timber and oil exports to Japan, not because of Japanese laws but because of American regulations. These products could earn a great deal of money, but U.S. shipping toterests have promoted ri-diculous regulations banning the sale of Alaskan oil to Japan.

In some areas Japanese policy is simply indefensible. Their tobacco and salt monopoly, for example, has used 35-percent tariffs and curbs on advertising and distribution to keep American cigarcites one-third more. Review. They contributed this com-expensive than Japanese brands, and ment in the Los Angeles Times.

to restrict distribution to 8 percent of Japan's 250,000 dealers. American tobacco companies estimate that they have lost close to \$2 billion annually in sales. Under pressure from Washington, Japan lowered the tariff to 20 percent and agreed to increase the number of outlets.

America's declining "smokestack" industries are one problem, but the military burden is a major part of the difficulty. A telling statistic is than although the United States spends far more on research and development than the Japanese, 50 percent goes to

> The prime minister's capacity to push through reforms has been weakened.

defense; Tokyo, under the U.S. mi-clear umbrella, has been speading only 5 percent in this way. Obviously the Japanese are the ones who will develop video cassette recorders and solar energy cells, while America comes up with cruise missiles.

In the face of a Soviet military buildup in the Pacific, the defense aspects of the U.S.-Japanese partner-ship have become more important than ever. Japan is continuing to inthan ever. Japan is continuing to increase its defense spending — to 6.5 percent this year — while the rest of its budget faces brutal cuts. Educated toward pacifism by the U.S. postwar occupation, Japan has agreed to sell military technology to the Pentagon—Japan's enhanced global role has brought in other benefits through its

foreign aid program to South Korea Egypt, Pakistan, Turkey and even

Latin America, pre-empting poten-tial demands on U.S. aid.

The Japanese politician most iden-tified with concessions to America has run into political trouble. Prime: Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone's losses. in last month's parliamentary elec-tions forced him to form a coalition government and substantially weaken his ability to push through promised reforms and promote a larger strategic role for his country.

For the Pacific-oriented Reagan administration, Mr. Nakasone has been a godsend. Relative harmony... has grown out of the personal rela-tionship between "Ron" and "Yasu," as they refer to each other. Coping with trade and other problems can be better accomplished by building on those good beginnings.

Mr. Rubin is a senior fellow at Georgetown University's Center for. Strategic and International Studies.
Mr. Manning writes on international affairs for the Far Eastern Economic

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Beyond Geopolitics: Can America Fathom the Third World?

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MOHENJO DARO, Pakistan — The United States ended World War II as the champion of decolonization and world organization. It pressed the European colonial powers to set their possessions free. It supported a certain kind of political and social development which expected political evolution in the Afro-Asian countries toward the model of the United States itself. After all, was not the United States

a former colony, a successful revolution? This was illusion. The discrepancy between what America was and is, and what Asians and the other people of the ex-colonial world have experienced, is so vast as to make even ordinary communication extremely difficult. Far from serving as model for Third World development, America now finds itself blamed for virtually everything that has damaged the well-being and interests of the people of Asia, Africa and Latin America. It is held responsible for the disappointments of modernization itself.

That may be preposterous, grotesque, unfair: it is a fact of contemporary politics. The reaction of the Reagan administration has been to strike back against its critics, refusing to accept those criticisms, talking back in the United Nations and UNESCO. And now it is simply clearing out of UNESCO, giving ootice that the United States will be gone at the end of 1984.

By William Pfaff There is a good deal to be said for this. It has cleared the air of much hypocrisy and cant. Nonetheless, there is reason to believe that American withdrawal from UNESCO will in

the end do serious damage to both sides.

UNESCO has come, more than any other of the UN agencies, to serve oot only the needs but the anxieties of the Third World countries. Precisely this lies behind the organization's so-called politicization — a kind of radical appro-priation of UNESCO, a reverse colonization of an institution conceived by the West and meant to serve Western ideas, and American ideas above all. The United States was the principal advocate of a one-nation, oce-vote international organization from the time of Woodrow Wilson and the League of Nations,

What has happened to UNESCO is an effort by Asian, Latin American and African couotries oot only to make the organization serve their interests but to uphold their grievances

and assuage their self-doubts. Asia is antiquity. The archaeological site at Mohenjo Daro, which reveals a sophisticated city 5,000 to 8,000 years old, and an Iodus Valley civilization of which we today know virtually oothing, is a supreme example of this.

Asia possessed civilization, language, religion,

art, technology and mathematics when Europeans still bunted with axes. ft is only since the 15th century that the West has obtained and enlarged its edge of power and technique. The anguished question of why this should bave been, and why it cootinues, is what lies behind the controversies at UNESCO.

The U.S. government is oot one which responds with much sensitivity to philosophical and historical considerations. Nor is it bureau-cratically capable of thinking very far ahead. Its current relationship to Pakistan is, for example, based opon limited strategic considerations.

Pakistan borders on Afghanistan, and Afghanistan has been invaded by the Soviet Union. Pakistan harbors some 3 million Afghan refugees and is the means by which some support gets to the Afghan resistance. It takes a courageous line in defiance of the Soviet invasion of that country, most recently at the Islamic summit in Morocco this month, Pakistan also borders on the Arabian Sea and the Gulf of Oman, where the United States has seen a Soviet threat to Western access to Gulf oil ever since the dual crises in Afghanistan and Iran. Baluchistan, in the west of Pakistan, experi-

American crisis scenario foresees Soviet spo sorship of Baluchistan's detachment from Pakistan and consequent Soviet land access to the Arabian Sea. That scenario may be over-wrought, but it is taken seriously in Washing-ton, and perhaps in Islamabad as well. But a strategic relationship with Palcistan is probably unsustainable in the long ran if the United States is otherwise estranged from the Third World and increasingly hostile to the mainstream of Afro-Asian feeling. Certainly the United States cannot be both a friend of Palcistan and the energy of an Island convival

which is an important factor in Pakistan today, as well as in Iran, and which is likely to be a force of lasting consequence in the region. Is it possible for the U.S. government to enter far enough into the intellectual and emotional world of the developing countries to deal seriously with them, grasping the force of what lies behind the crisis at UNESCO? If it cannot, and can only insist to Asians and Africans that they should fear Russia and be grateful for the multinational corporation, then withdrawal is perhaps Washington's better course. That, in

any case, is the scale of what is at issue. International Herald Tribune. All rights reserved.

Letter: The Palestinians in Lebanon

From Charles A. Kupchan, University College, Oxford

WHILE fighting between Christian and Moslem militias has ravaged Lebanon, those who have suffered most to the past decades - the Palestinian refugees continue to face destruction, persecution and despair. The large and disaffected Palestinian population in Lebanon, almost entirely Moslem, has been a major source of the instability and factional strife that have submerged the country in turmoil. As the warring factions begin to negotiate peace, any last-ing reconciliation plan must include a permanent solution for all

the refugees in Lebanon. Since Palestinians began migrating to Lebanon after the first Arab-Israeli war in 1948, the handling of these refugees bas been a political and humanitarian debacle. Both the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) and successive Lebanese governments have discouraged their integration. From the start they have lived in semi-permanent, slum-like camps, with little hope of improvement.

More than 10 percent of the 400,000 Palestinian refugees in Lebanon were left homeless by the Israeli invasion to June 1982 and by the more recent fighting. To re-build the camps would be to perpetuate the mistakes of the past. A durable solution must offer the prospect of permanent settlement.

The first step is to face the fact that

the refugees are unlikely to return to Israel or the West Bank. Most

Palestinians in Lebanon emigrated

from northern Israel after the 1948 war. Return to their original homes is not a realistic optiou.

Resettlement in an eventual autonomous state on the West Bank or in the Gaza Strip is also unlikely. The limited resources in those areas could hardly support several bundred thousand oew residents; nor would Israel, for security reasons, agree to such an influx. The obvious alternative is perma-

nent resettlement of as many refugees as possible in Lebanon.
This option has been proposed and rejected many times in the past. Yet such rejections came from a Palestinian population radicalized by the PLO and a Lebanese government fearful of the political and

military power of the PLO.

The departure of the PLO from much of Lebanon could drastically change the role of the refugees from an economic and political burden to a valuable asset. In the 1950s and 1960s the Palestinians helped to revitalize the lagging agricultural economy of southern Lebanon. With the arrival in Lebanon of the PLO leadership that had been expelled from Jordan in 1970, labor power and investment were channeled away from agriculture to sup-

The buge sums devoted to temporary relief — UNRWA alone spends more than \$20 million annually - could be used to build permapent homes for the Palestinians and to develop the local ecocomy.

For the refugees, settlement has

port PLO military activities.

obvious advantages. Many families have been in Lebanon for more than 35 years and through several generations; they have psychologi-cal and economic ties to the land. Moving to other countries would

Permanent communities would promote stability by eliminating the conditions that initially allowed terrorist activities to gain momentum in southern Lebanon. The pervasive influence of the PLO and the understandable reluc-

tance of the Christian-led Lebanese government to naturalize several hundred thousand Moslems have been the chief obstacles to permanent resettlement. The PLO, whose main buman resource is the refugees, did its best to perpetuate a displaced Palestinian condition. But the PLO is no longer a significant force to southern Lebanon.

Past Lebanese governments have opposed permanent resettlement to preserve a delicate political arrangement between Christians and Moslems. But violence and factional strife are the greatest threats to any Lebanese government. To leave. the refugees in limbo is to sabotage any lasting reconciliation between Christians and Moslems.

Whatever the political arrangement that emerges from negotiations, permanent resettlement of the Palestinian refugees would provide them with a new start, eliminate a primary source of instability and constitute a major step toward restoring order to Lebanon.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Iraq Now a 'Moderate'

It was surprising to learn from Ju-dith Miller's report ("Egypt ta Hold Talks Soon With Jordan and PLO") in your Jan. 21 issue that Iraq is now listed among "moderate Arab states and groups." Up to now Iraq had been considered to be one of the most radical of the Arab states. What brought about the change of status? Is it possible that Iraq's invasion of Iran in 1980 and its continued bombardment of civilian targets have

been completely overlooked?

Another report sees a danger alleg-edly posed by Iranians in America. But they are there because of estrangement from the Tehran regime.

M.M. DOURAGHY. Basel, Switzerland.

Learning From Israel As a linguist primarily concerned with the theory and practice of saving the vanishing languages of national minorities, I was pleased to see the letter from Professor R. Zwi Wer-blowsky, of the Hebrew University in Jerusalem, dealing with the attempts to preserve the living Aramsic lan-

guage (Letters, Jan. 16). It seems fitting that attempts of this land should come from the country which achieved the oearly impossible task of preserving its language for two stateless millennia, moderniz-ing it and making it the state language again. No matter what one's political views are, in the matter of saving languages all the world's minorities have a lot to learn from Israel. Let's hope the Aramaic school will be the first step in saving this ancient language from dying out.

PIOTR KLAFKOWSKL Solberg, Norway.

Bruphags All Abulging I write as a subscriber of many years to the Herald Tribune, which I believe to be the best newspaper on either side of the Atlantic. It is my source of knowledge of what is hap-pening in .my own country and abroad. My attention has now been drawn to a report in the Jan. 14 issue entitled "Cholesterol Study in U.S. Hailed as "Landmark."

There is no need for doctors to devote such long study to the obvi-ous. In my yearly visits I watch the American male grow fatter and fatter, developing what we call in the Hebrides a bruphag—a pot belly made more prominent by depending on a belt to hold up the irousers.

Of course such a vast amount of lard is a trial to the heart and circulation.

tion. The cause is cating.

American restaurants give one a plate of food that is enough for three normal creatures. When I once asked a waitress why these enormous helpings, she replied that her customers expected it. The waste that is left on the plates is revolting. This does not happen in France or Britain, where the servings are reasonable.

But I must say again how much this house enjoys your paper, every page, and are grateful for it. MARGARET'S CAMPBELL

Isle of Canna, Sootland.

Letters intended for publication should be addressed "Letters to the Editor" and must contain the writer's signature, name and full address. Letters should be brief and are subject to editing. We cantill be responsible for the return of unsolicited manuscripts:

Pakistan and the enemy of an Islamic revival



ARTS/LEISURE

American Folk Hero for Soviet Bloc

By James M. Markham

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New York Times Service . BERLIN - On one wall of the room in East Berlin an American flag hangs upside down. On a shelf stands a gold record from the Bulgarian record company Balkanton for more than a million records sold in Bulgaria. On another wall is a signed photograph of Yasser Arafat Another photo shows the room's owner strumming a guitar with the fedayeen in southern Lebanon, a Soviet rifle cradled between his knees.

Dean Reed, a shaggy-haired son of Colorado, was explaining how he got the call to the other side. It was in 1965 at a World Peace Council gathering in Helsinki, he said, and the Chinese-Soviet split had produced a terrible confrontation among the delegates. Asked to sing and calm the comrades' spirits, he marched into the audience and

made Chinese and Soviet delegates clasp hands and join him in "We Shall Overcome." "I was supposed to sing for 10 minutes but I sang for an hour," recalled the 45-year-old

American, with a teen-ager's grin. A Soviet official approached him and said: "We need you in Moscow." Dean Reed has never turned back.

Not exactly a household word in Denver or Kansas City, Dean Reed is a folk hero in Moscow, Prague, East Berlin and Sofia. In a pleasant, thin voice, he belts out peace-loving, anti-American country ballads throughout the Warsaw Pact nations - though not in Poland - and writes, directs and stars in movies. He is an East Bloc superstar, the Johnny Cash of Communism.

Inclining to an unimaginative countryand-western repertory stuck somewhere in the late 1950s, Reed sells disks by the milhons on the Melodiya label in the Soviet Union, Adria in Czechoslovakia, and Balkanton. In his younger years, he stirred crowds to frenzy at Moscow State University, but now Muscovites trest him with the

kind of respect due to, say, Conway Twitty. "Some music theorists," concedes the jacket blurb on his latest Czechoslovak alburn, "would perhaps polemicize with us on I think that people in socialism don't have the purity of the style whose cradle is Dean Reed's own homeland, but it should be noted that Dean sings about the Wild West in a way that is consistent with his ideas and his makeup as an artist."

cheer or vitality."

Reed has not lost his homeland; he gave it up to live in considerable luxury in a big suburban house by a lake on the Communist side of the Berlin Wall. He keeps his U.S. passport and every year files a declaration of no income to the Internal Revenue Service.

His road East led from two years at the University of Colorado to Hollywood, where be briefly recorded for Capitol, and then to South America, where one of his songs, "Our Summer Romance," hit the top of the charts in 1961. He still has yellowing clips showing him No. 1 in Buenos Aires - ahead of Elvis Presley, Paul Anka and Neil Sedaka.

A pacifist by the time he got to South America, Reed said he discovered there the iniquities of mass poverty and Yankee imperialism. In 1965, he said, he was arrested in Argentina because of his Marxist leanings.

Family dramas, too, seem to have steered Reed to the certainties of Marxism. He said his father ("a dictator") was a rootless school teacher and a John Bircher who killed himself a year ago because he could not afford to buy a new artificial leg.

"We have other reasons to commit suicide in socialism, but not this," said the American, swiveling in a chair overlooking the wind-ruffled Zeuthener See. His motorboat was up on blocks for the winter. Did he ever think of sending his father money? "My

father was very proud," he said. Since 1973, the singer has lived in East Germany, where he is given carte blanche to make movies and songs. His first marriage, to an East German woman, broke up, and he pays \$300 a month to a teen-age daughter who chose to live in capitalist California. He is now married to Renate Blum, an East German actress, who played Jenny Marx in a Soviet film about Karl Marx.

"I think the main priority in life is not to have angst about the future," said Reed, who fumbles at times for words in English. "And angst. f believe that socialism is a humaner system than capitalism."

He explains away the wall that separates East and West Germany with the regime's line that it was meant to keep Western agents The jacket cameo says Reed "can confirm and sahoteurs out, not a fleeing population

tic one, and that no vicissitudes of fate or loss defend itself with this wall," he said, using of homeland have robbed him of his good the English initials of his adopted homeland. the German Democratic Republic.

Why are people shot fleeing over the wall?
That's a problem obviously I cannot defend," he said. "But the police of Dallas have shot more of its own people than the police

There are no gulags in Soviet Union, he rhere are no guiags in sowiet Union, no said; that was a Stalinist aberration. The Polish state had a right to defend itself from Western agents hiding behind Solidarity. Moscow "sent help" to Afghanistan to prevent the United States from establishing a hostile regime in Kabul. There is no democratical states from the United States from the states and the same states. racy in the United States, just a political choice between "Coca-Cola and Pepsi-

Asked about arrests of pacifists in East Germany, Reed talked of "priorities," keeping the angre level down, satisfying the needs of the belly. Unlike in New York, he said, here is no crime around the Zeuthener See.

"Here, I don't have to go into the street to protest," be said proudly. "Here, I can walk into the Central Committee and talk about the problems, which I do sometimes." But be eded that East Germans who are not celebrities do oot have this privilege.

The Soviet Union gave Reed the Komsomol Lenin Prize. His wife has one, too. He has received about every peace medal the East has to offer.

"Of course I get homesick, especially at Christmas," be said; his bome burns to the sounds of U.S. radio from West Berlin. What does he miss? "Hamburgers and malts. No. that's a joke. What f miss most is speaking my own language."

He said his friend Phil Everly, of the Everly Brothers, visited him, and the two laughed all night. Mrs. Reed, who thought her bushand had no sense of humor, was surprised. Reed explained that it is hard for

him to make jokes in German. Irony, like humor, can slip away from an American expatriate. Reed showed a visitor a cutting from Variety describing his East German film, "Sing, Kowboy, Sing." "Should be caught by film fest buffs," said Variety. "It's a howl."

"I think that's positive," said Reed, flashing a tentative smile.



Dean Reed in his East Berlin home.

5-Year Cultural Plan Announced by Greece

United Press Invernational

ATHENS — The government has announced that it will spend 53 million in the next five years to build museums, finance excavations and restore ancient monuments throughout Greece.

The project, initiated by President Con-stantine Karamanlis, will be supervised by the Ministry of Culture and the Greek Archaeological Society, officials said Monday. Sites for new museums will include Mycenae, the 13th century B.C. capital associated with Agamemnon, and the Athens home of Heinrich Schliemann, the archaeologist who discovered Mycenae and Troy.

Excavations will begin at the Idaion cave in Crete, where bronze shields from the 9th century B.C. were found, and at other ancient caves in the areas of Athens and

'Master Class': Music in a Dictatorship

By Sheridan Morley

LONDON — Power plays have always made good box office, and David Pownall's "Master Class" (at the Old Vic in a Leicester Haymarket production by Justin Greene) is no exception. We are in Moscow in 1948: a musicians' union conference has been summoned, not (as Western observers might expect) to discuss copyright

repeat fees on Soviet radio but to

consider the future of piano-bashing in an ideal Stalinist state. Tone-deal Joe from Georgia therefore summons to the Kremlin two of the conference delegates. Prokofiev and Shostakovich, firstly to frighten the daylights out of them and secondly to enlist their aid in the composition of a folksong cycle suitable for the new

Though there was indeed a musicians' union conference in Moscow in 1948. Prokofiev was 100 ill to attend it and there is no evidence that Stalin invited any of the delegates to his place for after-hours lessons in musical appreciation.

But here, as in Robert David MacDonald's recent "Summit Conference" (about the meeting of the mistresses of Hitler and Mussolini), a dramatist has seen in an imaginary backstage confrontation way of highlighting political

Thus we get to meet the cringing Shostakovich (David Bamber), the patrician, ailing Prokofiev (Peter Kelly), Stalin (Timothy West in an-other of his Madame Tussaud's gallery of from-the-life impressions) and a Soviet marshal (Jonathan Adams) in a four-handed conversation piece that rambles over a wide variety of arguments about the role of music in a police state.

Essentially all we have are two doomed composers being shouted at by two old soldiers; but Pow- totalitarian state. nall's achievement lies in the sub-

the past; I make the present; I will ervise the future." Music is just one item on an endless agenda of things to be dealt with on the long route to totalitarianism: it needs to be purified and given back to the people, preferably in the form of

THE LONDON STAGE

folk music - and who better to guide it than a man who, as Stalin memorahly says of himself, is more tolk than any of you. I am the ultimate folk."

To establish his musical superiority, just as he has already estab-lished his political superiority, he has first to destroy the past, and that is easily done, in a stunning first-act closing routine in which he ritually smashes a Prokofiev record collection across the back of a hair. (Had the invention of the long-playing record in the United States come only a year or two earlier, Pownall might not have have had a play.)

While Stalin is smashing the mnsical past, watched by the increasingly terrified Shostakovich, Prokofiev alone has the arrogance and courage to start outlining the limits of the musical support that Stalin can reasonably expect from his

Already so ill, suggests Pownall, that he can afford not to fear death uite as much as Shostakovich, it is Prokofiev who with an infinitely weary kind of elegance measures up for the final battle as if aware already that both Peter and Wolf might outlive even communism.

But what in the end is wrong with Pownall's play is its inability to decide whether it is a comedy about a mad dictator trying to compose a folk opera with two professionals of widely differing musical training or whether it is a drama about the role of the artist in a

As a result there is a good deal of tlety of their differentiation. Stalin both, and yet not enough of either

is in no doubt about his role: "I am to make for a totally enthralling evening its fundamental serious ness, however, and the quality of its quartet-playing does happily suggest that the new Vic is in the legiti-mate drama husiness as well as that of touring musicals.

> Recently at the Oxford Play house, and soon to be at the London Tricycle (from Feh. 21), Mustapha Matura's "Playboy of the West Indies is a joyous reworking of Synge's Irish classic about the likely lad who erupts into an isolated barroom after the apparent murder of his father. All fears that there might be something very gimmicky in moving the "Playboy" remoteness of Ireland in 1912 to that of Trinidad in 1950 are dispelled by the warmth and care and love that Matura has brought to his

> Though the essentially rainsoaked Irish tale has now been dried and bleached by a West Indian sun, and though the original poetry has of course been lost, we have in its place something so wholly faithful to the spirit rather than the letter of the original that it has given new life to a play that was in danger of being relegated to the

Pegeen Mike is now Peggy (Joan Ann Maynard) and though now we feel that she will perhaps survive the loss of the only playboy of the Western world, her performance is perfectly in tune with that of Ken (originally Christy), played by Jim Findley, whose arrival in her father's rum shop is the cause of all her troubles. Mona Hammond is Mama Benin, a wonderfully mad

This was always a play about an incestuous and cut-off community brought to life by a liar and a braggart, and Matura's reworking has changed none of that: it simply establishes that Synge was indeed writing not just to Ireland but of

Support for Arts Declining in Europe

New York Times Service

tural subsidies. In Britain, an end-of-the-year grant by the government wiped out the large deficits of the Royal Opera House and the Royal Shakespeare Company. But less well-established, companies, and artists that make up the grass roots of the nation's cultural life face a bleak and darken theaters.

"There's no magic figure to the number of fund cutoffs," said Luke \$f40 million of government money to 1,200 artists, performing companies, theaters and community groups. "But make no mistake. We cannot afford to keep the number of clients we presently bave. There's going to be lots of blood,

Shrinking budgets are forcing

rate sponsorship of the arts, once current levels. scorned in Europe. Revising the tax law to provide greater incentives to business patrons has no strong political support, however.

Elsewhere in Western Enrope the picture is less ominous, but austerity measures in some countries are beginning to dry up public money for unrecognized artists and Many governments making deci-

sions on cultural budgets in northern Europe are center-right, conservative politicians taking over prospect that could impair careers from Socialist governments. They tend to favor established art institutions over experimental or fringe groups and subsidize companies essential to tourism or artists who cial achievement.

"Money for subsidizing un-Rittner, secretary general of the known artists and less-popular British Arts Council, an indepenguest performances or innovative British Arts Council, an indepen-dent body that distributes nearly work is just not available," said Jürgen Grabbe, cultural adviser of the West German Association of

> In Amsterdam, artists conducted a sit-in in December at the Rijksmuseum to protest the elimination this year of three-fourths of the annual \$43-million state allowance to 3,500 professional artists.

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In Italy, national subsidies bave fallen alarmingly in recent years. according to the Ministry of Cul-ture. La Scala, the state-supported opera house in Milan, had to eliminate a buge budget deficit by 1985 by cutting production numbers this season and increasing ticket prices.

Governments are also imposing economies on the upkeep of monuments, museums and bistoric places, restricting purchases of art works and canceling public exhibitions and festivals.

equivalent of about \$800,000.

ticket prices for the best seats."

France, another country where culture is a major industry, has the arts under President François Mitterand, a Socialist, despite the retreat on spending that his government began last year. The 1984 cultural budget amounting to almost \$1 billion is 15 percent higher than last year's, a reflection of the French leader's view that the arts, especially film, is an area where

erument of Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher plans to abolish the Greater London Council and six other regional bodies that adminster metropolitan districts in England. These councils give large subsidies to local and regional artists and organizations, and the London council's arts and recretotal of the national subsidy dis-

the London council depend on it completely. Moreover, it is one of the most aggressive providers for minority and experimental arts groups and contributes to major institutions such as the National Theater, London museums and historic houses.

The government says that after the councils are abolished by 1986, it expects their commitments to the arts to be picked up by borough governments. But many critics doubt that the 32 boroughs in Greater London will want to raise local taxes to benefit the arts.

To Summer Olympics United Press International

LOS ANGELES - Italy's prim minister, Bettino Craxi, has decided not to let two bronze figures of ancient Greek athletes be displayed

Experts said the nude male figures, known as the Riace bronzes after the Mediterranean town where they were found 12 years

U.S. model of private and corpo- Orchestra has been maintained at

By Jon Nordheimer

Support for the arts in Britain and other West European countries is entering a period of trial and challenge as financially hard-pressed governments cut cul-

Especially vulnerable, experts say, are nontraditional and experimental art forms and minority and omen's deriormine groups

guts and gore before this transition

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"Theater, music and the entire spectrum of the arts is what gives a city its quality, makes it a place worth bving in," said Ludwig Kotter, cultural administrator for Angsburg, West Germany, who this year had to strike three concert series from the city's music calendar when his budget was cut by the

Denmark, citing the importance of cultural mainstays such as the Royal Danish Ballet to tourism. has not cut the Ministry of Arts budget. But, as in other countries, ticket prices are being raised.

"At the moment, the state subsidizes 40 percent of the price of a ticket to the Royal Theater," said the Danish minister of culture Mimi Stilling Jakobsen. "People who can afford the best seats in the house should not be subsidized, and I will be recommending next month a 30-percent increase in

jobs can be created. In Britain, the Conservative gov-

tributed through the Arts Council. Many recipients of money from

Bronze Nudes Won't Go

at the Summer Olympics, the Los Angeles Times said Tuesday.

ago, were too fragile.

It's not impolite to ask the age of a Lufthansa plane.





INSIGHTS

U.S. Seeks to Reduce Loss Of Revenues in Fiscal Fuzz Of Caribbean Tax Havens

By Edward Cody Washington Post Service

URAÇAO, Netherlands Antilles — An unusual combination of law and circumstance has turned this tiny Caribbean island inin one of the world's largest tax havens, where drug traffickers, tax schemers and reputable U.S. corporations all take refuge from

U.S. laws.
The sheltering corporations include such pillars of the U.S. economy as Citicorp, General Motors, Sears Roebuck and Disney Productions. These and bundreds more have set up mostly paper subsidiaries here through which they do their borrowing in European and other foreign money markets.

This saves their creditors a 30-percent U.S. tax that otherwise would be withheld from interest paid; in the long run this saving goes to the U.S. companies, because if the creditors had to pay the tax they would pass it along in higher interest rates.

The U.S. Treasury knows about this circumvention but considers it essential to the financing of a healthy U.S. economy and has ruled it legal.

But much of the other tax avoidance that

flourishes here is beyond the law, Since secrecy is what makes it possible, its exact scope is unknown. But U.S. officials say Americanand foreign-owned paper corporations in this and other Caribbean tax havens such as the Bahamas, the Cayman Islands and Panama cost the U.S. Treasury billions of dollars each year in lost revenue, raising the burden that ordinary taxpayers must bear,

Io addition, law enforcement officials complain that secrecy laws in Curação and other havens increasingly frustrate drug investigations as smugglers launder drug profits by wiring money from one anonymous island account to another before bringing the mon-ey back into the United States and investing it in business or real estate.

Pressure to Close Loopholes

As a result, pressure is growing for legislative or diplomatic steps to close the cavernous Caribbean loopboles, particularly a Nether-lands Antilles financial arrangement that has blessed lawyers, bankers and the government far more than the island sun ever could.

Caribbean tax havens and numbered Swiss bank accounts have long been used by businessmen, banks and wealthy individuals, to protect money from the Internal Revenue Service. But U.S. officials say legal and illegal tax dodging in the Caribbean have risen to an imprecedented level in recent years.

This has happened in the criminal domain

because of the swift growth in drug fortunes, the U.S. officials say, and in the legal arena because of the buge increase in recent years in U.S. borrowing — almost all through Curação — of so-called Eurodollars, American dollars that have accumulated abroad because of U.S. trade deficits.

Curação, the largest of six Netherlands Antilles islands, houses the seat of government at Willemstad, the capital of the autonomous Dutch territory. With Dutch-style buildings and gentle Caribbean breezes, it looks as if it belongs on a tourism poster rather than a bank statement.

But Curação is the beneficiary of an unusual treaty that the United States and the Netherlands negotiated in 1948 to soothe and protect investors still nervous about the financial upheavals of World War II. The treaty later was applied to the Netherlands Antilles, giving Curação an advantage that oo other Caribbean tax haven enjoys and making it the biggest shelter of them all. Under U.S. tax law, U.S. companies must

withhold a 30-percent tax on income paid to foreigners. The idea is that the money has been earned from the U.S. ecocomy, that the U.S. government has a right to tax it, and that once it is sent abroad there is no way for a U.S. tax collector to catch up with it. But under the U.S.-Netherlands treaty, meome paid to investors or companies "resident" in the Netherlands Antilles is exempt from most of the tax.

Thus if High Finance Inc. pays \$1 million in interest or dividends in a French Eurodollar investor in Paris, it must withhold \$300,000 for the IRS. But if High Finance pays the money in a lender in the Netherlands Antilles, the tax is much less, often almost nothing.

Borrowing From Themselves

That is why so many U.S. companies have set up borrowing subsidiaries in Curação. The subsidiaries borrow from foreign holders, ranging from European banks to Saudi Arabian investors. As Netherlands Antilles corporations, the subsidiaries pay interest to the foreign lenders. But then - all on paper — they lend the same money to their parent corporations back in the United States. The parent companies in turn pay the interest back to their own Netherlands Antilles subsidiaries, tax-free under the treaty.

Athough the subsidiaries must pay Netherlands Antilles registration fees and taxes, deft accounting can reduce them in as little as 1 percent, according to Treasury estimates. Such turnaround operations, ruled legal by decade. But they have proliferated in recent years. U.S. corporations raised \$18 billion

the IRS, have been executed for more than a from Eurodollar holders from 1974 through 1980, then \$7 billion in 1981 alone and \$14 billion in 1982. Industry sources say that almost all the loans passed through the Netherlands Antilles as corporations took advantage of the unusual treaty provisions.

That is part of the reason that, of 30,000 corporations registered at the governmentlinked Curação Chamber of Commerce, 25,000 are owned by foreigners. Donald Verdekker, the chamber's executive secretary,



said he soon would computerize the registry to handle the growing number of files, now piled in yellow folders in a roomful of filing

The Curação connection has become so accepted that even the U.S. Federal National Mortgage Association, with government offi-cials sitting on its board, tried in 1982 to form a Netherlands Antilles subsidiary to borrow money like everybody else. Treasury Secre-tary Donald T. Regan denied authorization in a letter to the associatioo's chairman. David O. Maxwell, on March 9, 1983, citing a possible "adverse effect" on three years of attempts to renegotiate the treaty.

Tax officials and private lawyers concede that it is anomalous for such a large amount of U.S. capital-raising to pass through the fiscal fuzz of an island no larger than a typical American county and oumbering only 250,000 inhabitants. But until U.S. tax laws are amended to provide another competitive way to raise money on the Eurodollar market, e arrangement will have to stand, they say.

What they are determined to reduce is the growing oumber of wealthy U.S. and foreign individuals who abuse the treaty provisions and secrecy laws to conceal income and evade taxes illegally.

'Billions Are Being Lost'

"It is clear," the IRS commissioner, Roscoe L. Egger Jr., said in congressional testi-mony in April, "that billions of dollars in taxes are being lost through these mechanisms and equally clear that narcotics traffickers and other elements of organized crime, illegal tax protesters and promoters of abusive tax shelters, to name just a few, are

intimately involved in these transactions."

Foreign investors routinely set up Netherlands Antilles corporations to funnel money into the United States and take out profits without paying the 30-percent tax. This has become known as "treaty shopping," impos-sible on islands such as the Bahamas that lack similar treaty and offer only anonymity. Curação, however, has it all. Marshall J.

Langer, a Miami lawyer specializing in such investments, said be should be sued for malpractice if he failed to counsel a foreign client to pass through Curação on the way to an investment in Florida.

As a result, Florida property listings are heavy with such owners as "Axis Corp., N.V.," or "Brela Investment Co., N.V." N.V. is the Dutch-language Netherlands Antilles abbreviation for naamloze vennootschap, or nameless company, roughly equivalent to the U.S. term "incorporated."

IRS records show that in 1981, the latest period for which data is available, \$1.4 billion was reported paid from U.S. sources to such Netherlands Antilles entities, more than to any other country and more than twice as much as the 1980 total of \$632 million. Officials say they believe that the total has risen sharply in the last two years. But they add that most such income is not reported, indicating that the amounts are considerably

ame, it often is impossible to find out who owns a corporation. In addition, U.S. tax evaders frequently combine the secrecy of one island corporation with a second level of secreey and the tax treaty of the Netherlands Antilles to create a oearly impenetrable web.

When the U.S. Agriculture Department wanted to know who owned 1,437 acres (about 575 bectares) purchased in Orange County, Florida, for example, it wrote to the Curação International Trust Co., which was managing the company listed as buyer, Debco, N.V. In reply, the department was inld through a Houston lawyer that Debco, N.V., was a "wholly owned subsidiary of Pathway Investments, N.V.," which in turn was described only as "a corporation orga-nized under the laws of the Netherlands An-

Treasury's Treaty Troubles

Florida's attorney general, Jim Smith, esti-mates that half the drug investigations begun by his agents had run into the barrier of such Caribbean sleight of hand,

It was in end such abuses that the Treasury Department began efforts in late 1979 to renegotiate the tax treaty with the Netherlands Antilles. Despite a number of oegotiating sessions and frequent pledges that agreement is near, a new treaty has proved chisive. Similar talks with the British Virgin Islands ended in failure and that treaty was renounced Jan. 1, 1983.

The Netherlands Antilles enjoys a strong negotiating position in the drawn-out talks because U.S. business interests and the Treasurv Department have been reluctant to cancel the treaty and force closure of the island's "window" to Eurodollars. Without the tax exemption, officials say, U.S. corporations might have to pay higher interest to attract

The Netherlands Antilles has been using that issue in hold the negotiations hostage, said a congressional source monitoring the

Finance Minister Gilbert de Paula, who has participated in the negotiations, said the Netherlands Antilles has agreed to most U.S. demands for access to records of corporations beld by U.S. citizens. But its reluctance to require disclosure of ownership by non-American investors is reported to be a chief sticking point in the talks. Attorney General L.R. Nahr said to do so would discourage egitimate South American, European and Middle Eastern investors from using Netherlands Antilles's services.

"That's impossible; you can't do that," he

To solve the long-run problem, the Treasury has supported legislation pending in the House of Representatives and Senate that would eliminate the 30-percent tax altogether, leaving U.S. companies free to raise Eurodollars without passing through the Netherlands Actilles. The proposals bave anguished, bowever, because they would cost the Treasury money and because they carry the political difficulty of enacting a tax break for rich foreign investors and banks.

Representative Doug Barnard Jr., a Florida Democrat whose Commerce, Consumer and Monetary Affairs panel of the House Government Affairs Committee held hearings on the issue in April, has introduced a substitute bill eliminating the tax only for Eurodollar borrowing. The bill, which the Treasury also supports, is designed to guard against tax loss and lighten the political risk of the earlier legislation.

Washington and the UN: What Went Wrong?

By Richard Bernstein

New York Times Service

NEW YORK — Several months ago, in an effort to find out just what went on in the multiplicity of meetings, commissions, committees and working groups that together make up the United Nations, the U.S. Mission to the world body made a quantitative study of the organizatioo's activities. The examinatioo turned up some impressive oumbers: Each year, something oo the order of 11,000

meetings take place in Geneva and New York. The cost to the world body for all of these meetings and conferences comes to roughly \$150 million a year. Each year, the United Nations circulates 7,000 to 8,000 reports as official documents. There is a figure in the budget for the number of pages of documents that will be printed in 1984. It is 1.1 billion.

It could, of course, be legitimately asked what good all this activity does. And, indeed, there are many voices asking that question in tones of skepticism and anguish. The answer, of course, is complex, considering that the United Nations includes not only the deliberative bodies that deal with classic political and diplomatic issues, but a bost of independent agencies engaged in such activities as feeding children and encouraging economic growth in well over 100 countries around the world.

Yet on political matters, there is a growing sense that the UN has become repetitive, rhetorical, extremist and anti-democratic, a place where the United States is attacked with apparent impunity eveo by countries with which it maintains cordial bilateral relations.

Outvoted and Isolated

Jeane J. Kirkpatrick, chief U.S. delegate to the world body, has characterized the American position there as "essentially impotent, without influence, heavily outvoted and isolated." According to a Gallup Poll last fall, only 36 percent of Americans believe that the UN is doing a "good job," a sign of the widespread belief that the organization, fostered and promoted by the United States in its early years, has become hostile and inimical to American interests.

American concern over the drift of the world body has been particularly intense among con-servatives, some of whom bave challenged the validity of continued U.S. participation, Midge Decter, the director of the Committee for the Free World, has charged that the UN "has been turned around 180 degrees into a center for the articulation and legitimization of tyranny."

The Washington-based Heritage Foundation has been attacking the organization for about two years in reports and statements contending that the UN has turned into a largely anti-American club dominated by the Soviet bloc, by European leftists and by radical countries in the

Many Americans, including many who are critical of the UN, regard these attacks as excessive and oue-sided. Nooetheless, there can be little doubt that, over the years, the UN has come to be dominated by what might be called a Third World ideology. The main tendencies of this outlook are sympathy for authoritarian gov-ernment, deep suspicion of the West, a disavowal of free enterprise and, in an organization whose charter repudiates the use or the threat of force, a belief in the legitimacy of "armed struggle" when carried out by the world's generally Marxist "national liberation movements," par-ticularly the Palestine Liberation Organization and the South-West Africa People's Organiza-

American isolation emerged, as usual, as a major theme of the 1983 General Assembly. The United States voted alone, or almost alone, on a bost of resolutions on South Africa, South-West Africa (Namibia) and the Middle East, some of which mentiooed the United States by name as fostering "aggression" or "collaboratioo" with

Pro-Western countries in Latin America, and only those countries, were criticized for basic abuses of buman rights. Following the invasion of Grenada, both the Security Couocil and the General Assembly voted by enormous margins for resolutions "deploring the armed intervention in Grenada" as a "flagrant violation of international law." In the General Assembly, most of the NATO countries, Japan, the pro-Western states of Southeast Asia, the pro-American democracies of South America and such close friends of Washington as Pakistan, Sweden and Austria either abstained of voted for the censure resolution, even while many ambassadors of those countries had said privately that, in their comion, the American action had been beneficial and justified.

Withdrawal From UNESCO

America's reverses in the UN have produced more than disillusionment: in December, they generated strong retaliatory action, in the form of a decision by the Reagan administration to withdraw from the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNES-CO) by 1985, unless the agency made major

changes in policy.
UNESCO had, in Washington's view, become the worst of the independent agencies. Encouraged by the Soviet Union and radical Third World countries hostile to the United States, the Paris-based body pressed for such programs as tighter government controls over journalists, as embodied in the plan for a "new world information order." At the same time, the agency had become a platform for rhetoric excoriating Israel and blaming the West for virtually all the developing world's problems.

All this has taken the United States a long way from that day in 1949 when President Harry S. Truman, in his inaugural address, "unfaltering support" for the UN and eemed to place the organization at the center of U.S. foreign policy. For Washington these days, the UN at best is, in Mrs. Kirkpatrick's words "a useful place to make statements that resound throughout the world." The United States is on the defensive, trying not so much to advance its policy goals as to limit the damage that can be done to it by a hostile world body.

What went wrong? In the view of some diplomats and officials at the UN, this American isolation is the product of Washington's foreign policy - its lack of sympathy, as they see it, with many of the causes of the UN majority. Some UN diplomats talk about "Mrs. Kirkpatrick's aver" as having replaced the notorious Soviet nyet of the organization's early years.

But there are strong reasons for believing that the powerfully anti-American tone of the UN bespeaks something more profound than mere differences of view. The question is not why American policy has diverged from that of other member states, but why the world's most powerful democracy has failed to win support for its views among the participants in UN debates.

An Ideological Villain

The answer seems to be found in two underlying factors. The first and dominant one is the very structure and political culture that bave evolved at the world body, tending in the process to isolate the United States and to portray it as a kind of ideological villain. The other factor is American failure to play the game of multilateral diplomacy with sufficient skill.



secretary of state, greeting Vyacheslav M. Molotov, right, Soviet foreign minister, in Washington in April 1945. At Union, and between Stettinius and Molotov stands Andrei A. Gromyko, the Soviet ambassador to the United States.

make the point that if there are certain automatic votes against the United States - on the Grenada invasion, for example - there are counterbalancing votes against the Soviet Union. Demands for the withdrawal of "foreign," meaning Soviet, troops from Afghanistan have been a regular feature of the General Assembly ever since the Soviet intervention of 1979. The same is true of censures of Vietnam's occupation of Cambodia.

A study dooe in the Secretariat last year disputed what it called a "widely shared misperceptioo among Americans that the U.S. is consistently outvoted by a coalition of developing and socialist nations." The study found that in the 1981 and 1982 General Assemblies, the United States voted with the majority 72.7 percent of the time.

A tabulation of votes on all resolutions, bowever, misses the essential facts of American weaknesses. The United States casts many affirmative votes on such routine and innocuous matters as financing, oo the specialized agencies, and on various, ever more oumerous ritualistic statements in favor of economic aid, peace and progress. A large share of the General Assembly resolutions are adopted by consensus year after year without a vote at all. The crucial questions are those bellwether political issues that the majority of member nations themselves feel are important, and here there is powerful support for the argument that, at the UN, American values are under attack and the United States is isolated.

Voting on Vital Questions

According to the U.S. Mission, which keeps computerized records of voting patterns, the number of countries that vote consistently with the United States on the vital political questions is very small. During the 1982 General Assemthe mission, many of the West European nations voted with the United States roughly 80 percent of the time. Other countries more often than not voted against the United States.

One NATO country, Greece, voted with the United States in 1982 a bare one-third of the time; such Latin American allies as El Salvador and Guatemala voted with the United States well under half the time; and the vast majority of the African and Asian countries, including some recipients of large amounts of American aid, such as Zimbabwe and Pakistan, took the same side as the United States only 20 percent in 30 percent of the time. On an average, the Nonaligned Movement voted with the United States on those issues 22 percent of the time.

The pattern presents a dramatic contrast with the early days of the organization, when an automatic majority, consisting largely of the Western democracies and countries friendly to them, controlled both the tone and the decisions of the Security Council and the General Assembly. Since then, a number of events have marked the dividing line between the eras of American strength and American weakness.

In 1971, the United States lost an effort to keep a seat for Taiwan in the General Assembly, even while favoring one for Communist China In 1974, the PLO chairman, Yasser Arafat, received a standing ovation when he addressed the General Assembly with an apparently empty gun holster sticking out from beneath his jacket. The next year, the membership passed a resolution declaring Zionism to be a "form of racism and racial discrimination."

It is often the tone and atmosphere rather than the results of formal votes that most dramatically illustrate the relative weakness of the United States and its values, Indeed, listening day after day in the speeches in the Gener Assembly or one of its seven committees, it is difficult to avoid the impression that the very notion of reasoned debate has fallen prey to a ritualistic and numbingly repetitive series of slogans that often constitute attacks, direct or implicit, on the United States. Meeting chambers are filled day after day with prefabricated jargon about racism, colonialism and fascism.

Proliferation of Committees

There is also what might be called a "trickle up" effect at the UN, whereby the proliferation committees, subcommittees, commission special conferences and the like strongly shape he substance of matters that dominate the time of the Secretariat and the agenda of the General Soviet bloc and radical Third World countries, this group of committees and commissions has transformed much of the business of the UN into what one West European delegate has called "a huge propaganda jamboree" directori against the West.

The United States, for example, is, along with Israel, the only country specifically attacked for its trade and economic relations with South Africa, even though virtually all the European countries and many of the African countries have similar relations. Last year, the General Assembly passed a resolution deploring Israeli-American military cooperation as a major contributory factor to military conflict in the Middle East. There was no mention in the resolution or the preceding debate of Syrian-Soviet military cooperation, even though the Russians maintain some 7,000 troops and military advisers io Syria and have helped to occupy large sections of neighboring Lebanon.

Then, there is the organization's preoccupa-nion — some would call it obsessioo — with

of U.S. influence has been exaggerated. They mission in the UN has created some sort of unit whose main function is to condemn Israel and to express solidarity with the PLO. There is a Committee on the Exercise of the Inabenable Rights of the Palestinian People; the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Population of the Occupied Territories. There is a UN-man-Security Council has voted on about 200 anti-Israeli resolutions, which were either adopted or were defeated only by an American veto.

These elements of UN behavior have re-

mained largely constant no matter who was carrying out U.S. diplomacy at the organization — whether figures generally accommodating to the Third World, such as Adlai E. Stevenson or Andrew Young, or more confrontational representatives like Daniel Patrick Moynihan and Mrs. Kirkpatrick.

Astute and Independent

Nor has this situation been affected by the changes of secretaries-general. The present holder of the top UN job, Javier Perez de Cuellar of Peru, is universally regarded as an astute and independent diplomat. Yet what is conspicuous even under a leader of his skill is that UN activities rarely generate genuine, sincere suggestions for how to resolve conflicts. In the wake of the Six-Day War of 1967, the Security Council passed a resolution that envisaged a comprehensive settlement of the entire First Avenue from the UN's New York head-Middle East conflict, one recognizing the right quarters, a plaque listing all the chief American of all states to live within secure boundaries. In recent years, bowever, resolutions have been largely condemnatory, setting forth extreme demands but offering no realistic frameworks for rick, shows that only three of the 16 American

resolving a conflict since the 1973 Yom Kippur On average, they stayed at their posts for 19 War between Israel and Egypt. Since then, there months, and even then, because the American have been crises in Afghanistan, Cambodia and Cyprus; the conflicts in the Middle East bedent's cabinet, they have often been absent from tween Iran and Iraq, between Syria and a fac- New York. Mrs. Kirkpatrick has been away, tion of the PLO, and between Israel and the attending meetings in Washington or giving anti-Israeli forces in Lebanon: there has been the war between Argentina and Britain over the Falkland Islands; and there has been the civil conflict in Chad, and the fighting over the Western Sahara.

In none of these disputes has the UN, riven by Soviet-American conflicts and lacking in consensus among its members, had a measurable impact for the good. Moreover, the intemperate and sullen quality of the debate at the UN. where burling abuse often replaces sober discussion, can be said in have done more at times to aggravate conflicts than to compose them.

"What happens," a Western ambassador said "is that resolutions that seemed very radical when they were first introduced become more acceptable as time goes on. Gradually, as these resolutions gain larger and larger majorities, the countries that have been voting against them begin to feel isolated, until, eventually, it is only the Americans who oppose them."

There are various ways to explain how the UN turned into an organization unfriendly to American aspirations. The growth of membership, from 51 countries in 1946 to the current 158 was bound to reduce U.S. status. While these oew members differ in many respects from one another, a large number of them, as Mr. Moynihan argued when he was the chief American delegate, share certain values: a general belief in socialism, a conviction that their own poverty is an outgrowth of their earlier domination by Western colonialism, and a suspicion of free institutions as both harmful to their own power and unsuitable to their particular circum-

"There is a kind of Freudian element in this," a Western delegate said, "an anger on the part of the newly independent countries at the old colonial 'father.'

Mrs. Kirkpatrick has added her own explanation for what she has called the "impotence" of the United States. While Mr. Moynihan stressed the political "culture" of the newly independent states, she has emphasized the structure of the world body, its division into powerful voting blocs capable of focusing attention on some areas, like Israel and South Africa, and away from others, like the Syrian occupation of much Assembly. Packed often with delegates from the of Lebanon. In essence, she argues, most countries gain some influence at the UN by being associated with one or another of the many groups of countries that have been formed there. such as the Soviet bloc, the 20-member Arab group, the 42-member Islamic Conference Oranization, and the 101-member Nonaligned Movement, which constitutes a voting majority in the General Assembly all by itself.

Easier to Attack U.S. Interests

The one-sidedness of the UN's decisions may also be explained by the organization's structure and culture. Human-rights violations in Communist countries, for example, have never been placed on the agenda of the General Assembly or any of its committees; at the same time, several of Washington's strategic allies are anoually condemned for buman-rights abuses by large majorities that include dictatorships whose own records in that sphere are abysmal by any criteria.

The buman-rights debate indicates that, given certain bedrock issues, notably South Africa the constellation of forces within the UN, it is to be the only sensible policy for the fature.

There are many who contend that the decline and Israel. Virtually every committee and com- easier to attack American interests than those of other countries, whether smaller and weaker ones, like Iran, or major, powerful ones like the Soviet Union. It also illustrates that oo change of policy in Washington is likely to make the UN friendlier to the values and interests of the Support due to 125 Conway Tooling must thee the United States. On many questions, delegates automanically vote with the bloc they belong to.

The UN's very powerlessness contributes the buge majorities by which many of the bedrock dated International Day of Solidarity With the Palestinian People. In the secretariat, there is a Division for Palestinian Rights. Since 1967, the resolutions because they know there will be no real consequences. If, by some miracle, these decisions were to acquire immediate and practical effect, their very one-sidedness might give some countries pause.

The culture and structure of the UN weigh heavily against the United States, but other factors, including American behavior, also contribute to U.S. weakness at the world body. Mrs. Kirkpatrick herself has argued that American failures at the UN stem, at least in part, from what she has called American "ineptitude" in multilateral diplomacy.,

We have oot been effective in defining or projecting in international arenas a conception or our national purpose," she said at a Hentage Foundation conference in 1982. "By not really learning the rules, the players, the game, we have often behaved like a bunch of amateurs inthe UN." Until American diplomatic practice improves, she said, it cannot be known if the world body can be made "a hospitable place for

the American national interest."
Inside the 12-story U.S. Mission, just across egates reveals an important part of this picture. The list of names, beginning with Edward R. Stettinius Jr. and ending with Mrs. Kirkpatambassadors — Warren Austin, Henry Cabot Many delegates these days acknowledge that

Lodge Jr. and Adlai Stevenson — remained at

Lodge Jr. and Adlai St speeches or visiting foreign countries, at least one-third of the time.

Other Diplomats Stay Longer

This process is not matched by other countries, whose ambassadors and staff members. sometimes from academic backgrounds like Mrs. Kirkpatrick's, generally stay longer than their American counterparts.

In this company, the Americans seem bright and engaging outsiders. Mrs. Kirkpatrick herself is usually a brilliant speaker and debater, a masterful explainer of American policy - perhaps the most dazzling intellect at the world body. Her speeches are events at the UN, filling scats that are commonly empty during routing debate. As a diplomat, however, she has a reputation for being aloof and unavailable.

But to bring about a major change in the American position at the UN is likely to require something far more basic than better diplomatic manners. Guidelines and policies on the major issues are set not in UN lounges and meeting rooms but in the capitals of member states. Thus, when Mrs. Kirkpatrick speaks of learning to play the game better, she means that the United States needs to learn to use its world power to influence the conduct of business in-

"We behave as though we believed that power had been eliminated in international relation she said in an interview. She has brought this "hard" approach to UN debates and resolutions, responding directly to insults or direct attacks on the United States. At the same time, she favors conveying directly to the capitals of member countries the blant message that their votes in the UN will be considered when such things as aid budgets are drawn up.

The Reagan administration's decision to withdraw from UNESCO is one consequence of this tough approach, and Congress last year passed legislation reflecting its own discontent with the world body. Congress froze future U.S. financial contributions at the 1983 level. It required the president to scrutinize "the benefits derived by the United States from participation in the UN." Each year now, the secretary of state will have to report on the voting behavior of all member states, presumably to call attention to those that consistently oppose the Umied States at the world body.

"I think we are in a stronger position," Mrs. Kirkpatrick said in an interview, comparing the present situation to the early days of her tenure. We are getting blamed in less strident ways and on fewer issues than we did before, and I think there are more moderate and reasonable resolutions being proposed."

Still, as Mrs. Kirkpatrick herself says, this represents success at "damage control," not in gaining true support for U.S. positions. In this respect, the UN is unlikely ever to restore the friendly environment for American purposes that it offered in the first decade of its existence. At the same time, despite calls in some quarters to withdraw from the UN, it seems likely that the United States will remain in the organization, as Mrs. Kirkpatrick recommends. That being the case, to participate actively, and 10 embark on a long-range, serious effort to min the organization to constructive tasks, appears

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Out on Japa Mitterrand Puts Prestige

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On Line as He Pushes

On Compromises For EC Compromises

PARIS - With less than two months to go before the next European summit, President François Mitterrand of France is throwing his personal prestige into an at-tempt to halt the European Community's slide toward bankruptcy.

France, presiding over the community ontil the end of June, is

rying to nudge its nine partners
toward a compromise solution to a
complex series of problems by
March 19, when the summit opens The prime mining. March 1>. ... March 1>. ... March 1>. ... Mir capacity to push Mr. Mitterrand's consultations

through reform began with two-and-a-half hours of talks with Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher of Britain on Jan. 23. West Germany for a day of talks with Chancellor Helmut Kohl. Next week, he is to be in the Neth-

erlands for a two-day visit. Claude Cheysson, the French external relations minister, and Roland Dumas, European affairs minister, have begun a parallel series of meetings with their counterparts and with Spain and Portugal, pro-spective new members of the EC. So far, the French have not put forward fresh proposals on the in-terlinked issues of farm policy re-

U.S. Asks France To Join Project For Space Station

form, the control of community spending and Britain's demand for

PARIS - President Ronald Reagan has written to President permanent, manned space station, Mr. Mitterrand's office has said.

A press spokesman said Monday the invitation "will be considered with an open mind and with interest." It was believed that similar invitations have been sent to other nations in Western Europe as well as to Japan and Canada.

On Tuesday, a top official of the European Space Agency said that European participation in the space station project is likely to hinge on guarantees of consistent U.S. funding and domestic political support for the project.

Erik Quistgaard, director general of the 11-nation research and development organization, said that any agreement between the Ameriwithstand whatever political diffiTuesday during which he is to disculties that might occur during it."

cuss Cambodia and other issues.

a cut in its budgetary contribution.

Mr. Mitterrand and his ministers say they want to stick as far as possible to the formulas discussed last year under the West German and Greek presidencies. They hope too, that the community will exhibit a willingness to compromise that failed to emerge at its last summit in Athens in December.

A successful package agreement in March on the EC's finances would clear the way for a series of French-inspired initiatives from April to June, leading up to a second summit to be hosted by Mr. Mitterrand in Bordeaux.

The scenario would give Mr. Mitterrand and his team much-On Thursday, be is to travel to needed help at home in the face of increasing economic difficulties.

Trade union support for the rul-ing Socialists is ebbing away as the government grapples with a painful series of restructuring operations in French industry, which are bound to involve joh losses. French farmers, long a powerful

domestic lobby, are angrily de-manding that the government pro-tect them against cheaper imports, particularly of pork from northern

Although the government has gone some way toward alleviating the farmers' grievances, Mr. Mit-terrand has broken with tradition by taking a very tough line against the use of violence in protests.

West European diplomats in Paris say they hope that Mr. Mit-terrand's tough line against the farmers is a sign that be will not allow them any power of veto over the bargain he hopes to strike in

Mr. Mitterrand is hoping to obtain West Germany's agreement to François Mitterrand inviting dismantle the system of monetary France to cooperate in the recently compensation amounts on farm announced U.S. project to build a products, which French farmers complain gives their competitors a price advantage.

West Germany, in return, is seeking an upgrading of the Euro-pean Monetary System and an unequivocal commitment by France not to hold up the entry of Spain and Portugal into the community.

While Portuguese entry poses no great problems for Mr. Mitterrand, the admission of Spain is a bot political issue in the farming regions of southwestern France, where the Socialists are strong.

Tindemans Visits Indonesia

JAKARTA - The Belgian forcans and the Europeans "would eign minister, Leo Tindemans, have to be designed so that it can started a visit to Indonesia on



RESCUED - Members of the Syracuse, New York, rescue squad pull a man from a water main hole, where he had been trapped under water for more than 30 minutes. A valve cover blew off the water main and the

hole filled with water. The victim, Howard Root, was not breathing and his heart had stopped when he was pulled from the hole, but he was revived by cardiopulmonary resuscitation. He was hospitalized in critical condition.

U.S. Dropped a Proposal to Ban Pesticide EDB

By Philip Shabecoff New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - In 1981 the Reagan administration had before it a formal proposal to bar the use on foods of ethylene dibromide, a pesticide that has since been found

in food and water supplies. But the administration did not act on the proposal after representatives of the citrus industry pressed for continued use of the esticide at a series of meetings with officials of several federal agencies. The meetings were arnged by James H. Lake, a lobbyist who now is communications director of President Ronald Reagan's re-election committee.

said the meetings were improper and perhaps illegal because the law governing the use of pesticides requires that public meetings be held on regulatory decisions.

However, John A. Todhunter, who was then the official of the Environmental Protection Agency responsible for pesticides, said the citrus industry's wishes did not affect his decision.

The meetings bave come to light

the health hazard posed by the being found in fruit and grain products nationwide and in drink-

ing water in Florida.
Last September the environmental agency hanned some uses of the pesticide hut did not prohibit its use on citrus products or stored grain, Ethylene dibromide has been known since the 1970s to cause cancer as well as reproductive and

genetic defects in test animals. Edwin L. Johnson, director of pesticide programs for the environmental agency, said recently that the agency had issued a proposed ruling to prohibit the uses of ethylene dibromide on citrus fruit in 1980, just before the Reagan ad-Jonathan Lash, an attorney for ministration tonk office, on the he Natural Resources Defense basis of accumulating evidence of Council, an environmental group, the potential effects of the pesticide on human bealth.

> Environmentalists and some public bealth officials have asserted that there are no safe levels of cancer-causing substances. But spokesmen for the food industry have said that there is no danger from the levels of ethylene dibromide now being found in food.

> Mr. Johnson said the agency was

contaminated with it.

But the cancellation was not put into effect and the statement was never issued. Mr. Johnson said. At a hearing of a Senate environmental subcommittee on Friday. John Moore, assistant administrator of the EPA, was asked why the agency had moved so slowly on the pesticide and replied, "I honestly

don't know." The citrus industry representatives attended several of a series of meetings on the ethylene dibromide issue that were attended by officials of the EPA, the Agriculture Department, the Office of Management and Budget and other agencies in the summer and fall of 1981 and early 1982.

Mr. Lake, who was a leading aide in Mr. Reagan's 1980 campaign, said in a telephone interview that he had arranged to have the industry representatives invited to some of the meetings so they could make the case that they needed to continue using the pesticide. In a telephone interview, Wil-

liam D. Ruckelshaus, the administrator of the environmental agency, also preparing a statement on the said. "I honestly have no idea why pesticide, known as EDB, includ- no action was taken" to bar the use that the four were named in a reamid controversy over the extent of ing "dietary implications" and of ethylene dibromide before he port by the Young Conservatives,

measures that could be taken to took over the agency in September. protect workers handling products He said that after he took office he fects of the chemical on test animals and subsequently barred its the cancellation of its use on grains

was presented with data on the efuse as a soil fumigant and proposed and citrus products.

LONDON - Leaders of civil bers of Parliament, who had sough service unions said Tuesday that an explanation for the ban, Sittley are prepared to bar strikes at Geoffrey cited eight disruptions in Britain's top-secret electronic intelthe past five years at Cheltenham. ligence agency if Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher drops a ban on Sir Geoffrey's statement listed a series of one-day strikes, slowunion membership at the facility.

Alistair Graham, a union leader, downs and refusal of overtime, some of which happened during the said the unions were "willing to see

Unions Set to Rule Out

If Thatcher Drops Ban

Strikes at Spy Center

Soviet intervention in Afghanistan, that the government is satisfied the Falklands war, the Israeli invathat the gathering of national intelsion of Lebanon and the attempted ligence is uninterrupted" at the assassination of President Ronald Government Communications Reagan in 1981. Headquarters at Cheltenham. Mr. Graham said Sir Geoffrey's

charge "simply doesn't bear close examination. The government is trying to throw sand in the eyes of

This is the first time I have ever heard of some of these alleged disday's meeting. Mrs. Thatcher has said she will meet with the union leaders to explain her decision but ruptions at Cheltenham," he said.

Critics contend that the ban was imposed under pressure from U.S. officials to tighten security and end labor disruptions at the center. which is an important link in the North Atlantic Treaty Organization's military monitoring network. Fears about security there were heightened in 1982 when Geoffrey Prime, who had worked at the center for several years, was convicted of spying for the Soviet Union.

Mrs. Thatcher's government has denied that U.S. pressure was involved in the decision to bar

The foreign secretary, Sir Geof-The unions have denounced the frey Howe, contended Monday ban as an attack on buman rights that job actions by union members and an attempt to discredit their there had disrupted operations durloyalty to the state. They say they ing international crises when moni-toring of Soviet radio traffic was on their right to strike, but refuse to

U.K. Tories Linked to 'Neo-Fascists'

Mrs. Thatcher on Wednesday. Government spokesmen de-

will not negotiate on it.

clined to comment on the unions'

conciliatory move before Wednes-

But Mr. Graham, general secre-tary of the 230,000-member Civil and Public Services Association.

the largest of the civil service

unions, said: "It would be appall-

ing if she was not prepared to nego-

The government's decision last week to ban unions at Cheltenham.

about 80 miles (130 kilometers)

from London, and compensate the

facility's 7,000 employees with one-time bonuses of £1,000 (\$1,400)

touched off a political furor, and the union leaders vowed to fight the

LONDON - Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher faced demands

from within her Conservative Party Tuesday for a purge of alleged neofascist infiltrators. The dispute involved a censored party report on the issue, allega-

tions linking as many as 24 Conservative parliamentarians to a farright action group and a report that two of them were seen goose-step-ping, Nazi-style, outside a West Berlin botel. The charges surfaced Monday

night in an investigation by BBC Television, which named four Conservative back-benchers as having had contacts with racist, anti-Semitic, neo-fascist groups.

The Guardian disclosed Tuesday

party, but their names were deleted tion. and the report was cut from 36 to

John Guthrie, a Young Conservatives leader, said it was clear a number of politicians had deceived the party leadership and had only one honorable course, to resign. If they refused to quit, he said, the party should disown them. Another call for action came from the Tory reform group of left-leaning Conservative politicians, which demanded an inquiry and urged measures to keep out any future

The affair is embarrassing for the Conservatives, who for the past decade bave been lambasting the op-position Labor Party for its alleged

the moderate youth wing of the failure to combat Marxist infiltra-

The BBC inquiry said up to 24 10 pages before it was published Conservative parliamentarians last Saturday.

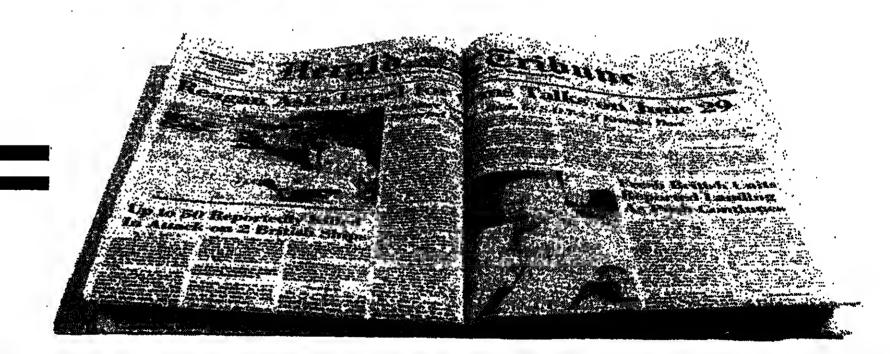
Conservative parliamentarians were possibly associated with a racwere possibly associated with a racist group called Tory Action, run by a former deputy chief of British counterintelligence. It said two were involved in goose-stepping incidents on a recent visit to West Berlin, which a Labor politician. Eddie Loyden, later called "dis-graceful and grossly insulting."

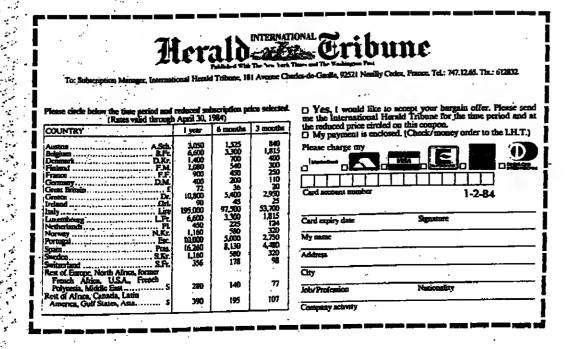
Harvey Proctor, one of the four linked with other groups such as the far-right National Front, dismissed the charges as "McCarth-yite smears and lies."

The Conservative party chairman, John Gummer, said there was no evidence on which to expel the four parliamentarians and he denounced "trial by television."

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U.S. Warns EC

On Gluten Limits

United Press International
WASHINGTON — The United States told the European Community Tuesday that it would retaliate against EC limits on American corn gluten feed exports.

The State Department sent the warning Monday through U.S. embassies in the 10 EC countries and to the U.S. mission at EC headquarters in Brussels. The United States and the European Community, with about \$90 billion in trade in 1983, also are warning each other about restrictions and penalties on steel imports. U.S. exports of gluten, a corn byproduct used for livestock feed, totaled more than \$500 million in 1983. The EC has considered a move to limit gluten imports because they compete with costlier European grain products.

The State Department said it told its embas-sies to emphasize these points in talking with

• "The United States finds no justification for efforts to limit the imports of corn gluten.

· "The United States would be forced to take neasures to protect its trade interests if the European Community were to implement import restrictions unitaterally.

"If adopted, [the European measures] will result in trade-restricting measures detrimental to both the European Community and the Unit-ed States. U.S.-EC trade relations will worsen."

Although no import limitations have yet been set by the EC, the commission that sets the community's policy has taken the first steps to change the present zero-duty status for corn gluten feed.

EC Pressing Japan

European Community officials said Tuesday that at a meeting with the United States, Cana-da and Japan this week in Florida, the EC will urge Japan to open its market to imports of manufactured products, United Press interna-tional reported from Brussels.

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BUSINESS/FINANCE

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1984

BUSINESS PEOPLE

Finnish Bank Is Planning to Expand **London Presence by Opening Branch** JUBLIANSKA BAN

Kansallis-Osake-Pankki plans to be the first Finnish bank to open a branch abroad. The Helsinki-based bank recently opened a representative office in London and oamed likka Lankkonen. Peter Fagernas and Markku Vassasi representatives. KOP plans to upgrade its London office to a full hranch this spring. Mr. Fagernas said, adding that the bank is waiting for the green light from the Bank of England.

Mr. Fagernas said that previously in Nordic countries, only Danish banks were allowed to open branches ahroad. A recent policy change at the Bank of Finland permits the opening of full service branches of Finnish banks overseas. MOATING RATE NOR

Finnish banks overseas.

KOP currently has subsidiaries in Luxembourg and Nassau and affiliates in New York and Zurich. It also has a representative office in Moscow. Mr. Fagernas said that KOP decided to establish its own London operation following its sale last Angust of its 25-percent holding in London-based Nordic Bank.

Mr. Fagernas moves to London from Helsinki, where he was manager SOCIETE GENERAL of KOP's overseas operations department. Mr. Lankkonen was deputy managing director of Kansallis International bank in Luxembourg. Mr. Vasari joins from Nordic Bank.

Exco Appoints New York Executive

Exco International PLC, the London-based financial services company, is posting its first senior executive in New York Richard Davey, 35, will serve as a director of Exco and president of its U.S. holding company. Mr. Davey formerly was a corporate finance specialist at the London merchant bank of N.M. Rothschild & Sons Ltd., of which he remains a

Exco has branched out rapidly in recent years from its base in money brokerage. Its interests include gold brokerage, fund management, a Hong Kong-based stockbrokerage and 51.5 percent of Telerate Inc., a U.S.-based financial information service. John Gunn, Exco's managing director, said Mr. Davey will spearhead the company's development of fund management, venture capital and institutional stockbrokerage activities in the United States.

Other Appointments

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LUXEMBOL RG BRANG

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Exxon Corp. has appointed Sir Hector Laing a director, effective May 17. Sir Hector, chairman of United Bisenits (Holdings) PLC since 1972, is the only Briton on the board of the New York-based oil and gas concern. The only other European on the board is Otto Wolff von Amerongen of Germany. Exxon also said that Sir Richard

Dobson, former president of BAT Industries, will not stand for re-election, having reached the retire-ment age of 70. Sir Richard has been a board member since 1975. Chemical Bank International

Ltd., a unit of the New York-based bank, has named John Astbury and Alexander Gibson managing direc-

tors in London, They also will be-Sir Hector Laing come the senior officers in charge of Chemical's international investment banking activities, which include operations in Hong Kong, Tokyo and London, Mr. Gibson has served as deputy managing director of Chemical Bank International since 1981. Mr. Astbury has been head of the London treasury operations since 1981.

Lord Richardson, who retired last June as governor of the Bank of England, has been named to the board of Sandi International bank. Lord Richardson succeeds Lord O'Brien, also a former Bank of England governor, who is retiring after serving as a director since the Saudi Bank's founding in 1975. Lord O'Brien will remain chairman of the audit committee of Sandi International, which is 50-percent owned by the

Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency.

Greyhound Financial & Leasing Corp. AG of Zug, Switzerland, has appointed Richard Grim managing director, succeeding Brian E. McHugo, who left "to pursue other interests." the company said. For the last 18 months, Mr. Grim has served as president-director of P.T. Gemini Grand Lagrand Indonesia. a Jakarta hassed financia fillipsis of Grand. Greybound Leasing Indonesia, a Jakarta-based finance affiliate of Grey-hound Corp. of Phoenix. Greybound Financial & Leasing is a mediumterm secured lending affiliate of Greyhound.

Morgan Guaranty Trust Co. of New York has appointed Helmin

Mancher to its international council, which comprises leaders in business and public life from 16 countries who meet periodically and advise the hank's management on matters affecting international operations. Mr. Maucher is managing director of Nestle SA of Switzerland.

Ricoh U.K. Ltd. has appointed Frank Matsuo marketing director, succeeding Simon Sasaki, who was transferred to the international

division of the Tokyo head office. Ricoh makes copiers and other office

CURRENCY RATES

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INTEREST RATES

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97-day Treasury Bill 3-month Interbank

Rates conticable to interbank deposits at \$1 million minimum (or equivalent).

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CUTTERCY

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Eurocurrency Deposits

Key Money Rates

Prime Rate Broker Loon Rate (Comm. Paper, 30-179 days

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West Germany

Lombard Rate Övernight Rate One Month Lister 3-month Interbar

Discount Rate

Sources: Commerzbank, Bank of Tokva.

United States

c Sterikog: 1.2757 Irish c

Late interbank rates on Jan. 31, excluding fees. Official fixings for Amsterdam, Brussels, Milan, Paris. New York rates at 4:00 pm EST.

- BRENDA HAGERTY in London

Currency

372.00 · — + 3.00 372.12 372.46 + 2.53

373,75

174.00 + 4.25

+ 3.60 + 3.60

GOLD PRICES

New York 373.00 + 3.40
Official fixings for Landon, Ports and Luxern bours, opening and closing prices for Hone Kong and Zurich, New York Comer current contract.

U.S. Steel Reports **Huge Loss**

Quarterly Deficit Was \$983 Million

PITTSBURGH — U.S. Steel Corp. on Tuesday reported a 5983-million loss for the 1983 fourth quarter, the largest quarterly loss in the company's history and fourth-largest in U.S. corporate history.

The No. I steel producer in the United States posted a \$1.16-billion loss for the year, including a \$1.15-billion pre-tax writeoff associated with plant shutdowns.

A year ago it had a loss of \$363 million in the fourth quarter and posted a deficit of \$361 million for Sales were \$4.7 billion for the

1983 fourth quarter, up from \$4.3 billion, and for the year, sales were \$17.5 billion, down from \$18.9 bil-Chairman David Roderick pre-

dicted a "major turnaround" this "As the economy continues to

strengthen, we anticipate that our three major business components and the corporation in total, will be profitable throughout 1984," he

The company's steel businesses posted a 1983 operating loss of 3634 million, \$218 million better than 1982 results despite only a modest increase in shipping levels and a \$381-million decline in sales.

Oil and gas operations generated \$1.1 billion before foreign income taxes totaling \$588 million, com-pared to 1982 income of \$1.2 billion before foreign taxes of \$572 U.S. Steel cited lower worldwide

prices for liquid bydrocarbons, reduced profit margins on refined products and decreased production of domestic liquid hydrocarbons and natural gas.

The most money ever lost by a U.S. corporation in any three-month period was the \$4.87-hillion deficit reported by American Tele-phone & Telegraph Co. for the 1983 fourth quarter.

■ Hutton's Profit Plunges

E.F. Hutton Group Inc., parent of one of the largest brokerage bouses in the United States, said Tuesday that its profit in the final quarter of 1983 plunged 79 percent from a year earlier, mainly because of lower securities trading volume, The Associated Press reported.

The company said it had earned \$8.5 million, or 33 cents a share, in the fourth quarter, compared with \$40.8 million, or \$1.70 a share, a year earlier. Revenue rose to \$568 million from \$508 million.

Huttoo also said it had established a special reserve of \$20 million in connection with its participation in the sale of annuities oo behalf of Baldwin-United Corp., the insurance company that is reorganizing under bankruptcy law protection. Some bolders of the Baldwin-United policies have contended that Hutton and other brokerage firms that sold the annuities should be held liable for damages because they knew the annuities were unsafe. The brokerage firms

Intel Swamped by Surging Demand

U.S. Chip Maker Is Forced to Refuse Orders

By Thomas C. Hayes New York Times Service

SANTA CLARA, California More than seven months ago, with orders for its microprocessor chips pouring in, executives at Intel Corp. began discouraging business from new custom-

Demand has been so great, In-tel officials said, that at least nne desperate customer offered a bribe to guarantee delivery. Oth-ers took their business to other companies, even placing multiple orders in hopes that at least one would come through.

But Intel said it would give priority to established customers, although even they some-times did not get all they or-

Intel, like other makers of microprocessors, was caught off guard by the huge surge in de-mand. The Silicon Valley comwhether it would make money in its first quarter. But the economic recovery, combined with an increase in the use of microprocessors in many segments of industry, turned a semiconductor surplus into a shortage. Intel could oot fill all the orders it had

Intel's policy of filling orders primarily for established cus-tomers could be read in some circles as a concession to its big-gest shareholder, and biggest customer, International Business Machines Corp.

IBM accounted for about 10 percent of Intel's \$1.1 billion in sales last year, much of it for the 16-bit 8088 microprocessor that powers its enormously successful Personal Computer. It has been

NEW YORK - Prices on the

New York Stock Exchange eased

Tuesday as an afternoon rally at-tempt fell short. Trading was

heavy, reflecting investor concerns

about earnings and interest rates.

the huge deficit that will be in the

budget President Ronald Reagan

presents to the nation Wednesday.

They also were disturbed about

0.94 to 1,220.58, the lowest level since it hit 1,214.94 on Nov. 8. The

erage, a 14.97 ioser Monday, re-

Some traders were nervous about



Intel's Profits Rebound

40

÷30

-20

Intel's largest shareholder since it acquired 12.5 percent of the company in December 1982 for \$250 million, a stake that since has been raised to 17 percent.

In addition, oearly every maker of computers compatible with the IBM PC also uses the 8088 microprocessor. And analysts and those in the industry say the shortage could continue for another 18 months, until oew production capacity has been com-

Yet industry analysts and executives with such Intel customersas Tandy Corp., Compaq

NYSE Prices Ease in Heavy Trading

rather than join the oext move up,"

said Michael Metz of Oppenheimer

"The market psychology has changed," he added, "Everybody

was jumping on at the beginning of

the bull market and oow they are

all jumping out. Margin accounts

were not good and I expect to see

downside momentum and is losing

"The market seems to bave

"Institutional money managers

have talked for a while about 1984

Paine Webber. "They didn't act

Manufacturers Hanover was the

National Semiconductor was

some forced liquidation soon."

Xerox's earnings outlook.

The Dow Jones industrial average, up 2 points at midafternoon after falling 8.48 Monday, shed 0.94 to 1.720 to 2.00 to 1.720 to 1

Dow lost 38.06 for all of January. being the year of diminishing ex-

But the Dow transportation av- pectations," said Carolyn Coles of

bounded 2.51 to 555.69 and the that way at first but now they are.

Dow-orilities average added 0.05 to They're reacting to bad oews and 132.76. They're reacting to bad oews and nnt good oews."

Declines topped advances 870-720 among the 2,000 issues traded. Manufacturers Hanover was the most active NYSE-listed issue, up

This was another discouraging third on the list, off 1 to 14%. The day in that you had sellers in the New York Times said National

wings waiting for a chance to exit Semicooductor was expected to be to 120.

Volume totaled 113.5 million 1/2 to 40% with a block of 5,000,000

system for allocating its chips appears to he even-handed. Most, however, say they would be happier with bigger ship-

"lotel has to keep its oose clean, because of its relationship with IBM, and my perception is that they have managed it quite well," said Daniel L. Klesken, an analyst with Montgomery Securities in San Francisco.

But Convergent Technologies, which has a oew product that

fraudulent testing of as many as 26

million chips used in weapons and

other military equipment. Bot oth-

er reports said the 21/2-year investi-

Xerox, which reported fourth-

quarter earnings of 64 cents a

share, aboot level with 63 cents a

share a year earlier, plunged 5 to

44. Xerox said 1984 earnings would

ded 5% to 36. Four executives have

resigned from the company in the

two weeks since founder Jack Tra-

IBM, which declared a regular

Diebold climbed 3% to 71 %. The

company reported fourth-quarter earnings of \$1.91 a share, up from

Some other high-technology is-sues rebounded from recent drub-

bings. Honeywell rose 24 to 119%,

Minnesota Mining & Manufactur-

ing 1% to 771/2 and NCR Corp. 1%

quarterly dividend of 95 cents a

miel left Commodore abruptely.

gatioo was contining.

be lower than expected.

share, added ¼ to 114%.

\$1.15 a year ago.

percent above December 1982. The preliminary estimate for growth in the indicators for the Computer, Convergent Technologies and Ford Motor, say Intel's fourth quarter last year is 2 percent, the Commerce Department said.

nomic activity.

The moderation was hailed by inflation.

criminal charges of inadequate and

The moderating growth is consistent with analysts' predictions of growth in the nation's output this year of between 4.5 percent and 5 percent after roaring at a 9.7 percent rate during the second quarter

Leading Index In U.S. Climbed In December

By Jane Seaberry Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — The government's index of leading economic indicators rose 0.6 percent last month, resuming growth after a slight decline in November and reflecting moderation in the econo-

The indicators grew at a slower rate than in previous months except for the revised 0.2 percent decline in November. The index had been growing at a fast clip, increasing by 5.9 percent during the first marter by 4.7 percent in the secondary. quarter, by 4.7 percent in the sec-ond quarter and 2.8 percent in the third quarter, the Commerce De-partment said Tuesday.

Meanwhile, the department reported separately that sales activity m the southern United States accounted for the sharp rise in sales of new one-family homes in De-cember, the largest one-month in-crease since 1963. Sales rose 28 percent from November and were 53

The decline in November was the first drop in 14 months. The leading indicators foretell future eco-

economists as evidence that the economy should oot overheat this year and lead to a resumption of

The leading indicators resumed their growth in December, follow-ing November's modest setback," said Commerce Secretary Malcolm Baldrige, "With every monthly improvement in the leading index, the roots of this economic expansion grow deeper."
"The bounce back of the leading

indicators points to cootinued recovery in the months ahead," said Martin Feldstein, chairman of the Council of Economic Advisors.

and 7.7 percent in the third quarter. "The biggest risk we have right now is inflatinn would heat up again," said Robert Ortner, chief partment. "That would mean the beginning of the end of the expan-

One of the indicators that provided both good oews and bad and consumer credit which means that business activity should continue relatively strongly.

However, it could also bring about a clash with federal government borrowing in credit markets that could mean real interest rates could stay high or move higher.

Brock Warns Of Quick Fix For Trade Gap

WASHINGTON - U.S. Trade Representative William E. Brock Tuesday warned Congress against trying any quick fix for the record trade deficits, which he called "the weak link in our economie recovery" bot predicted are likely to continue soaring until 1986 before turning around.
"What we have to do is grah

and hold on this year and maybe next year," he told the Joint Economie Committee in answer to a question of what Coogress could do to lower the U.S. trade After that, however, Mr.

Brock said the United States should have six to eight good years of positive trade balances if we bold firm and don't make any mistakes oow.

He laid the largest portion of blame for growing merchandise trade deficit — which hit record heights for the past two years and is expected to jump over \$100 billion this year — on the strong dollar, which be said was overvalued by 40 percent.

He said that this pessimism

"Such blanket, no-future ver-

"Despite certain weaknesses, the

dicts are not only false, hot danger-

European electronics industry has

in recent years made ground in the

international technology race rath-

Siemens Net Rose 23% Commodore International skid-led 5% to 36 Four exemptions have

Reuters

MUNICH - Siemens AG, the West German electrical and electronics group, reported Tuesday that earnings for the fiscal first quarter leaped 23 percent oo a 9percent sales gain.

For the year ended last Sept. 30, Siemens profit rose 8.7 percent on a 1.5-percent drop in sales.

For the first quarter ended Dec. 31, Siemens earned 196 million Deutsche marks (\$69.6 million), up

from 160 million DM a year earlier. Sales increased to 9.7 billion DM from 8.9 billion DM a year earlier. For the fiscal year, earnings climbed to 802 million DM from 738 million DM, But sales slipped

to 39.5 billioo DM from 40.1 billion DM the previous year.
At a news conference, Karlheinz Kaske, chairman of the group, said that the widespread view that Western Europe is falling increasingly behind in the new technology

race is incorrect and dangerous.

If Europe took proper advantage of its strengths, there was a good chance of catching up still more on the United States and Japan, the technology world leaders, he add-

ous," he said.

er than lost it."

But Mr. Kaske cautioned that oew technology was not a cheap alternative to smokestack indus

"Producing the latest types of integrated circuits on a world scale today costs more investment per worker than building a new steel mill," he said.

Japanese Shareholders: Up From Groveling

shares, up from 103.1 million trad- shares trading at 40 1/2.

New Legal Code Changes the Authoritarian Tone of Annual Meetings

By Steve Lohr New York Times Service

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2.407.5 72.0815 30.12 83.39 27.28 13.70 74.94 408.24 104.70 *

2.247.725 330.12 83.39 27.28 13.70 74.94 408.24 104.70 *

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0.8012 0.571 2.2558 4.9012 1.37140 2.4407 44.600 1.70 187.888 TOKYO - In Japan, the annual conclaves held by companies for their shareholders have traditionally been notorious for brevity. Sometimes, no more than 20 Cerrency U.S.S. 0.491 Singapore \$ 2.1318 0.491 Singapore \$ 2.1318 0.002 S. Kerson was 800.00 0.0063 Spen. pesets 158.95 0.1222 Swed. krone 8.185 0.004 Trivans \$ 40.18 0.005 Trivans \$ 40.18 0.005 Trivans \$ 40.18 0.005 U.S.E. dirbam 3.6733 minotes or so are required to steamroll management's proposals past submissive investors for approval. The American spectacle of a corporate chieftain taking questions from pesky corporate gadflies has had no equivalent in Japan. Not, at least, until quite recently. On Monday, when Sony Corp. held its annual shareholders' meeting in Tokyo, it turned out to be a 13-hour affair, with only four brief interludes for meals and coffee

> When it was over, Norio Ohga, Sony's president, who stood while fielding questions from the floor, rendered his judgment on the experience. "In a word," he said, "it was The Sony marathon was the

longest Japanese shareholders' meeting in memory. The gatherings have become considerably more drawn out since October 1982, when revisions in the Japanese commercial code went into effect. For example, an Osaka-based hotel chain's annual meeting last Octoher ran 9½ hours. The commercial code changes

made it illegal for companies to make payments to sokaiya, so-called professional shareholders whose vocation mainly consisted of stifling dissent at annual meetings, with varying degrees of subtlety and many tools of persuasion, including arm-twisting.

the plight of the investor in Japan. pretense of shareholder democra- day and Friday, Feb. 2 and 3. cy," observed Nobumitsu Kagami, an economist in Tokyo.

to raise dividends to internationally competitive rates. In a recent analysis, Lawrence

Rapeta, a U.S. attorney and a Japan Foundation fellow, noted that the rates of return paid by compa-mes listed on such stock markets as New York and Frankfurt has averaged about 4 percent in the past few years, while major Japanese corporations have paid average dividends of about 1.5 percent. "The low rate of dividends." Mr.

Rapeta wrote, "provides a clear indication of the superior position of Japanese management and the groveling posture of the sharehold-

The changes in the commercial code, including increased disclosure of corporate information to the public, were intended to im-prove the holder's posture. In part, it was Sony's progressive attitude toward the new rules that resulted in its embarrassingly long annual "Yesterday, we bad the policy of

taking every shareholder's question to show that our meeting was based on the spirit of the new law," Yasuhiko Kuroda, a spokesman for Sony, said on Tuesday. Sony had a difficult year in 1983, with profits dropping 35 percent,

Holiday

All banks, markets and govern-ment offices in Hong Kong will be closed through Saturday, Feb. 4, for the Chinese New Year's boli-

In Knala Lumpur, all banks, The authoritarian tone of annual government offices and markets meetings has long been a symbol of other than tin will be closed government offices and markets Wednesday, Feb. 1, for a holiday. "In Japan, there is not even the All markets will be closed Thurs-

In Singapore, gold and stock markets will be open half days for Despite the earnings growth of the rest of this week.

Japanese corporations during the and most of the questions from the land most of the land oy's performance. However, ac- shi, a professor at Keio Business cording to those who attended the School. "But if it means the meetmeeting, several hours of questions ings are used for other purposes, seemed to come from about 30 in- that would be unfortunate." dividuals described as "former sokaiya." Their questions, often repeated, dealt with fine procedural three- to five-hour sessions that are

Several Japanese executives

points concerning the meeting.

"If the legal change means that genuine shareholders use the annumeetings to learn more about companies and make their views

TAX SAYINGS AND PROFIT ACCREMINATION IN THE TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS

 No traction no exchange control.
 Pointcal stability.
 Good communications. Government incentives, on ou standing Companies Ordinance en-

couraging easy and economic For-motion of exempted companies, banks, trusts and insurance compoi. International banking facilities.

Possible to obtain guarantees against future taxation.

Other services include Management of cor Captive insurance.

Our professional staff will be pleased to assist your P.O. Box 118 Grand Turk Turks and Caicos Islands, B.W.I. Sony is at a loss as to how it

generally run in the United States. "We don't know what to do," Mr. praised Sony for taking the "coura- Kuroda said. "And what happens geous step" of running a complete-ly open meeting. Most, though, had reservations about going through a similar experience themselves.

TAPMAN MANAGED COMMODITY ACCOUNTS PERFORMANCE RESULTS FOR COMPTREND II

BEGINNING EQUITIES ON JANUARY 1 OF EACH YEAR yielded the following

IN 1980: +165% IN 1981: +137% IN 1982: +32% As of JANUARY 26, 1984 EQUITY STOOD AT

\$83,262.75 More than \$50,000,000,00 currently under management

Call or write Royall Frezier at TAPMAN, Trend Analysis and Portfolio Management, Inc., Wall Street Plaza, New York, New York 10005 212-289-1041 Telex BMI 667173 UW.

ASSOCIATED ORES MINING COMPANY LTD. P.M.B. 1021, OKENE, KWARA STATE

INMITATION TO TENDER FOR THE SUPPLY OF LARGE SIZE MINING EQUIPMENT TO ITAKPE IRON ORE MINE COMPLEX, NEAR OKENE, KWARA STATE

Tenders are invited from reputable Manufacturers/Dealers for the supply of the following mining equipment to Associated Ores Mining Company Limited. The equipment have been grouped accordingly into 4

LOT ME -1 45 Ton Rear Dump Mining Trucks (16 units) Hydraulic Shovel - 5/6 cu.m. bucket (3 units)

LOT ME -3 Front End Loader - Wheel type with 9 cu.m. bucket (3 units) Crawler-Mounted Rotary Drill with 120-200 mm. bit diameter, and 15,000 - 20,000 kg. pulldown force. (3 units)

2. Tender documents (in three booklets) could be obtained from the office of the Deputy General Manager (Production), Associated Ores Mining Co. Ltd., Okene upon presentation of a Receipt for the payment of a non-refundable fee of N 250.00 (two hundred and fifty Naira) for each of the above lots, made to Associated Ores Mining Co. Ltd., Okene. The bidder could submit tender for a part or all of the 4 lots.

3. The completed tender documents should be enclosed in a sealed envelope dearly marked "CONFIDENTIAL - Tender for Mining Equipment", and adressed to:

The General Manager, Associated Ores Mining Co. Ltd., Okene - Lokoja Rd., P.M.B. 1021, OKENE.

Tenders are to be returned in two (2) copies delivered by hand or registered post to reach the office of the General Manager not later than 12:00 noon, Friday, 12th March 1984. A third copy is to be delivered in the same monner, the same closing date and time to the France office of Associated Ores Mining Co. Ltd., c/o Sofremines,

93104 MONTREUIL Cédex,

4. Only the tenders in full compliance with the specified Instructions,

Conditions and Terms for the contracts will be considered. 5. The company is not bound to accept an offer

DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER (PRODUCTION) for: General Manager & Chief Executive

U.S. Futures Prices

7.00 7.82 8.14 8.40 8.53 9.23 9.54 9.82

2492 2502 2482 2462 2424 2394 2521 2502 2462 2462 2424 2394

7.61 7.88 8.20 8.41 9.20 9.00 9.52

Metals

64.60 65.80 67.00 68.40 70.40 71.10 72.45 73.75 74.35 74.35 74.35 43.35 45.05 44.45 45.95 40.25 70.20 71.40 75.25 76.30

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and gains of SZZ million from accounting eliange, houtin eliains adjustment, and tau benefits. Icl; Reflects 87.15 billion provision for closures and gains of SIS million for lax credits, persion adjust-ments, accounting and sale of assets and tax benefits. (d.): Reflects charge of SZ million and tax benefits. (d.): Reflects charge of SZ million benefits and tax benefits. (d.): Charges sale of assets and tax penefits, one debt-equity sweet.

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4th Quer. 1921 1922
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Per Shore 184 0.55
Year 1931 1982
Revenue 1,270, 1,316,
Nel Inc. 5127 234
Per Shore 3.49 2,10
Results reliect 50% shock dividend in July 1782, 1983 augrter nel includes gains of \$1.49
million vs \$260,000 in vegrage trant invastory liquidoflora.

Query 1980 1982 1982 Revenue 2250, 2210 Nef Inc. 73.0 544 Per Shore 244 0.45 Query 1983 1981 Revenue 244 1.45 Query 1983 1981 Revenue 244 1.45 Query 1983 1981 year nef includes onine of 57 million vs 256 million in million in preferred shores.

West Germany

77.27 77.80 77.84 77.85 24.90 24.30 24.13 24.13 17.75 7.25 7.40 7.35 24.70 25.95 25.85 25.85

68.02 67.82 66.65 66.82 66.60 65.80 66.75 48,90 68,45 67,15 66,50 44,10

COMPANY EARNINGS

| Hemmermill Peper | 4th Qupr. | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982

Hutton (E.F.)

Net inc. 8.5 40.2 Per Share. 0.33 1.79 Year 1983 1983 Revenue 2:200. 1.600. Net inc. 110.6 81.1 Per Share. 447 1.24 1983 quarier net includes charge of 59 million from possible re-imbursement to holders of Baldwin United annulty policies.

Knight-Ridder

4th Guar. 1983 1892
Revente 487.54 364.16
NSI Inc. 407.57 36.55
Per Share 0.61 0.55
Year 1983 1992
Pevente 1.470, 1.250.
Not Inc. 119.44 102.93
Per Share 119.0 1.57
Rosults restated for 2-hor-istack spitt in Nov. 1883. Full name at company is Knight-Ridder Newspapers.

Noble Affil.

North Amer. Phil.

Quor. 1972 1983
Revenue 1.70 494
Net Inc. 31.1 29.72
Per Share 2.58 2.14
Year 1983 1982
Revenue 1.800. 2.170
Net Inc. 92.71 73.54
Per Share 4.75 3.53
Full name of company le

Ogden

| Ath Guar. | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 1982 | 19

Primark

1752 1923 - 627.0 465.3 - 17.5 2.55 - 188 0.33 - 1993 1993 - 1,870, 1660. - 31.18 24.13 - 273 - 198411 5 offusted 2 stock sptil de-

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Revenue — Nat Inc. — Per Share — Nel Inc. — Per Share —

Ath Quar. Revenue ____ Net Inc. ____ Par Share.__

Revenue Net Inc. Per Share....

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1982 84.7 9.84 0.22

#0.000 lbs.- cents peri-Feb #48.5 6 Apr #4.50 6 Jun #4.50 6 Aus #5.22 d Oct \$3.10 63 Dec #4.10 44 Est. Sales 25.161 Pre Prev. Dov Open Int. 1 #4.000 lbs.- cents per ft #4.000 lbs.- cents per ft #4.000 lbs.- cents per ft

Reed Int'l loaths 1986 nue 1,480. ox Net 60.2 phore. 0.351

United States

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Per Share. 6.8
Year 1953
Revenue B.42a. 1953
Net Inc. 205.3
Per Share. 243
Per Share. 1953
Per Share 1 Includes loss at million vs pain of Stat.
Iton in quarter and loss of million vs pain of 57.3 million.

minion vs gain at \$14.4 minion in quarter and 15% of \$17 million in variety and 15% million in verr from foreign currency transfolion, 1983 not includes goins of \$4.6 million in quarter and \$31.9 million in quarter and \$31.9 million in year from change of accounting, 1983 nets includes outle of \$2.7 million from \$50 end charge of \$11.1 million relating to Myklyk. [182 marter net includes goin of \$23.7 million from reversal at proviliam from reversal at provi-

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1982 103.9 9.96 1.15 1982 427.6 41.5 4.80

Cap. Citie 4th Quer. Revenue Per Share....

Amerada Hess

43.6 0.52 1962 8,390, 168.7 2.00 of 33.3

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.24 1.4 20 .60 3.1 17

1,24 4.3 13 16 84 4.2 7 733 .00 9 11 998 .36 1.6 20 196 1.52 4.6 16 82

the party sections of the control of the control of the control of dividend plus stock dividend.

b — control rate of dividend plus stock dividend.

c — flequidelling dividend.

cid — con llad.

d — rever vestry low.

a — dividend sectored or pold in preceding 13 months.

b — dividend in Consolion funds, subject to 15% non-residence for the control of the consolion funds, subject to 15% non-residence for the control of the

461/14 261/14 1261/16

Jan. 31

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420.00 424.50 474.10 442.10 450.20

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Banks

SBL intil JAS
Ba Indosucz 5'4-8
DG Exi Algerie #
BUE 5'4-9
BUE 5'4

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Alfo 10 11% 19% 19% 19% 10% 10% 27 99.6 95.6 7-12 100.24130.4 6-21 97's 100's 5-21 97-6 99 6-1 92.0 99.5 6-5 97 97 10 6-11 99.2 100.2 10 % 18 % 10 % 10 %

6 Name Bid Asked 4-2 99% 100 0 7-11 99% 100 0 3-21 98,5 100.3 17-20 99.5 100.3 3-27 97.5 3-46 100.57 20.7 7-12 100.57 100.6

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Per Share 1.762
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Revenue 6.310
Itel Inc. 1987
Per Share 1987
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Illian from restructioning. 1483 1.580 548 1.11 1982 6.120 319.8 6.59 d for Dividends INCREASEO INITIAL STOCK SPLIT or Ine 2-for-1 USUAL Armetrong Wid Ind
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NEW DELHI -- The Soviet defense minister, Marshal Dimitri Usunov, will travel to India Monday for a four-day visit aimed largely at improving Soviet-Indian ties, a Defense Ministry official said Tuesday. Herald Eribune

Reaching More Than a Third of a Million Readers in 164 Countries Around the World.

MEATING OIL.
42.000 god-cents if Feb. 100.70
Mor 84.20
Apr 74.70
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Aug Sap Commodity Indexes Paris Commodities

Jan. 31

1,760 1,830 1,930 1,995 2,085 2,210 50 ton

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London Commodities

Market Guide

SUGAR Mor May Oct Dec Mor Est, y solesi 1 COCOA Mor Moy Jiy Sep Dec Mor COCO/ Mar May Jul Sep Dec Mar May 11,81 1.873 1.883 1.865 1.862 1.875 1.878 1.848 1.852 1.855 1.840 1.843 1.844 1.810 1.816 1.817 1.805 1.808 1.810 1.802 1.800 1.803 1,967 1,958 1,938 1,914 1,876 1,860 1,602 1,990 1,989 1,945 1,948 1,905 1,885 1,989 1,988 1,945 1,945 1,904 1,887 11,810 lots of 10 lons.

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Jon 2,098 2,069 — 2,090 2,091 2,094
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Jily 1,792 1,904 1,920 1,922 1,910 1,937
See 1,800 1,868 1,882 1,885 1,871 1,879
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Jon 2,000 253,001 — 252,00 258,00
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U.S. Steel

4th quar. 1992 1993
Revenue 4700, 4200, Net Loss — (a)983, b)332, Year 1992 1993
Revenue 18,900, 17,500, Net Loss — e13,66. (d)361, ie i: Reflects provision of \$1,150 higher for sign points of \$459 million on 1997 per points of \$450 million from 1997 per points of \$450 million for 1997 per points of \$450 million for 1997 per points of 1997 per points Cash Prices Jan. 31 Ceramedity and Unit
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Printcleit 64/30 39 b. vd
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The Cospec elact. |b
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vative government announced plans Tuesday to discourage frivolous candidates in general elections by raising the deposit to £1,000 (\$1,400), a six-fold jump and the first increase in 74 years.

The proposals would also give persons on vacation and citizens living abroad the right to vote in elections for the first time. That right would lapse for all but local elections after seven years absence overseas. The deposit for candidates contesting a parliamentary Figures in sterling per metric ton. Silver in pence per tray ounce. dates contesting a parliamentary constituency has not changed since it was set at £150 in 1918.

The proposals declare that many minority candidates have no intention of winning an election but may seek only to discredit or impede the campaigns of those-who do. **Today Preview**

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HANNOVER, West Germany

Local public prosecutors AMEX Highs-Lows Jan. 31 searched the offices Tuesday of subsidiaries of IBH Holding AG, according to the Hanomag unit of IBH. It said the searches were con-nected with investigations into se-nior officials of IBH, which was the Britishda Etz Lavud USR Indust NEW LOWS third-largest construction-machin-ATI Inc CRS Birine Granting wi Lundy Elec PatLew 2 28p Teleconcpt a ViarneCom wi AdomRuel e Comdore Ce IntilHydra a PetLew wta BCE 8 Soot Texscon Webcar El e Alpholad EdgleCith a Lumex s Perluny 1 46e TondyBrand Trons Lux ery company in the world smil it moved into bankruptcy at the end of last year of last year. Hanomag's offices in Hannover were searched and officials of the

company handed over document to the authorities. A statement by Marshal Ustinov to Visit India the company said the search would

not harm negotiations on the future of Hanomag, which is expected for mally to file for bankruptcy prior to a probable takeover. DEVOE-HOLBEIN INTERNATIONAL, N.V. Bd U.S.SS Auto U.S.SW As of Jones 77, 1984 PERSON, HELDRING & PIERSON N.V. Herengracht 214, 1016 88 AMSTERDAM. 32205

The Metherlands
Phone (0) 20-21 1188. Teles: 12116

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MITTER OF

In Election Deps Nissan May Sign

U.K. Pact Soon

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches

TOKYO - Nissan Motor Co.

will sign an agreement with Britain probably within a week to build a

car plant in Britain, Nissan offi-

The company's president, Taka-shi Ishihara, was due to leave for

London Tuesday, a Nissan spokes-

man said, but he declined to give

the reason. The Japanese press re-

ported that an announcement was

expected from London Wednes-

The original plan, disclosed in 1981, called for construction of a

fully equipped car assembly plant with an annual output of 200,000

cars and a 5,000-strong work force. But press reports said Nissan re-cently decided to launch a smaller

plant mitially, which would assem-ble only 24,000 to 30,000 cars a

year with a work force of about 1,000. Production would start in

The Nissan spokesman declined

lo comment on Japanese press re-

ports that Nissan's management had overcome union objections to

its original plan by agreeing to re-

duce its investment to about 20

billion yen (\$98.07 million) from 150 billion yen. (UPI, Reuters)

ADVERTISEMENT

PHOENIX ASSURANCE PUBLIC

LIMITED COMPANY

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> (CDRs) The undersigned announces that as from 6th February 1984 at Kas-Associatie N.V. Spaintrant 172, Amsterdam, div. cp. no. 22 of the CDRs Phoenix Assurance Public Limited Company each repr. 50 chares will be payable with Dfla. 16.88 (re interim dividend for the year ending 31.12.1983) 7.60 p. per share]. Tax credit £1.6285 = Dila, 7.24) per CDR.

Von-residents of the United Kingdom can only laim this tax credit when the relevant to reaty meets this facility.

AMSTERDAM DEPOSITARY COMPANY N.V.

anterdam. 23th January, 1984.

BUSINESS BRIEFS

British Recovery Gaining Momentum As Orders and Output Grow, CBI Says

LONDON (Reuters) — Britain's economic recovery is gathering pace, with output and new orders growing faster than at any time since 1977, the Confederation of British Industry said Tuesday. In its latest survey of more than 1,700 member companies, the

organization said that for the fourth successive quarter, increased output and more orders were reported. During the past four months the rise in demand, mainly for consumer goods, was more extensive than expected. The survey, a key indicator of the state of the economy, was the most optimistic in recent years and showed that recovery was becoming less patchy. As a result of the rise in business confidence, the survey forecast industrial investment would rise by nearly 7 percent this year, the first increase for five years.

However, it warned that British goods were still not competitive abroad and said there are signs that companies will raise prices more feadily in the months ahead, mainly to counter higher costs for raw

Apple Reorganizes Product Divisions NEW YORK (NYT) — Apple Computer Inc. said it is reorganizing its product lines into three divisions.

Under the reorganization, the company, based in Cupertino, California, said Monday it would create: the Apple II division, which will handle current and future Apple II and Apple III products; the Apple 32 division, which will handle the Lisa and the oewly introduced Macintosh computers, and the Accessory Products division, which will handle introduced the computers and other peripheral equipment.

printers, keyboards and other peripheral equipment Apple Inc. recently reported sharply lower profits for its fiscal first quarter, citing price cuts for the Apple II, increased spending on research and higher marketing costs.

Dr Pepper to Sell Canada Dry Division DALLAS (UPI) - Dr Pepper Co. intends to sell its Canada Dry

division after the soft drink company's takeover by a New York investment firm, a Dr Pepper spokesman said Tuesday. The spokesman said proxy papers filed in connection with Dr Pepper's planned sale to Forstmann Little & Co. outlined the plan to sell Canada Dry and its properties. He said discussions concerning Canada Dry had

been held with several parties but were only in the preliminary stages.

Dr Pepper acquired Canada Dry two years ago for \$143 million. The current price has been place at \$175 million to \$200 million. Dr Pepper holders will consider the Forstmann Little offer at a Feb. 28 meeting. The transaction, valued at more than \$647 million, needs approval of two-thirds of its holders, who would receive about \$22 a share.

Cocoa Exporters' Proposal Studied

LONDON (AP) — Talks between cocoa importing and exporting nations on a new international cocoa agreement, which resumed here Monday, are expected to concentrate on a proposal put forward by

The proposal, which was presented by Ghana last week on behalf of all exporters, calls for a new pact to use a combination of buffer stock purchases and export quotas to stabilize prices within an agreed range.

The present cocoa agreement relies only on a buffer stock to regulate the

Hewlett Plans Satellite Data Venture

WASHINGTON (WP) - Hewlett-Packard Corp. said on Tuesday that it had formed a joint venture to begin marketing a high-speed data communications satellite service to allow customers to bypass the phone system and to connect Hewlett's computers nationwide.

"This is a major shift in our market presence," said Jeff S. Williams, Hewlett-Packard's product line manager for the new service. He said it will enable the company to offer its customers a wide range of telecommunications services they now must obtain from several suppliers.

Hewlett is not widely considered a marketer of office systems. The satellite system, which Hewlett-Packard will jointly market with Vitalink, a California-based satellite company partly owned by Western Union, requires the on-site installation of a satellite dish.

SBS Adds Sätellite Network Service

WASHINGTON (AP) — Satellite Business Systems has announced that it is starting a new business service that would allow corporations to place all their telephone voice, data, electronic mail and video teleconferencing traffic on a single satellite network.

The service is similar in many respects to the type of private network service now offered by SBS to large corporations that wish to have satellite Earth stations at their offices. The company said Monday that the new service, dubbed SBS Skyline Network Service, or SNS, should

"appeal to a broader market segment." SBS is a partnership of Communications Satellite Corp., IBM and Actna Life & Casualty that operates an advanced, high-speed satellite communications network.

Ericsson Gets \$8.6-Million Order

NEW YORK (Reuters) — L.M. Ericsson, the big Swedish telecommunications company, said Pakistan's telegraph and telephone department placed two new orders with Ericsson for delivery of its fully digital Axe switching systems. Total value of the two contracts exceeds \$8.6 million, Ericsson said here.

Houston Natural Gas May Plan Coastal Bid

By Robert J. Cole New York Times Service

NEW YORK — Wall Street pro-fessionals say they have heard that Houston Natural Gas Corp., a takeover target of Coastal Corp., may be considering a bid for Coast-al among possible defensive steeral among possible defensive steps. Such a bid would be extremely difficult, they said, particularly because Coastal has introduced provisions — "shark repellents," in

Wall Street jargon — to fight off any hostile bidder. But they said nday that unconfirmed reports were circulating that Houston Natural Gas might be willing to pay about \$50 a share for Coastal stock. At that price, Coastal's 20.84 million shares outstanding would be valued at more than \$1 billion. Some of the tactics that could be used to fend off Coastal might take

too much time, investment bankers said, but they suggested that Hous-ton Natural Gas might quickly arrange to purchase some company for, say, \$500 million in stock, thus making acquisition of itself much more expensive for Coastal. Acmight also create an antitrust prob-

Coastal already owns 2.08 million shares, or 5 percent, of Hous-ton Natural Gas. Last Friday Coastal offered \$68 a share for 18.75 million additional shares, which would cost nearly \$1.3 billion. The combined blocks would give Coastal 50.7 percent and thus control of the company.

Some professionals said they were concerned that Coastal might not be as serious about taking over Houston Natural Gas as they origi-nally thought. The professionals, already heavy buyers of Houston Natural Gas stock in hopes of selling it to Coastal, said Coastal might be willing to sell back its stock to Houston Natural Gas for a quick profit. That would tend to depress the market value of the stock."

Because of the sharp run-up in Houston Natural Gas shares last week, Coastal may already have a \$30-million paper profit on its 5percent stake in the company.

Houston Natural Gas stock rose \$14.625 a share on the New York Stock Exchange last week, to quiriog Houstoo Natural Gas \$59.875. On Monday, the stock gave way to the rumors by sliding \$3.50 a share, to \$56.375.

pipeline to carry crude oil from Iraq to Jordan's Red Sea port of Aqaba, a Jordanian newspaper reported Tuesday.

The newspaper, al-Rai, said the agreement was reached last week during the visit of Iraq's deputy prime minister, Taha Yasin Ramadan, to Amman, It said the project would cost \$1 billion and would include a refinery at Aqaba. Aqaba has become a major

Iraq and Jordan

Said to Agree

On Oil Pipeline

AMMAN, Jordan - Jordan

and Iraq have agreed to build a

outlet for Iraq since the out-break of the Iraq-Iran war three years ago closed Iraqi ports in the Gulf. Last October, President Sad-dam Hussein said Iraq expected

pipeline from its southern fields to Saudi Arabia to be completed within six to 12 months. He also said that Saudi Arabia had agreed to allow Iraq to build a pipeline across Saudi territory to the Red Sea, though this project could take several

Intel Swamped by Surging Demand

(Continued from Page 9) uses a chip manufactured only by Intel, is having trouble with supplies. "What was committed is being delivered reliably," said Allen H. Michels, Convergent's president. "But we could sure use a lot

William H. Davidow, Intel's se-nior vice president for marketing and sales, acknowledged that most of Intel's customers would be happier with bigger shipments.

"If you give everybody 80 percent of what they need, it makes people uncomfortable," he said, But if Intel accepted more customers, it would mean "giving everybody 30 percent."
Mr. Davidow estimated that the

three-fourths of all personal computers being made today. More than a million units, with Intel's 8088 architectore, were shipped in 1983, according to Mel Thomson, a microprocessor anayst with Dataquest Inc. in San

Jose, California, from such conceros as Hewlett-Packard, Eagle, Compaq and Hyperion.
The 8088 microprocessor is made by at least a half-dozen other companies, including Advanced Micro Devices Inc., Fujitsu and Nippon Electric Co. Japanese microprocessor, producers, are also flush with orders and have not been

economic rebound. The turnaround has meant better earnings results for makers of semiconductors. Intel and Advanced Valley concern, considered two of the leading makers of specialty microprocessors and memories, recently reported buge profit in-creases, with Intel up nearly six times the figure for 1982's last quarter, to \$47.1 million.

Andrew S. Grove, Intel's president, said: "This recovery, espebeen substantially stronger than anything we've had before. We couldn't see this day coming."

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it serves was "one of the most painful things we've ever done." Mr. Davidow said. It lowered morale among Intel's sales staff, be said,

about it now," he said. Mr. Grove, considered a tough manager by Silicon Valley stan-dards, termed the plan one of Intel's "achievements of the year." He said it sharply reduced ship-ment delays that inevitably would have cropped up, angering custom-

Still, some purchasing managers will not take no for an answer. One Japanese company, which Mr. Davidow declined to identify, offered what amounted to an "extreme bribe to place an order with Intel, but was turned away, he said. Mr. Davidow said, however, that

the customers who developed products over the last few years that are designed around Intel microprocessors and memories are getto build them.

It is only fair, he concluded, that they were given favored treatment as supplies tightened. Mr. Grove said: "IBM is getting able to gain much, if any, increased

man, said, "We get no special treat-ment compared with any other

ume of business with Intel."

another \$200 million on research. A plant opening in March, in Albuquerque, New Mexico, for in-

GUARANTEED

FIRST YEAR

semiconductor makers were willing lar chips, the 80186. The chip is to accept. "They are feeling better used in new personal computers

Japan Says Current Account Surplus Tripled in 1983, Setting New Record

TOKYO - Japan posted a record current account surplus of \$21.02 billion in 1983, more than three times the figure for 1982, the Finance Ministry said Tuesday.

Soaring exports and a decline in imports of crude oil, Japan's single largest import, led to the 1983 sur-plus eclipsing the previous record of \$16.53 billion in 1978, the ministry said.

The current account surplus in 1982 was \$6.85 billion.

Japan's overall merchandise trade surplus also came to an all-time high of \$31.65 billion, the ministry said. This was up sharply from \$18.08 billion in 1982, and shattered the previous record of \$24.6 billion in 1982, it added.

It attributed the surge to a 5.6percent rise in exports and a 4.9-percent decline in imports.

The ministry reported earlier this month that the largest trade surplus last year was recorded with the United States and amounted to \$18.13 billion.

The U.S. Commerce Department last Friday, however, put the U.S. trade deficit with Japan at \$21.66 billion in 1983, exceeding the \$20-billion mark for the first

The figures seem certain to increase pressure on Japan in talks with major trading partners next month to open its market further to imports and to maintain existing

limits on certain exports. The current account is a broad trade measure that includes merchandise as well as non-merchandise items such as services. Japan's traditional deficit in non-merchandise items reflects a long-standing policy of favoring domestic pro-duction, even at the expense of licensing or royalty fees, over importing finished goods.

There was a deficit on non-merchandise items of \$9.06 billion,

down slightly from \$9.85 billion a \$113.78 billion in 1983 from year ago, the ministry said. \$119.58 billion in 1982, largely due

plus carried Japan's overall balance of payments to a surplus of \$5.18 billion in 1983, swinging back from a deficit of \$4.97 billion in 1982.

in the previous December and \$868 million in November, the ministry reported. The previous monthly re-cord of \$2.85 billion was set in July. July, November and December 1983 had the three largest monthly current account surpluses ever, the

year ago, the ministry said.
The massive current account sur-

In December, Japan's current ac-count surplus surged to a record \$3.31 billion, up from \$1.71 billion

ministry said. Exports rose in 1983 to \$145.43 billion from \$137.66 billion the

previous year. Imports dropped to

to lower prices for imported oil. contrasted to a 7.9-percent drop in exports in 1982, which was the first

decline in Japan's exports in 30 years.

Meanwhile, officials in the prime minister's office said that Japan's unemployment rate rose from 2.4 percent in 1982 to 2.6 percent last year, the highest level since the gov-

erument began compiling such sta-tistics in 1953. They said the major cause of the high level of unemployment, which averaged 1.56 million people last year, was the long recession, despite a pick-up in the economy.

(AP. Reuters)

GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF MALDIVES

Malé Water Supply and Sewerage Project

Pregualification of Contractors

Applications are invited from suitably experienced contractors to pre-qualify as tenderers for the above project which will be funded jointly by the Government of the Republic of Maldives, European Economic Community, Kreditanstalt Für Wiederaufbau and Saudi Fund for Development.

Principal features of the project are an integrated rainwater collection scheme and a piped sewerage system for the island's 40,000 population.

Interested firms may obtain prequalification documents after 14th February 1984 by application to the undersigned and documents should be returned to the same address by 1.00 p.m. on Saturday 31 March

> Minister of Health MALÉ Republic of Maldives

New Issue February, 1984 All of these securities having been placed, this announcement appears for purposes of record only.

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because they were forced to turn away business that many other

ers, if Intel had kept the door open. Intel-designed 8088 is part of about

> ting most of what they need today He stressed that Intel's established customers indirectly paid for the research that created the 8088.

the deal our largest customer should get. The fact that they are share of the U.S. market during this our largest shareholder is irrele-Steven Quigley, an IBM spokes-

> company that does a similar vol-Mr. Grove said that IBM's investment in Intel a year ago helped

the company step up its research and product development. Intel is spending \$350 million this year, or 20 percent of sales, on cially in the oew product area, has new plants and equipment, plus

facturing capacity by as much as 40 percent over the next few years. The company bas also ao-

counced that it is talking with two companies that Intel would like to license to make another of its popucoming onto the market, and is considered faster than the 8088. Intel has not identified the companies, but Mr. Grove said be expects agreements to be reached later this

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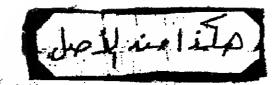
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Ÿ.	15%	55V2	Wahi Wala	im Par	-30	1.1	.5 16	ij	101/2	101	10% 11 %	: 1/2	
٦į	75\4 22\4 15\6 12\6	13%	WRI	<u> </u>	(결)	4.9 20	7	ij	1114		18%	_ 4	
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j	45% 9%	22%	Wrote	he	.05	ī	31	200	数	3994	16%	+*	
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Over-the-Counter NASDAQ National Market Prices												1	
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Over-the-Cou	nter jan. 31
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nps .05 4 11 1294 1216 1294 + 1/2 os L40 11,7 272 1216 12 12	NiCrys 1.98 6.7 241 2814 2814 2814 - Va NiCrys 20 1.1 4 19 1816 19 + 4
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Big 3 443 616 814 814	NData 40 20 556 1994 1994 1994 + 1/4
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ulx s 817 4014 3734 4014 12	Nelson s 368 1876 15% 1614 — 14
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BI \$ 401 2214 20 2014 _2	Mworts .08 .3 324 2914 2814 2914
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F	
78 814 434 834	Nordsts 28 A 454 35% 25 35% - 14
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G 1.36 3.4 875 4016 3014 4016 +114	MAffins 202 17% 16% 16% - 16
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He .68 2.7 106 26 251/2 251/2 1/2 HTTM 1191 676 574 61/4 + 1/4	Novmtx 3 7 7 7 + 46
7 9% 9% 9%	MuclPh 1597 10% 8% 9%— %
OPIC 200 52 973816 7736 3816	Numers 339 11% 10% 11% + 16 NuMed 38 11 10% 10%
Trint 1.00 5.1 112 1994 1995 1994 CSY 280 52 254 54 5396 5394 14	NuMed 38 11 10% 10%
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Bk 34 1.9 53 1836 1896 1896 14 Go 80 29 44874 37 27/4	Oceaner 728 54 54 676 - 16
MIS 8 13 124 13 + 24	Ochta 91 17 16% 17 + 14 Ochta 2 12 12 13 - 14
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di 192 16% 16% 16% IFI ,96 24 47 36% 36% 36% + 14	OldRep .966 24 442 25 3246 3446 — 16
och .16 LJ 11 1376 1376 1376	Okist pfC 2.60 13.1 34 20% 19% 19% 19% 4 6 Omorad 392 1% 16% 19% + 16
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y:		罗尔	7%	746 + 16 1744 — 14	ElonP s	1,40	11,7	372 12W	12	12 114- 4	NICptr s	20	1.1	241 2874 4 19 67 146 556 1994	28% 18% 136 19%	28% — 1/2 19 + %
Rt	4,5	73 23A	214	2314	ElCath	b 5		443 <i>6</i> 14 8 1344	1314	134-4	NICITY S NICETT S VINDOSC NDOSC NAMET S	.40	20	556 1944 290 111/2	11%	1996 + 16
Bld	240 42	118.57V	57	12 — 46 746 + 16 1746 — 46 1746 — 46 5746 + 46 28 1616 + 16 2276 + 16	ElPas Ellons s Elchle s Elchle: EleNuci ElcRes s ElModi			11 1294 372 1274 85 1174 443 674 8 1374 157 974 44 19 107 1674 26 1774	1214	7 + 1/4 16/2- 12	NTach NatrBiy	1	I	31 6%	64	1996 + 16 1174 — 16 676 — 16 8 — 16 1574 — 16
rex B :	48 24 76 32	111 16V	16%	26 1612 + 15 22% + 16	Elciwis			107 16% 26 11%	1414	14% + %	Monumba	.16	13	66 14%	164	154- 12
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erx i ost	- 35 17	157 1034 9 48 33 44% 26 14% 112 34% 66 37% 179 124 179 124 177 276 3 194 30 226 313 7	44		Englon	v		10 121/	174 814 184 184 184 184 174 174 174 204 214 214 214	13% + W 10% - W 11% - W 13% - W 13% + W 13% + W 11% + W 22% + W 23% + W 23% - W 25% - W 26% - W 26% - W 26% - W 26% - W				290 1116 311 614 45 1294 46 1614 48 1614 48 664 134 294 48 664 134 294 48 664 134 294 48 664 134 294 48 674 13 2144 48 334 13 2144 48 334 13 2144 13 2144 14 214 14	15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	16% — W 6% + % 20% + %
Ť.	.50b #A	182 344	149 33 314 314 314 314 314 314 314	3312-112	EngRsv EnzBl s			10 12% 157 37% 10 6% 403 22% 74 8% 235 26% 37 6%	20	2014-2	Numert s	.00	3	324 2914	2872	4814
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ns isr oft ofr	.96 43	313 7	317	224 - 16 7 + 14 15 - 14	Frme 4 Frme Feronia	124	•	78 81/2 124 16/4 875 40/6	15	15%-14	Norston HAftin s		1	152 944	914	%- V
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en en		675 6 06 5	346 746	5% - % 3% - %	Fingle Fingenx Finison FtAlazk	.06	u	106 26 1191 636 7 996	27	64 + 4	Novmtx	1.00		3 7	7	77 + 6
en Hite pic:	.10 .8	7 12 229 2134 70 114	596 396 736 1136 2092	7% — W 13 + W 20%—1	FtAlabk	2.00	52	97 3814	374	3814	Musters Numbers NuMed			379 11%	1074	1116 + 16
yls Wh		26 70%	7014	3% + % 13 + % 13 + % 11% - 1 11% 10% 35% - % 16% + % 37	Plating Pisksy FCIYPO PICOIF	2,80	3133	875 40% 379 996 106 26 1791 676 7 996 97 3814 112 1914 254 54 137 6 30 17 864 1316 44274 8 13	25% 5% 5% 19% 5% 16% 12% 12%	876 1516 - 714 461/2 + 714 91/2 - 1/2 61/4 + 1/4 91/4 381/4 - 1/4 537/4 - 1/4	- Author		_	0	10-74	 -
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OC HC Wr Sv s		7405 3314 4774 254	274	37	FEXEC S	.34	1.9	53 18%	1246 1846	18% - 14	OnkHits			94 596 128 61/2 128 574	544 544 544 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127	5% — 16 6% + 16 6% — 16 17 + 16 13 — 16
Wi 5v •		861 21 125 15	301/2	30% - 1/2	FRBGe FSVWis FTUnCP			40274	124	13 + 14	Ochla			76 17	1614	17 + 4
5	30b 44	861 31 175 15 45 1844 47 674 28 1492 125 8 93 2576	1514 746 251/2	24% - 16 30% - 16 17% - 16 15% + 16 6% + 16 14% - 16 25% - 16 25% - 16 25% - 16 25% - 16 25% - 16 13 + 16 18 - 16	Fixeli s	1.36 ,40	24	4 13 359 4146 18 154 192 1646 47 3692		13 + 14 414- 4 154 + 4	Odetics OffsLog OhieCa OldRes Oldst pfC Omand Onyx	2.57	45	2 12 15 16% 122 45½ 442 25 34 20% 392 17% 1396 8¼ 11 20%	10%	17 + 16 10% + 114 25% + 114 25% - 14 19% - 14 19 + 16 5 + 14
t s	,72 🚨	26 14/2	14	1414 + 14	Flanfi	.96 -16	24 13	192 16% 47 36%	3614	16% 36% + W	OldRep OldSt pfC	.90b	13.1	442 25 34 2014	3246	3414 — 14 1976 — 14
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úr On		16 124	72%	2844 — 34 1244 — 34 474 — 14 19 + 14	ForestO Form\$	7.00	4.0	44 25¼ 250 6¼	614	25	Opticas				1914	27 4114
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rk Af fa	20, 22	689 314 ₉ 18 94 ₂ 0 41 ₃	914	2346 + 46 946 — 16 44 — 14	Gattleo			7 12	12	12 - 14	<u> </u>			P	-	'
x)	<u> 1</u> .		44	44-4	Garcia Gentah s			7 12 56 7¼ 84 39 115 13¼	374 1274	79 +1 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	PNC PobsiB s	212	4.8		4316	441/2 + %
YS		387 814	8	0 - 16	GnAut GnHme		,	130 IOV3	10 16	70 - 4	Pobsits a PocTel PocoP a	,72	41	105 8	74	77% 7774
dia 1	1.00 3.3	49 2114 1003 3044 486 1314 31 1144	20%	214+12	GnWkr GenetE	.10	.ó	4 16 60 5%	16	54 + 4	PocoP's PoncM's	.10	15	79 674	17 19 67/2	16% + % 16% - % 15% + % 15% + % 16% - % 16% - % 16% - %
ec.	1.60 13.6	488 1314	38 13 1114	214 + 12 30 - 4 124 - 3 114 + 16 474 - 4	General S			60 574 520 7 516 15	1414	7 + 16 14% + %	Ponsph Portes			1506 1776	61/2 161/2 15	16% - K
m	2.00 5.0	Q 40	4744	124 — % 134 + 16 174 — 34 174 — 34	Gibray Gibang				1414 2474 21	37 + 16	Patrki PayN s	-54	27	2157 31	1894	8 - 4 2014 + 24
CHISSISSISSISSISSISSISSISSISSISSISSISSISS	2.60 13.6 2.40 5.6 .56 2.8 .15b 1.1 .80a 1.8 .84e 2.8 2.00 5.0	20 14	LEVE	14 + 14	Gallaco Gould?	.68	3.4.	40 2014	1994	44- 4 20	PropEs PeopRf		_	775 1874 457 434	1814	781/2 — VA
/k	.500 I.S	320 291/2	28	2914-1 2917	Grantre			17 BV4	1994 894 695 1174	814 + 16 672 - 34	Percept Petrile	1.00	2.5	63 13	5% 1134	114-1
13	200 50	131 204 20 14 307 4494 300 2994 40 3996 235 1094 17 25 7 1194 50 994 333 1136 110 334 140 130	3914	1714 — 1 2712 — 1 1814 — 14 1334 — 14 244 — 16 1746 216 914	Grohise & GtOutd GBayCs			117 814 425 74 181 124 5 234	1114	29 5½ + ½ 6½ — ¾ 11¼ — 1½ 23¼ + ¼	Phrmct PSFS			452 6% 63 13 41 28% 25 20% 670 11% 606 17%	2814 181/2 111/4	5% — % 11% — 1 20 — 7 11% — 1 6% — 4 17% — 4
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š le		7 111/2	1174	1796 296	HBO s	.10	4		27% 13%	22 - 14	PionH1 PionStd	.72 .22	23	144 32	674 1774 2174	32 + 16
-		333 1134	77-14	995 146	HBOs HCC Hodson	.06a	A	233 2614 28-1314 77 474 12 774	4%	28 V. 1392 V. 494 V. 709 +- V. 1894 14	PizmTm	,22		144 32 60 2374 573 574	2294 574 2394 22 5	27 + 16 274 — 16 56 25 + 16 26 + 16
S M		11 314	31/2	TV2	HaleSy HamiPf	.10	.5	12 794	4% 7% 18% 29%	70+ 4 184- 4	PicyM s Porex PosiSi			672 2214	22	25 +114 224 + 14 3 - 16
IC I		3. 836	974_	Value 14.	HarpGp RithCr 1	10	g.,	93 1844 93 1844 19 304 16 1344 26 174 104 944	297/2 13	291/4—1	LOWITC .	02	. ^	22 5 45 1714		5 — 16 1674 + 14-
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1	-4 1	13 12	64	44 44	Hogun s HmeDp \$			481 1812 595 19	174	7% + % 7% + % 7% - % 11 + % 12% - 1% 18% - %	PropCs PropfTr	.16 1.20	1.5	18 3372 63 1372	1314	331/2 — 74 131/4
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		C ·			Hugh& s	200	17 14	94 20%	1744 1914 1514 752 2116 2614 1914	201/2 + 1/6	Quantin	.60	20	53 6% 11 26 462 17/4 146 5%	1614	17 + 14
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_	24	10	748 259	25	254 + 4	RPM s	.08	37	94 15%	15	15 —	7
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	120	33	14 247		1944 26%— 14	Rogen s	3.76	44	35-07%	374	674-	ú
			257 9	194		Romtek	-20		63 10%	1094	10%	•
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	-			====	TAUR - 17	Decree				2016	1014-	. 14

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Indian	1.30	32	14 20%			Roine	7.76	44	35-07 %		39% +
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institt s			33 1996	79%	1912 + 14	Recyes			788 10%	1812	18% —
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totisy s			422 19	17%	1874 + 14	Remails			3 1372	1314	1314+
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Intringa			858 474	674	6 - 16	ReHitth			3 72%	12%	12% +
Introces			189 15Fb	151/2	15%- 4	Reuter			54 T31/b	1232	1274-
InCopE			33 BV2	81/2	BV2	Region			53 121/6	1134	1170-
intain			88 231h	22.14	22%	Rhiim			95 10	912	974
InKing s			106 16	2514	15%- 4	Rival	.80	7.4	36 10%	1015	101/2-
inflae s			11 14	1394	14	Roads	1.80	2,9	308 6134	60	4117
InMobil			210 2%	314	892 + 14	Rockcor	_		104 129%	1214	1256-
IR12			185 JH	3	3W + 16	ROUSE	.72	23	22 31	30%	31. +
IntTotal			80 4Na	6H	616- 76	RoylRac			14 12%	1216	1244 +
InTott wt			17 21/2	214	244	RyanFa			% 31 14	2074	2114—
	_	_									
						11			S		
JB Rest	.20	14	54 14Th	141/2		SCI SY 5			1573 1992	174	184-
Jackpot	1		106 576	5%	674	SEI			66 2214		
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Jomsby	.48	3.4	. 6 1734	174	1774 + 14	Saferd s			344 674	74	78-
JetMart			138 794	74	74- 4	Sateco	2.60	44	54 5714	5634	57Va +
Jerico s	.72		1352 15	1414	14 + 16	St.Jude		_	465 171/2	144	17
Jity s			76 376	294	3	StPoul	2.80	5.0	591 54	541/2	54 +
JhnAm	.30a	2.5	40711	10%	1076 + 14	SafCpt			137 5%	476	1 -
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	Brung	.24	1.6	99 1694	1944	15%- 14	HmaDp:			595 19	1914	19 + 12	Topiti	120	7	04 1472	NH.	1414
#1:45 it 4.* Exists	Bortet Broken s		- 3	160 20	1944	1974 - 14	HmFSD HomeHt			213 16 1559 814	77/2	16% 8½ + %	11			0		
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	CCCC				7011		HUNOTO			46 BV2	BV2	EVE.	Questin			146 5%	5% 2%	5% + V4
SMIPPLINE GO	C COR			36 11 326 1494	101/2	144 + 12	HintyBo	1.486		58 31 16 17	30V2	70% 16%7%	Quest wi			37 234	234	21/4
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· 1550	CFS 5 CGA C			107 23% 195 10%	23	23% + 14 10 - 16	HydeA s	1.00	1.0	153 91/2 108 68	-	68 + W	Quality s			39 1896	15	1544 + 14
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HTI ITIE	Cm/Shr	. 500	33	51 15%	1514	15% + 16	KLAS			718 314	201/2	21 22 — 12	Scherer	22	2.0	48 16% 24 15% 16 6%	151/2	15% + 16
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, and an arrangement of the second	Concett			253 11	1072	5% + 16 10% 20% + 16	LndBF	.12 .60 .60	43	27 94	1374 576	16% — ¼ 16% — ¼ 13% 6% + 16	StaCp Sizzier's			Q 8%	8	
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	omnible Delera	.24	1.5	243 18%	15%	15% + %	Matrixs	.16	3	44 32% : 15 17% :	772	3734 — 14 1714 — 1/2 71/2 — 14	SYNCOR	<i>2</i> 0 1	1.1	13 77% E	76 1	7% - V
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80 Feared Dead on India Bus

NEW DELHI -- As many as 80 persons were believed to have died when a bus plunged into a canal in the northern state of Punjab Mon-day, the Press Trust of India reported. Thirty-ooe bodies have been recovered, rescue officials said Tuesday.

ADVERTISEMENT

CHAMPION INTERNATIONAL

The undersigned announces that as from 7th February 1984 at Kas-Associatic N.V., Souistraat 172, Amsterdam, div. cp. no. 43 of the CDRs Champion International Corporation each repr. 10 shares will be psyable with DRs. 2.62 net (div. per recorddate 16.12.1983; gross \$.10 per share) after deduction of 15% USA-tax = \$.15 = DRs.

deduction of 15% USA-tax = \$-.15 = 1018.

47 per CDR.

Div. epa. belonging to non-residents of The Netherlands will be paid after deduction of an additional 15% USA-tax (= \$-.15 = Dfls.

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COMPANY N.V.

un, 24th January, 1984.

The undersigned amounces that as from 6th February 1984 at Kas-Associatie N.V., Spuistrant 172, Amsterdam, div. cp. no. 22 of the CDRs Foseco Min-sep PLC each repr. 50 shares will be psyable with Dfls. 5.88 (re interim dividend for the year ending 31.12.1983

CDR Non-residents of the United Kingdom can only claim this tax credit when the relevant tax treaty meets this facility.

> AMSTERDAM DEPOSITARY COMPANY N.V.

as from February 16th, 1984.

Hong Kong Property Market Hints of Recovery

By Dinah Lee

International Herald Tribune HONG KONG - After two vears of recession and a number of

bankrupticies in the property market, some local real estate agents and brokers in Hong Kong say that the worst may soon be over.

A recent land auction was widely viewed here as an indication of a possible recovery. Five government lots drew favorable bids from leadbankruptcies in the property market, some local real estate agents and brokers in Hong Kong say that the worst may soon be over.

viewed here as an indication of a possible recovery. Five government

The hope that the ailing property market will soon bottom out is expressed in a report by analysts de Zoete and Bevan that predicts that 1984 will bring "the start of a slow turnround." They foresee recovery starting in the industrial sector,

tional indications pointed to an upturn, current interest rates and housing prices relative to household income kept demand for hold income kept demand for new housing mostly limited to small

that took effect in mid-January,

bankers and brokers said Tuesday.

They said the problem was made worse by Citibank's announcement

last month in New York that it

could not pay maturing dollar de-posits at its Manila branch because

it was licensed as a foreign currency deposit unit in the Philippines and

bank's Manila branch, estimated at

up to \$1 billion, have been frozen.

covered by the moratorium. As a result, deposits with Citi-

um on repayment of foreign debts Mr. Jesudason said.

possible recovery. Five government lots drew favorable bids from leading developers. According to one government land agent, Bob Pope, the prices were the highest seen in the last two years.

The hope that the ailing property

The hope that the ailing property became insolvent.

While other sectors of the local economy, notably manufacturing, have since revived on the back of a U.S.-led recovery in exports, property values have remained destarting in the industrial sector, erty values have remained departicularly in Kwun Tong and Kowloon Bay on the peninsula side of the harbor, and on Victoria Island.

The Hang Seng Bank reported last week that "the latest private mated debt of \$1.2 billion. More residential property cycle, as defined in terms of activity, has already reached its trough." But it also warned that even though tradi-

The chief executive of one off-

shore bank said overseas banks are

not taking any chances. "Overseas banks are reluctant to lend because

they say a big bank like the Citi-bank is not paying so we are not lending to the Philippines at all,"

He is optimistic the problem will be resolved soon, although other

bankers said the cautious attitude

of foreign banks will probably out-

The head of an Asian bank with large exposure in the Philippines

said "overseas banks' dealing with

Citibank showed it was risky to

lend funds into the Philippines al-

though the offshore units here are

last the moratorium.

opinion, will the supply and demand of private sector housing return to a balance from the record-high level of vacancies in 1982 and last year.

The Hong Kong property market went into a tailspin in midlest remainder and values from 1977 to 1979. That was followed by a construction boom, particularly in the in the equity market from which to stage a recovery. Property assets account for about 70 percent of the Hang Seng index of the local stock market.

Companies with big office developments, like Hongkong Land and Hang Lung, are likely to remain depressed for some time, the report said. However, Hongkong Land has made impressive moves under its new chairman, David Davies, to reduce its debt, which tripled in the 1982 property collapse. The com-pany debt is expected to peak at 17 billion Hong Kong dollars (U.S. \$2.18 billion) in several years' time.

Current Hongkong Land debt is about 12 billion dollars, against which it will apply 860 million dol-lars carned in the recent sale of shares in the associated company Jardioe Matheson. Hongkoog Land also recently obtained a 2.5-

months to convince banks that off-

Borrowing then became easier, but the Chibank case has since

Japanese banks are believed to

be among those with heavy expo-

sure to Citibank in Manila, bank-

shore units were not covered.

frightened lenders, he added.

Also in January, Everbright Industrial Co., a new company with strong injections of capital from Beijing, announced its one-billion-dollar purchase of part of a residen-

tial development owned by Inter-national City Holdings. This was read by some local bankers as an attempt by Beijing to bolster signs of returned interest in property. Everbright's chairman, Wang Guangying, reinforced this impression by saying; "I am here to do business, but I would like to do something for Hong Kong's stability and prosperity too." Although the investment was touted as the largest ever made by the young company, and also the largest recently made by anyone in the property market, it was later learned that Everbright had actually committed only a fraction of the price as a downpayment. bankers as an attempt by Beijing to

as a downpayment The oext test of the strength of expected recovery will be the government's Feb. 15 auction of the centrally located Admiralty II site. During the beight of the property boom, government officials thought that Admiralty II might earn a 1.8-billion-dollar premium.

Now, the government's stated floor price is 300 million dollars, a small figure compared to this year's projected government deficit of 3.2 billion dollars.

Gold Options (prices to \$/02.).				
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BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS

Floating rate oote issue of U.S.\$250 million January 1980/88

The rate of interest applicable for the three month period beginning January 31, 1984 and set by the reference agent is 10% annually.

All these Bonds having been sold, this an ment appears as a metter of record only.

WestLB Finance N.V.

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Secured on a Deposit with the London Branch of WESTDEUTSCHE LANDESBANK

WESTDEUTSCHE LANDESBANK GIROZENTRALE

BANK BRUSSEL LAMBERT N.V.

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Amsterdam, 23.1.1984

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MAKITA ELECTRIC WORKS, LTD.

The Board of Directors of Makita Electric Works, Ltd. has amounced that shareholders, who will be registered in the books of the Company on February 20th, 1984 (Tokyo time) will be entitled to receive a 10% gratis distribution of new shares. Consequently the undersigned designated div.ep.no. 31 of the CDRs for this

In Japan the shares are traded ex bonus

AMSTERDAM DEPOSITARY COMPANY N.V.

Amsterdam, 25th, 1984.

Curação, Netherlands Antilles

101/8% Bearer Bonds due 1991

GIROZENTRALE

INTERNATIONAL GROUP

Creditanstalt-Bankverein Crédit Général S.A. de Banq

Crédit Lyonnais

Delws Europe Limited

Den Danako Bank af 1871 Aktiesakka

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Deutsche Girozentrak

Credit Suisse First Bo Limited

Crédit industrial d'Alsace et de Lorrain Credit industriel et Commercial

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BANK OF TOKYO INTERNATIONAL Limited

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Banque Nationale de Paris Benœue Paribas Belgique S.A. Banque Paribae (Luxembourg) S.A. Banque de l'Union Européen Baring Brothers & Co.,

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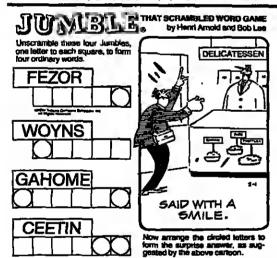
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DENNIS THE MENACE



I CAN'T HEAR YOU, MR.WILSON. I HAVE A COLD AND MY EARS ARE BLIND!



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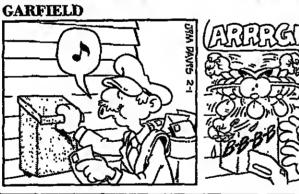












Canadian Stock Markets

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Jan.31

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WHEN HE COMES AROUND, HE'LI THANK ME FOR BREAKING UP THE MONOTONY OF HIS PREARY

BOOKS

SASSAFRAS

By Jack Matthews. 288 pp. \$14.95. Houghton Mifflin, One Beacon St., Boston, Mass, 02108.

Reviewed by Barbara Mertz

S'ASSAFRAS, more commonly known as "sass," is not an easy quality to define. Whatever sass is, Thad Burke, the hero of this novel, is full of it. Argumentativeness and irreverence are two of its components; optimism is another. Thad knows his prominence of Hope (located beside the coronal sutures on both sides of the head) is unusually developed; he is a practitioner of phrenology, a "science" based on the "hard-headed fact that our natures are waiting to be discovered through the unmistakable evidence planted right there in the shapes of our skulls."

One might suppose that Thad's phrenological expertise would enable him to identify and svoid potential adversaries, but such is not the case. As he travels the prairies of pre-Civil War America in search of fame, fortune and true love, he encounters one enemy after another — a rival phrenologist who attacks him and steals his wagon; a bizarre quartet of outlaws; and a murderous army captain who tries to blow his head off. His friends are as preposterous as his foes. One is a tacitum Indian whom Thad first sees walking backward on his way to the river to drown himself. "All his life was now behind him and he wanted to take a good look at it

right before it all came to an end."

The use of phrenological references is an effective and entertaining device. Thad falls in love with Lily de Wilde, the Belle of Baltimore, when he palpaies her head and finds a remark-able balance of Inhabitiveness, Benevolence, Veneration and Conjugality, Her Mound of Amativeness is prooonoced — too pro-nounced. When Thad discovers, through other than phrenological means, that Lily is also known as "Lay-Me-Again Lily," he takes his broken heart on the road.

The best episode in the oovel is Thad's capture by outlaws -- a "meek-looking critter wearing a top hat," a young Comanche, an 8-foot tail philosopher named William Bone, and Half-Face, the leader of the band, "One side of his face was bearded and normal; the other half looked like the skin had been raked or clawed off." Thad's adventures with Bone and Half-Face are a fine blend of humor and hor-

ror.

The final section of the book doesn't quite succeed in maintaining this delicate balance. It is downbeat and inconclusive, in mood as well as in plot is there a sequel in progress? Let us hope so; I would like to see Thad revenge himself on villainous Captain Dapre, and find a lady whose skull measures up to his high

The style, the setting and the characters of Sassafras make it more or less inevitable that Matthews should be compared with Mark Twain. But such a comparison is as unfair as it. is superficial. Thad is more sophisticated, and at the same time more naive than Huck Finnone can't imagine Huck, at any age, letting himself be tricked into a duel he is bound to lose - and only one of the minor characters.

approaches the magnificent tragicomedy of

such Clemens creations as the King and the

Duke. The giant William Bone, outlaw philos-

opher, fascinates Thad as he fascinates the reader. His reason for recommending that Thad be killed is the quintessential example of this book's odd sort of logic: "To liberate your from the inevitable consequences of intelligence: namely, utter, astronomical, lonely despair." Thad is half-way convinced - but only half-way.

half-way,
Matthews is no Samuel Clemens, as he would probably be the first to admit. But he is an entertaining writer and occasionally he attains an almost Clemensian acuity of aphorism. "People say a lot of things, only some of which are true." Thad remarks, and one can almost hear Huck murmuring agreement.

Barbara Mertz, who writes romance navels under two pseudonyms, wrote this review for The Washington Post.

BEST SELLERS

This list is based on reports from more than 2,000 bo troughout the United States. Weeks on Est are not no

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15 WINTER'S TALE, by Marc Helpon NONFICTION

THE DISCOVERERS, by Daniel J. Boor-

WHILE REAGAN SLEPT, by Art Buchwald
VIETNAM: A History, by Stanley Karnow
THE KINGDOM BY THE SEA, by Paol Therous
LATE NIGHT THOUGHTS ON LISTENING TO MAHLER'S NINTH SYMPHONY, by Lewis Thomas
CORONER, by Thomas T. Noguchi
THE PETER PAN SYNDROME, by Dan

15 BLUE HIGHWAYS, by William Least ADVICE, HOW TO AND MISCELLANEOUS

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SICTION .

WHO KILLED THE ROBINS FAMILY?, by Bill Adler and Thomas Charain.
PET SEMATARY, by Stephen King.
POLAND, by James A. Midener
THE NAME OF THE ROSE, by Umberto

Eco
BERLIN GAME by Len Deighton
THE WICKED DAY, by Mary Stowers
CHANGES, by Danielle Stoel
MORETA: DRAGONLADY OF PERN. by Anne McCaffrey
THE AUERBACH WILL by Stephen Big. THE STORY OF HENRI TOD, by WIL THE ROBOTS OF DAWN, by Issac As-

HOLL YWOOD WIVES, by Jackie Collins 11
THE NEVERENDING STORY, by Michael Ende
THE SAGA OF BABY DIVINE, by Bette

IN SEARCH OF EXCELLENCE, by Thomas J. Priers and Robert H. Waternam MOTHERHOOD: The Second Oldest Profession, by Erna Somberk ON WINGS OF EAGLES, by Ken Follett MEGATRENDS, by John Naisbirt THE REST OF JAMES HERRIOT, by James Herriot TOUGH TIMES NEVER LAST, BUT TOUGH PEOPLE DO! by Robert H. Schuller

PPROACHING HOOFBEATS:

THE BODY PRINCIPAL, by Victoria

BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

N the diagramed deal. North-South were using a

Precisioo style. When three suits have been bid, one rarely wishes to choose the fourth as trump. Here it was very different. The two-club bid, artificial and game-forcing in the partner style, led to seven clubs. South discovered that the two hands were fitting perfectly and bid to a grand slam that had excellent prospects.

The heart void in dummy was not an unalloyed pleasure: A singleton or doubleton would have made it easier to establish the suit. South won the diamond lead with the ace. came to his hand with the club

Closing Prices in local currencles

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8.65 13.20 14.50 58 15.50 24.25 23 52 15 50.50 13 7.10 39.75 4.65

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Other Markets

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Johannesburg

London

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Arigidam (Arigidae)
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Solution to Previous Puzzle

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A low heart was now ruffed with a high trump, and if both opponents had followed, the grand slam would have been a laydown. The 5-2 heart split spelled trouble, however.

South now had to rely on an even trump split. He ruffed a spade, ruffed another spade. The club ace drew the two missing trumps, and the last heart in the closed hand won

the last trick. In the replay, East-West made a modest intrusion into the auction, trading on the fa-vorable vulnerability. This made it hard for North-South

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Soccer Payoff Scandal in France The rest of the rest of the second of t Snares a Prince, But No Paupers

International Herald Tribune pects of him and others going to ... LONDON — Call Michel Platini... Call Michel Platini... Call grown. "Why." one supporter asked him, "are you so arrogant?" "Is it," asked another, "that be-Michel Platini! Will his royal high-ness, the prince of soccer, please take the stand to answer the charge that he did, between 1977 and 1981 that he did, between 1977 and 1981 accept illegal payments from the said club A.S. St. Etienne?

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Silence fell on the Lyon court room, where France's version of the soccer scandals of modern times began a week ago. The for-mer president and vice-president of the former omnipotent Gallic club are in jail awaiting trial for operat-ing a 20-million franc (\$2.33-million) slush fund. Famous players have been sworn in and released on bail. But would the prince come?

First reports suggested Platini was "unable to attend." Judge Patrick Desmure, aware no doubt how much Juventus of Italy depend on the European player of the year, made it known that an hour of Platini's time was still rather important to the French judiciary. And so a clandestine hearing was

arranged. A private Cessna jet touched down on the outskirts of Lyon; a sleek motor car sped to a private office at the rear of the Palais de Justice; and after judge and superstar had had their meeting, Platini's escape back to Italy (there to score Juventus's pointsaving goal in Naples on Sunday) was effected with the media hounds in angry pursuit.

Justice may not have been seen to be done, but neither was Desmure's court the circus it might

Presumably we shall be told later exactly what was wanted of Platini. Meanwhile, the drums will roll and the spotlight fall more welcomingly on Platini's next expected homecoming — to lead France's friendly international against the English on Feb. 29. You can guess where that will be: Parc des Princes.

And why not? Platini, as well as other one-time St. Etienne national heroes Jean-François Larios, Bernard Lacombe, Christian Lopez and Gérard Janvion are innocents (as all players always are) caught up in rich men's devious games.

That, at any rate, is the implication of the usually so dignified French national team manager, Michel Hidalgo. "The charges are ridiculous," he says. "The players are more like victims than a guilty party. When they sign a contra with a clob, they don't ask whe the money comes from."

No, but they have since four that they are expected to pay taxe on even surreptitious bonuse And, since the tax collector has ha his pound of flesh and heavy fine to boot, the players' fate is likely t be oo more than perhaps more

fines and public warnings.

Roger Rocher, however, know that for him and his cohorts, th the future is bleaker. Ever since Rocher, the former club chairman brought his bitter personal feud into the open by declaring h would name names of all who bene- 24. Oregon Store (12-4) fitted from his slush fund, the pros- NEWYORK (AP) - The Top Twenty terms

ROB HUGHES

St. Etienne. And prison cell walls now remind him daily of where the consequences will most heavily settle in the end.

Soccer's attitude, no doubt, was summed up in the admission of Larios in 1982: "I'm not the only one. This sort of thing goes on throughout the game."

Justice of another kind has settled in West Germany. There the 18 Bundesliga clubs have commissioned a market research company to determine why crowds have slumped to the lowest in a decade; why two million spectators have deserted the game over the past five

The clubs, \$14 million in debt, should save their Deutsch marks. The answers are loud and clear: Quality players have left West Germany, as everywhere, for the Italian honeypot; play is stagnating with tactical stalemate; a major bribery scandal 10 years ago is not forgotten, and neither is the cynical disregard West Germany displayed for the laws and spirit of the game at the 1982 World Cup.

The apparently arranged match against Austria and the callous foul by goalkeeper Harald Schumacher on the Frenchman Patrick Battiston symbolized what decent West German fans turn away from. Schumacher came face to face with Cologne supporters recently in a and referees, the abuse and namepublic player-meets-fans session.

cause you earn so much money you

care so little about what happens in the stadium?"
Schumacher, whose self-image is of the great entertainer, vowed afterwards he will oever again attend such an "inquisiooo" where there are "malicious and aggressive" socalled fans. He is no longer surprised that Paul Breitner retired at 31, citing among other reasons

Does the Bundesliga really need market research polls to test the murky waters of the alienation between fans and bloated star play-

"I'm no longer prepared to be called swine by eight-year-old

If they do, I suggest they direct them to the crowded arenas of Italy. I spent a secood weekend with Sampdoria in Genoa and, though victory over bottom-placed Catania was otterly one-sided, reasons abound why Italians are returning m millions while other countries are losing their supporters abound. First, after years of defensive neurosis, soccer is beginning to bloom again. Such imported artists as Platini, Zico for Udinese, Brady

who adore the star syndrome. No gimmicks, oo pre-match Americanized nonsense of Disneyland lures the spectators, just the opportunity to see a master craftsman or two ply his trade. And, having been starved for so loog, the Italians will wait for the moment.

for Sampdoria and Falcao for

Roma are like strong wine to Latins

They also, from my recent viewing, see a stricter consideration for the authority of the referee. Where in England the rift between players trust we are entitled to maintain of taking, ever deepens, the Italian



Michel Platini ... too rich a diet for a Lyon judge.

players seem in the main to accept decisions as if they are staring down the barrels of a Carabinieri

Not always of course. For as we know only too well, whilfs of scandal and intrigue are as welcomed by the Latins as they are despised in more Teutonic climes. Yet for all the billions of lire; for all the mis-Italian soccer; the spectacle is freer there now than I ever remember.

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FG FGA PCT

Finally, a little belated justice was delivered in Bilbao oo Sunday where Diego Maradona delivered two goals to give Barcelona victory over Athletic Bilbao and to avenge, in a purely sporting manner, the der, that Housley had an opportu-wound so horribly inflicted by a nity to think about the latest devel-Bilbao foul last time they met Sounder in limb, and soon hopefully in his own approach in soccer, Maradona struck the only proper

double blow that is worthy of a

NHL Leaders

Gretzky, Edmonton

IOC President Expects Soviet Bloc To Participate in Los Angeles Games

Juan Antonio Samaranch, the president of the International Olympic Committee, said Tuesady that he was certain the Soviet Union and all other Communist countries would have teams at the Summer

Games in Los Angeles this year. Soviet sports officials as recently as this month refused in commit their athletes to the Los Angeles Games, accusing the U.S. government of interfering with transpor-tation plans, which they said have been approved by the Los Angeles organizing committee.

But Samaranch said at B oews conference that he had visited all

"Provided the Olympic Charter is observed. I am sure they will all he there," he said. "And I am confident the charter will be honored, because we have had a letter from President Reagan giving us that pledge."

Samaranch added that the U.S. government has promised a decision soon on Soviet plans to transport its athletes to Los Angeles in airline charters, "and I hope very much it will be positive."

The question of a Soviet-led boycott of the Los Angeles Games has existed since the United States led Communist countries in the last three dozen countries in a bocott of

The Associated Press month "and I can assure you that the 1980 Olympics in Moscow to SARAJEVO, Yogoslavia — they are all busy preparing their protest Soviet military intervention at Afghanistan.

The boycott surfaced repeatedly Tuesday, as Samaranch addressed reporters gathered for next week's

start of the XIV Winter Games. The IOC president said he was pleased with facilities and preparations in Sarajevo.

Despite the withdrawal of Portugal on Monday, a record 49 countries will compete in the Games. Samaranch said the IOC policy of paying for three athletes from each untry, with an additional grant of \$5,000 for each national Olymmore countries to send teams to the

From High School to High Praise

Sabres' Housley Named All-Star in 2d Year in NHL

By Malcolm Moran New York Times Service

EAST RUTHERFORD, New Jersey — The realization did oot arrive until the day after the oews did. The day that the telephone rang with the news that Phil Housley would play in the National Hockey League All-Star Game, be was oot sure what to do. "I was so excited," he said. "Me, at 19, the second year in the NHL..."

It was not until the next day, as he sat at home with a bruised shoulopment in his brief professional career. "I was thinking, What did I do to be on the all-star team?"

Less than two years removed from South St. Paul (Minnesota) High School, Housley was to represent the Buffalo Sabres oo the Prince of Wales Conference team in the 36th annual game Tuesday

BASERALL

n two-veor contract, Jerry Dybzinski, infield-er, Steve Muro and Kevin Hickey, pilchers, all

in North America. He will face some of the greatest scorers in the

"That's one thing that scares me," he said.

He knows there are more than a few forwards who are capable of beating a defenseman one-on-one or converting a blind, ill-advised pass. In a game that has been known to produce less than inspir-ing play. Housley has not been around long enough to learn to go through the motions. This is a special game," he said.

He can take comfort in the fact that the same will be watched only in North America and that any mistakes will oot affect any team standings. Had the circumstances of his career been slightly different, had he been born a little later, Housley might he in a different type of all-star game that a bigger

mundia. Ilgh) end. Kevin Moncusa, wide re-

night here. He is the first defenseman and the second player to go directly portion of the world will be watch-

Transition

SERVICES

from high school to the National ing. He might have ended up in Hockey League, and oow he has Sarajevo, Yugoslavia with a Unit-gone to the top. He will be paired with some of the best defensemen next weeks will defend its 1980 Olympic Games championship

Housley once considered the Olympics a possibility but never a serious ooe. He had agreed with school officials to attend the University of Minnesota if he postpnned his professional career. Housley could have played the 1982-83 season in college, played with the Olympic team through next month, then moved on to the NHL.

"Deep down," he said, "I knew I wanted to play in the NHL. I couldn't wait." He was drafted as an underage player in 1982, the sixth player selected in the entry draft. The money was right there. and the Olympics were two years away. "I thought the price was right," he said. "It would have been a different story if I was drafted in '83, I doo't know what I would

What he did was ask questions, many questions. As a rookie with the Sabres, paired with Bill Hajt for much of the season, Housley would ask questions during the game, on the bench, between shifts.

This season, Housley has bene fited from his inquisitiveness, "It's a lot different," he said. "I know a lot of the players oo other teams. know what they're going to do. It helps out a lot.

In 47 games, he has scored 20 goals, one more than his total for all of last season. He has played a few games at forward, as he did last season, but Housley said some of his most important improvement has been in his defensive skills. His knowledge of opposing players has given him the ability to anticipate plays. "You can recognize what's going to happen." Housley said.

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remember repril ento, kervin protectos, who re-ceiver, Col Perkins, defensive lineman, Oevid Snow and Lawrence Texada, running backs, and Phil Theis, bifensive guard, Troded Dar-ryn Nichols, linebacker, to Houston for a future draft choice; Milks Code, running back, to Membhis for a halve draft choice, Ricky Marcleveland—Extended the contract of The wide receiver, to Pilisburgh for a thure droff cholce, and the rights to Jimmy Gole, running back, and Mark Batter, offensive guard, to Las Angeles for a future droff choice, CHICAGO—Cut Dennis Lick and Revie Sorey, offensive linemen, Jett Brackhous, kicker, Laurence McCullough, wide receiver, ATLANTA—some Bocky Wing special resignments sout, ANDNTREAL—Agreed to terms with Jeff Reardon, Pitcher, on a four-year contract with on allianal, fifth year, Terry Francisca, juli-fielder, Bobby Romos, catcher, and David Poimer, Bob James and Gree Harris, Pitch-J.C. Marris, running bock, Ray Petrenuza, -fullanck, and Al Strandberg, detensive bock, Sent Ron Versnick, center, to Pittsburgh to complete a previous trade for Jaff Gesselt, punter, and Efren Hernerd, kicker, Staned ers on one-year contracts. NEW YORK-Asked for walvers on Dave Chris Linstrom, delensive end. LOS ANGELES—Signed Howard Carson,

sive coordinatur and Kay Dalton offensive coordinatur. United States Foobell Langue ARIZONA—Traded the rights of Art Kuehn,

Netional Hackey League LOS ANGELES—Named Roger Netison head coach and Rogie Vachon acting general Center, to Mamphis for the Hobits to Jack
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Clinic for Candidates

By Russell Baker syndicated political physician:

"Dear Mr. McGovern: tests taken during your visit Friday brought President Reagan. last when you came to me complaining of 'an odd sensation' that you were once again running for

president. The tests, I regret to say, are positive. "I am sorry to dash your hope that you were merely suffering from a persistent hallucination or, as you called it, 'a recurrent night-

mare. "My own extensive study of former presidential candidates shows that when they feel an odd senation of running for president a second, third. lourth and even fifth time, it is because they are, in fact, almost invariably running for president.

"In these cases I always recommend the same treatment: In campaign appearances, let the voters know exactly what you have in mind to do if elected. Noting that you have no desire to deceive them. the voters will assume either that not serious about wanting to be elected. In either case, you will be quickly eliminated from the contest and freed to resume normal living Ior another four years."

"Dear Mondale:

"I confess I was a bit hurt when you came by the other day to ask if I could do something about your hair. On reflection, though, I realized that you were too sensitive to pour out your heart about the problem keeping you awake nights. And you are right to seek profes-

sional advice. "Let me be frank; The natural shape of your skull makes it impossible to get a decent part in your hair. Moreover, the hair on the short side of the part bangs straight down, rather like a bead curtain. These are severe physical handicaps in view of the clinical evidence that voters are usually more concerned about what covers a candidate's skull than about what it con-

"With hair transplants, I can eventually give you Cary Grant's hairline, but by then everything would be lost. For the sbort term, do f dare suggest a wig? If that

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seems too radical, plastic surgery EW YORK - From the mail. can easily fit you with a new part bag of Doctor Hypocrites, and perhaps a fresh patch of manageable hair on its short side. Voters enjoy guessing about how much of a candidate's hair is real. Look at "I have the lab reports on the the success such speculation has

"Yrs in sympathy, "Hypocrites"

"Dear Senator Glenn: "I am refuctant to make a diagnosis without a thorough examination of your stuff, so will not hazard an opinion on whether it is the right stuff or the wrong stuff. You are properly alarmed about a sudden shrinking in your polls, which you say you have noticed recently but there are many possible reasons for these sudden shrinkages.

"I have treated cases where the stuff was perfectly right, yet the polls shrank anyhow. I have seen cases where, though the stuff was putrescent, patients were elected by huge majorities. I do wish you would make time for a complete physical examination. We might find something you haven't susyou are demented or that you are pected. Suppose, for example, your stulf, though perfectly right, was terminally boring.

"Respectfully yawning, "Dr. Hypocrites"

"My dear Reagan:
"Much as I would like to accommodate you, it would be a gross breach of ethics to reveal which of my patients might have the physical strength to defeat you io a wood-chopping contest.

"Yes, I agree that a wood-chopping contest between two presidential candidates would make lar more exciting television than another debate about war, peace and money. I besitate to prescribe it in your case, however, since the exertions of woodchopping make it extremely difficult to smile gently. My last examination of your communicator leaves no doubt that it works far better when it is smiling

gently than when it is panting.
"I suggest instead that you consider an idea advanced some time ago by Dr. Calvin Trillin and challenge your opponent to debate you

> "As ever, "Hypocrites." New York Times Service

Karl Lagerfeld

Armed With His Name and a Fan, Designer Spreads His Labels Across Two Continents

By Hebe Dorsey

D ARIS - Karl Lagerfeld is the I man of the fashion moment. On Jan. I, be opened an establishment uoder his own name, at 144 Champs-Elysees, a stone's throw from the Arc de Triomphe, after 20 years with the house of Chloe. Since then, the place has been a madhouse, with reporters, pho-tographers and fashion buyers all trying to figure what's coming

When his Chioè contract expired Dec. 31. Lagerfeld signed up with Bidermann Industries USA Inc. Ior an American Karl Lagerfeld Co., based in New York and run on a licensee agreement. The Paris studio is its French base and the springboard of two deluxe or presuge collections a year, the first of which Lagerfeld will unveil March 27 during the French ready-to-wear shows.

For the United States, he will design three more collections from a New York studio at 550 Seventh Avenue. There will be a Cruise line and two inexpensive sportswear collections, which, Lagerfeld said, will be competitive enough to reach the European market.

He will continue to design Fendi furs in Rome and the Chanel collections in Paris. With his New York extension, be feels he is the first fashion multinational. Instead of initials, which he finds passe, Lagerfeld said he

would use a lan as his logo. "I will be the first designer to have a design studio in both New York and Paris and to operate oo a world basis," Lagerfeld said, "Some people think that in order to make clothes in Paris, you bave to live in Paris. Maybe it works lor other designers, but it does oot work for me. I'm not French. I am

"I was born in Hamburg. My mother always told me it was a door to the outside world and that I should get out." He listened, up to a point. When he first came to Paris, Lagerfeld hated crossing between the left and right banks. Now, he is constantly on the He has homes in Rome, Vienna

(where he teaches lashion at the university), Monte Carlo (his offi-cial residence) and Paris (where be sleeps in a Left Bank, 18thcentury house but works in a Right Bank, high-tech studio), and soon will have a place in New He operates not only like to-

day's designer, but tomorrow's as well, with a mobility he learned from the Japanese. "Today, movement is the secret of success," he said. In a whirlwind, nonstop working schedule, Lager-feld does not spend more than three days in one place. There is no question that this extensive traveling has affected his sensitivity and his creativity.

"I like to think of myself as an international, creating interna-tional fashions," he said. He is known as a mystery man in the fashion world — "I love it." Lagerfeld no sooner had his

name oo the door than American department stores' fashion directors rushed in for bookings. "They all contacted us," Bidermann industries' president, Mi-chel Zelnik, said Monday. "We never expected it would go so last." The pressure was such that "I had to fly in from New York yesterday. That's the beauty of Karl Lagerfeld. The problem is not to sell. It's who to sell to."

The first Lagerfeld presoge col-lection will hit U.S. stores next fall. Zelnik has decided to sell to four stores in New York, including two department stores, and to keep the number of retail outlets in the United States between 50 and 80. The less expensive sportswear collections will go to 130 to 150 other retail outlets, mainly department stores. Eventually, there will be licenses and boutiques. "But we're trying not to go

too fast," he said. was responsible for bringing La- ing order.

from anywhere and I'm from no- gerfeld into Bidermann Industries, whose business before it signed Lagerfeld was 60 percent men's wear and 40 percent Ralph Lauren women's wear, (Lauren alooe accounts for \$100 million in wholesale turnover a year.) Bidermann introduced Lauren's designs in London, first at Brown's and then in its own boucone. The company signed up Lagerfeld be-cause, Zelnik said, "I wanted to be more involved with women's wear. We were also looking for a designer who was still very clean in terms of licensing, which Karl

> Asked if be worried that Lagerfeld might be spreading himself too thin, Zelnik said: "Karl has been able to design for several houses without running into conflict. His creativity is such that he's been able to do a very good iob."

In the new Lagerfeld company, Zelnik works with Rose-Marie Le Gallais, Lagerfeld's closest assis-tant for 18 years. Le Gallais, wbo at Chloé was in charge of creation, is now much more than that and is a minor partner in the com-

"We moved in on Jan. I," Lagerfeld said. "By Jan. 4, Rose-Marie had bought all the furniture and had the whole place organized.

Le Gallais wears black, with stacks of pearls tightly wrapped around ber pale throat, and speaks in a low, competent, if slightly chilling voice. She is just the opposite of the expansive designer, who is a dandy in full, custom-made locus with a slightly pouter-pigeon profile, dark glasses even in the dark, and his ponytail bobbed just right.

His Paris studio was once the adquarters of Tres Parisien, a fashion magazine that came out at the turn of the century. It was sheer accident, but Lagerfeld likes this omen, as well as the spacious I,100 square meters (1,320 square yards) where be already employs 14 people, all of whom have worked with him before,

The place is a cool, pale beige with salmon rugs, sparsely fur-nished and hardly decorated, and it feels very new still. But there is The French-born Zelnik, 39, no question that it is in full work-



Lagerfeld's "Fan Lady."

There are several departments. but the nerve center is in a couple of fabric-stacked workrooms, where seamstresses translate the master's ideas into clothes on oldfashioned dummies. There is also a computer-section room --'We'll have the first computerized press department in Paris," Lagerfeld said — and two conference rooms.

In his black and white office overlooking the Champs-Elysées, his desk is a full-size black, red and white drawing board. Lagerfeld, who believes in old-fashioned manners, serves tea while conducting interviews.

Asked if he is not a bit scared to come out in the open for the first time, after designing under different flags, Lagerfeld said: "Scared? Why? The work is the same. The came doesn't make a collection and I've been making collections before. I'm oot sure I can conquer the world in one seasoo. I'll just do the best f can,"

PEOPLE

Husband and Wife Win \$1 Million Each in U.S.

A husband and wife who kept their lottery numbers secret from one another won more than \$1 milhon apiece with identical choices. Robert and Anna Rucker of Florissant, Missouri, learned that their choices were identical when each won \$1,018,400 in the Illinois State year for 20 years. Rucker, 45, senior technician for Siemens Medical Systems, said he planned to use his winnings to return to engineering school. ing school, Mrs. Rucker, 42, said she would return to college to study special edocation.

. **ם** Jodie Foster has pleaded guilty to possession of less than a gram of cocaine and been placed on probation for a year according to a spokesman for the district attorney in Sullolk County, Massachusetts. He said the actress was ordered to pay \$500 in court costs. Foster was arrested in December when she arrived in Boston on a flight from Paris. The spokesman said her court appearance Friday was kept secret because ber attorney said she had received death threats.

years by a muscle disorder in his wife half and had scheduled several with handed performances this way. son but has been unable to fulfill them and is offering his one-hand-ed repentory of Ravel, Prokofiev and Britten instead. Fleisher, who made a dramatic two-handed comeback in September 1992 comeback in September 1982, does not have a relapse of the original disorder but appears to need retraining of the muscles of his hand, according to David Foster, his representative at Columbia Assistance resentative at Columbia Arrists.

"He can play well for 10 or 15 minutes with both hands." Foster said. "and in the and I think he was the minutes with the said." said, "and in the end I think the question is not whether he will play question is not whether he will play again with both hands, but when."
Fleisher, on sabbatical from his formation of the control of t teaching post at the Peabody Conservatory in Baltimore, will teach in Salzburg this summer.

The Rev. Billy Graham, 65, has established to a hospital in been admitted to a hospital in Rochester, Minoesota, that is affiliated with the Mayo Clinic. He was reported to have a high fever, acute sinus and ear infections, and symptoms of exhaustion.

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Karl Lagerfeld at his new desk in Paris.

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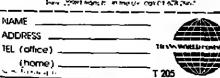
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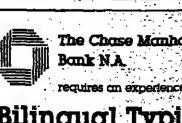
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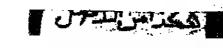
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Weinberger Foresees Slower Defense Buildup If Budget Is Approved

that Pentagon budget increases "can begin to slow dramatically" in fiscal 1987 if it allows the Reagan

inistration to pursue its record military buildup Mr. Weinberger, testifying before the Senate Armed Services Committee, asked for \$264.4 bilhon for actual outlays in fiscal 1985, which will begin Oct 1, and an increase in the year's eventual budget anthority to \$305 billion an increase of 13 percent, not ac-counting for inflation, over fiscal

In his testimony and in a 297-

Reagan Asks 13% More For Military

(Continued from Page 1) Senate Budget Committee, said: The budget is, simply put, an elecion-year document that dodges the serious issues which would help ensure a strong and viable economy for the country's future."

The Senate majority leader, Howard H. Baker Jr., Republican of Tennessee, said the budget was "free of obscurities." He predicted the budget would be "hotly debated" in Congress.

\$3.9 billion would be provided by requiring employees to pay Social Security and income taxes on emon development of an anti-missile ployer-paid health insurance preminms and \$4 billion would come from closing tax loopholes. Of the \$5 billion in proposed

nondefense spending cuts, \$2.8 billion are in welfare programs for the needy, \$2.1 billion are in Medicare and other social insurance benefit programs and \$100 million are in veteran's programs.

the economy will continue expanding at a solid pace through the end of the decade, despite the deficits that private economists worry could sink the recovery. The projections also forecast

employment will decline. With that optimistic economic outlook, the deficits are projected to decline to \$152 billion in 1988

and \$123.4 billion in 1989.

The Associated Press

WASHINGTON — Defense
Secretary Caspar W. Weinberger progress" in restoring the military palance with the Soviet Union. He and Mr. Reagan have blamed previous administrations for allowing the U.S. defense capability to slip. "Unfortunately, we cannot make up for a decade of neglect in only three years of higher defense bud-gets," Mr. Weinberger said.

"If we stop in mid-course, we will only endanger the progress we have made in recent years and invite speculation by friends and adversaries alike that the United States can sustain neither its will nor its leadership," he added.
"By the same token, if we are

allowed to continue on the path we have set, we can look forward to a time, only two fiscal years from now, when defense increases can begin to slow dramatically." The defense secretary said the

United States has not regained military parity with the Soviet Union. He said the Soviet building of strategic nuclear missile and bomber forces "shows no sign of slowing." He said the Soviet Union had wide and its and the Soviet Union had widened its advantage in oumbers of conventional weapons "by producing major weapons at rates ex-ceeding those of the United States and its NATO allies combined."

However, Mr. Weinberger insist-ed that "we have a lot better position now than in 1981" when the Reagan administration came to With much of the Reagan ad-

ministration program already un-der way, the fiscal 1985 budget con-The plan calls for \$5 billion in social welfare spending cuts and about \$7.8 billion in minor taxes;

Laioed of surprises and rew significant oew elements.

Among other things, the new budget provides for the following

> Spending nearly \$1.8 billion defensive shield, probably based in space, by the end of the century.
> Forty MX intercontinental

ballistic missiles at a cost of just over \$5 billion, \$465.2 million for "aggressive" development of a small, mobile land-based missile with a single warhead, \$226.3 million for development of a satellitekilling weapon, and \$2.2 billion for Underpinning the budget are the continued development of an adadministration's assumptions that vaoced Trideot-2 submarinelaunched missile. • Thirty-foor 34 oew B-1B

bombers for \$8,2 billion. One more Trident submarine for \$1.8 billion, and 23 new ships and 6 conversions to move the that inflation, interest rates and un- Navy's fleet closer to the 600-warship objective.

• 720 M-1 tanks and 710 armored vehicles from which infantrymen can shoot on the move, plus 292 light armored vehicles for the (AP, UPI) Marine Corps.



Defense Secretary Caspar W. Weinberger holds a photograph that he says represents the amount of paperwork that the Defense Department submitted to Congress last year.

Reagan's 1985 Foreign Aid Package Includes Grants, Low-Interest Terms

By John M. Goshko Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — President Ronald Reagan's budget request for the 1985 fiscal year includes \$15.2 billion for foreign aid pro-grams, with \$9.3 billion for economic assistance and \$5.9 billion for military aid.

The military aid is earmarked primarily for such nations as Israel, Egypt, El Salvador and Pakistan, which the administration considers of vital strategic importance.

The key feature of the package is a new attempt to convince Congress that most foreign militarysales credits, which are the biggest part of security assistance, should be given to some countries either as outright grants or on low-interest As described by administration

officials, the largest individual requests —\$1.4 billion for Israel and \$1.17 billion for Egypt —would be granted without requirement for repayment. In the past, Congress has forgiven 50 percent of the military-sales credit debts incurred by Israel and Egypt. With economic aid requests, the

proposed totals come to \$2.25 bil-lion for Israel and \$2.17 billion for Egypt. Both are expected to win congressional approval without difficulty. However, the administration faces a greater problem in winning

istance either at belowmarket interest rates of 5 percent or, in the case of very poor nations, as nonrepayable grants.
Administration officials said

many countries in which the Unit-ed States has a strategic interest were in such dire financial straits that they could not afford to buy U.S. weapoury at the regular interest rate or, if they did, found their debt problems compounded by the need to repay.

The biggest problems are likely to involve Central America for which, the officials said, Mr. Reagan will ask for an aid package of \$1.3 billion, including \$222 million in military grants, to further his policy of fighting leftist guerrilla movements in the region.

That amounts to aimost a tri-pling of the \$550 million budgeted for Central America in the present fiscal year. In addition to the 1985 requests, Mr. Reagan is preparing a supplemental request for fiscal 1984 of \$416 million in economic aid and \$259 million in military aid for Central America. Administration officials de-

clined to specify how the funds were to be divided among Central American countries. They said the breakdowns would be given by Mr. Reagan, possibly in a speech Fri-However, it is clear that the ma-Congress's approval of the idea

fiscal 1985 as the first step toward

contribute \$8.4 billion to Central American development over a fiveyear period. ■ EC to Make Loans, Grants **European Community officials** said Wednesday that the communi-

The officials revealed that the dministration planned to include Guatemala in the six Central American countries scheduled to receive military aid. Despite the administration's

to come under fire from congressio-

nal critics demanding that Mr.

Reagan agree to reimpose a certifi-

cation requirement tying aid to

nontention that Guaternala faces a pited radar and sensors and patrol towing threat from guerrillas beyond the barbed wire and mine growing threat from guerrillas, congressional critics, citing the poor human rights record of the Guatemalan military, have been hostile to the idea of re-establishing

The officials said Mr. Reagan would ask for \$904 million in economic aid to Central America in fulfilling the recommendation by the National Bipartisan Commis-sion on Central America, headed by former Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger, that the United States

ty would make loans and grants to security officers during the weekdeveloping countries worth about \$42 million for farming and rejor share will be earmarked for El search projects, Reuters reported that several other countries with Salvador. The administration's re- from Brussels.

Some Mexicans feel that the at-

zo's case is diverting attention from

Pursuing the leaders of the oil workers' union, government offi-cials have said, is tricky because of their power to throttle Mexico's

The new president, Mr. de la

Madrid, has made the "moral reno-

vation" of the government and

major source of foreign funds.

'Great Wall of the Sahara' Is Growing: Structure Has Helped Morocco Thwart Polisario Forces

By Henry Kamm

New York Times Service SMARA, Western Sahara The Moroccan Army is pushing ever farther into the desert the Great Wall of the Sahara, now more than 400 miles long. It pro-tects part of the territory that Morocco annexed eight years ago by keeping out the Polisario Front guerrillas who are fighting to make the Western Sahara an independent nation.

Officers interviewed at this desert post, which Saharans consider a holy city of Islam, and at a frontline command post to the north said that in a previously unreported battle late in December, Morocco amnihilated a large Polisario armored column trying to turn back the advance of the wall. Morocco recognizes that it faces

a mobile and well-armed enemy and that it cannot, except at great cost, hold the whole of the vast and nearly empty desert that was Spanish Sahara until 1976. Thus, it has built a huge revetment of sand and stone that stretches from the Atlantic Ocean east toward the border of Mauritania and then turns north roughly parallel to the Algerian

The no-man's-land between the wall and the borders is the main area of operation of the guerrilla movement, which is based in Algeria and backed by the government there. The Polisario Front has declared the former colony an independent republie; a majority of African countries have recognized progress in ending human rights it and it has been admitted to the Organization of African Unity.

The wall stands higher than a man and is studded with defensive positions and observation posts from which three-quarters of the Moroccan Army of 140,000 men scan the desert, monitor U.S.-supfields at the wall's approaches in search of guerrillas.

In the deep south of what was the

last European colony on the Afri- said that when the wall reached the can continent, another wall rings desert track, his forces would push the town of Dakhla, the former it east, beyond Hawza.

Villa Cisneros. The rest of the territory, more than half its total area, has been left to the gazelles, jackals and hyenas. The nomad tribes that used to

traverse it now live in fixed settle-ments behind the wall or are confined under Polisario rule around the Algerian desert post of Tin-Late last year, after many

months of vain and costly enemy attacks to breach the part of the wall that was completed in the summer of 1982, particularly around Smara, the Moroccan forces began extending the wall.

Officers interviewed during a visit to the battle zone said the objectives were to add to the protected territory and to draw the

ound and air. The attack came in the last week of the year. The officers said it came from Mauritanian territory about 50 miles (81 kilometers) south of Smara.

Polisario into a challenge that would expose a major force to a

prepared conoterattack from

The officers said the battle raged for three days before turning into a rout. No independent verification was possible, but the Moroccan Army displayed its spoils of war last week: four Soviet-built tanks and many charred and revisted desert vehicles, rockets, mines, mortars, machine guns, rifles, shells and ammunition. Colonel Abid Tria, who com-

mands an 85-mile sector of the wall oorth of Smara from a bunker tack had occurred since the battle. The wall, he said, is heading north now, parallel to the Algerian borthe east. The Polisario Front declared

capital of its territory. Colooel Tria Western Sahara.

The real war is over, contended Colonel Tria and his fellow officers. The "essential Sahara" area containing the capital of El Asiun, Smara, the phosphate de-posits of Bu Craa and the principal coastal settlements of Bojador and Dakhla - is in Moroccan hands. The officers say the rest is empty and will fall to Morocco when the Polisario rebels and their backers give up, and this view is widely echoed in Morocco.

Diplomats and foreign military great and undisclosed cost, Morocco, whose average citizen earns \$800 a year, has turned the military tide. Its army is no longer sustaining heavy casualties by exposing units to surprise hit-and-run attacks while stretched thin across the entire Western Sahara. Saudi Arabia and the Gulf countries continue to pay for many of Morocco's military purchases, mainly in the United States and France.

The present Polisario fighting strength is believed to have dwindled to about 3,500 from a maximum of perhaps 8,000. Colonel Moamer Qadhafi of Libya, the Polisario's main donor of arms and equipment, was reported to have reduced the flow after meeting Morocco's King Hassan II last year. King Hassan has staked his pres-

tige on the emotive issue of what in Morocco is generally considered to be reuniting the national territory. in which many Moroccans also in clude Mauritania, parts of Algeria and the Spanish enclaves of Ceuta headquarters, said no Polisario at- and Melilla. This appears to rule out compromise. Diplomats in Rabat, the Moroc-

can capital, believe that the Morocder, and is nearing the important can Army will have to man the track linking Smara to Hawza in wall, without an end to the effort and expense in sight, and extend it to the former colony's limits to Hawza, an unpopulated town, the make real its claim to all of the

Leader of Decentralization Campaign In Tanzania Is Reported Arrested Law Reform Commission, Mr. what would happen if the party

By Denis Herbstein International Herald Tribune

LONDON - Wolfango Dourado, a lawyer who is leading a movement to loosen Zanzibar's ties with Tanzania, is reported to have been arrested in Zanzibar. Friends of Mr. Dourado in Lon-

don say that he was taken away by

There are also unconfirmed reports that other Zanzibaris, as well vanzy, are under arrest.

tigation said the government was of Tanzania's Revolutionary Party pursuing the tax-fraud angle because it was a family becaus Sheikh Jumbe has also lost his position as vice president of Tanzania and vice chairman of the party. He is believed to be under house

tention being given to Mr. Dura- arrest in Dar es Salaam. The islands of Zanzibar and other potential targets, such as Mr.

López Portillo himself, who is also outside the country, and the leaders of the Mexican oil workers' union, Salvador Barragan Camacho and the stands of Zanzibar was independent for four months before the merger.

Last February, the Revolutionmonths before the merger.

Last February, the Revolution-

his adviser, Joaquin Hernandez ary Party announced plans for the further centralization of the union, and the immediate reaction in Zanzibar and Pemba was that their distinct identity would disappear. The ensuing debate, on televi-sion and radio and in the local

press, uncovered a strong seces-As chairman of the Zanzibar

Polish Paper Falsely Reports On Arms Talks The Associated Press

WARSAW — The army newspaper, Zolniezz Wolnosci, on Wednesday falsely reported the resumption of U.S.-Soviet arms talks in Geneva. "It's our mistake; please ig-nore it," said a colonel at the

oewspaper. The colooel, reached by telephone at the newspaper's offices, declined to give his name. The United States and the

Soviet Union have agreed to reopen negotiations in Vienna oo reduciog cooveotiooal forces but have not agreed to resume two sets of ouclear arms talks in Geneva. The newspaper quoted Poland's deputy foreign minister, Jozef Wiejacz, as saying that "resumption of the Geneva negotiations has been an-nounced."

Daily News

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with highlights from

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Dourada spoke openly of a oew constitution with strong governments on Zanzibar and the mainland and a third, weaker federal Tanzanian government with only residual powers. The proposed constitution would even allow the islands the right to secode from the

When asked two months ago

unilateral declaration of independence. But we will refuse to cooperate with Tanganyika and the whole country will be in chaos." Another Zanzibari, Ali Hassan president of Zanzibar until a successor for Sheikh Jume is elected.

rejected Zanzibar's proposals, Mr. Dourada said, "We will not make a

as the Ghanaian-born attorney general of Zaozibar, Kwaw EC Reaches Fast Accord The arrest report follows the resignation Sunday of the president of Zauzibar, Sheikh Aboud Mwinyi On '84 Fishing Quotas

BRUSSELS -- European Community fisheries ministers have agreed on fishing quotas for 1984 and say the accord shows that the hloc's troubled fisheries pact is now operating smoothly.
"The policy is working," the En-

ropean fisheries commissiooer, George Contogeorgis, said Tues-day. "Fishermen can now plan day. "Fishermen can no ahead for the whole year." Agreement came after just one

day's debate, a sharp contrast with the two previous years. In 1983, catches were set in December, and 1982 fishing levels were decided retroactively in January 1983. The oew quotas are broadly in

line with 1983 levels and were set after disagreements over cod, herring and mackerel catches had been settled. Ministers signed a common fish-

eries pact in January 1983 after

Cod, haddock and whitiog catches agreed to for 1984 were slightly down from 1983 levels, while mackerel, plaice and saithe quotas were higher. Redfish quotas were unchanged from last year.

The ministers revised Tuesday a

City Workers in Israel Accept Raise, End Strike

TEL AVIV - About 70,000 municipal workers returned to work Wednesday after a three-day strike, restoring services ranging from garbage collection to marriage regis-

After a 10-hour oegotiating session ending Tuesday night, repre-sentatives of the workers and the Finance Ministry agreed to wage increases of from 650 to 2,200 shekels (about \$5 to \$18) for the lowestpaid workers to help offset Israel's high inflation rate.

draft short-term accord with Norway on herring catches, reached late last year. Britain, the Nether lands and Denmark had confplained it was too favorable to Oslo.

Ministers also set controversial quotas for cod fishing off Green-land. Despite West German calls for a sharp increase to 75,000 metric tons (82,500 short tons), Denmark won a renewal of the lower 1983 quota of 68,500 metric tons Ministers also agreed to a small increase in a 15,000-metric-ton catch off the east of Greenland. split between Denmark, West Germany and Britain.

Greenland, which joined the community in 1973 as part of Danish territory, has voted to pull out of the community. Denmark has been trying to restrict the access of European fishermen to Greenland waters. The Greenland government has said it fears that the community almost seven years of haggling. But it was largely unused as ministers spent until December fixing long-term shares for herring stocks.



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most widely despised organ of the Mexico's chief auditor of having "24 Hours," recently broadcast an An official familiar with the inves-By Richard J. Meislin previous administration, has fallen defrauded the government of about interview with Mr. Durazo, filmed New York Times Service \$500,000 by understating the value of various properties he accumulatvictim to the new government's before he left the country, in which MEXICO CITY - In most the former chief said he received a cause it wanted a case it knew it "moral renovation" campaign. Anplaces, it would have been a ragscould prove.

Former Police Chief Is Target of Mexico's 'Moral Renovation'

to-riches tale of inspiration: A man

with a salary of \$65 a week rises to the top and winds op hving in pala-tial homes worth millions, collecting fine wines, elegant cars and thoroughbred racehorses. But in this case the man in question, Mexico City's former police chief, Arturo Durazo Moreno, was already at the top when he was

making \$65 a week. And the amazing wealth he accumulated, unfolding to public view day by day, has president, how much could the imstirred strong reaction even among a public long calloused to highlevel corruption. Mr. Durazo left the country soon after the government of President zález's and has not been reflected in over in 1982 and has variously been

be has not yet been found.

A common response seems to be a first parts of the body without a mixture of glee and relief that Mr.

other seems to be resentment that Mr. Durazo's friend and boss, former President José López Portillo,

"Durazo is only one name of corruption, a minor name," wrote Mr. Durazo's former top assistant. José González González, in a recent best-selling book full of allega-tions against the former chief. "If a police chief could steal 100 billion perial family have taken from us

during the six-year presidency?" The estimate of 100 billion pesos (about \$600 million) was Mr. Gon-

Mignel de la Madrid Hurtado took over in 1932 and has variously been reported to be living in the United ferring to Mr. Durazo and earlier States, Canada, Spain, Italy and fraud charges lodged against the Poerto Rico. Last week, a Mexico former head of Petroleos Mexi-City judge ordered his arrest. Inter- canos, who was also a close friend pol has been asked to trace him, but of President Lopez Portillo, asked.

Mr. Durazo has been accused by

tenure. He is also charged with ille-gally importing contraband goods and amassing a small stockpile of armaments reserved, under law, for military use. Accusations that he took police property for his person-al use and staffed his estates with

personal servants disguised as po-lice officers on the public payroll are still under investigation. In the case of one \$2.5-million estate, just outside Mexico City, the comptroller general said that Mr. Durazo had apparently overlooked the value of the six-bedroom home, gymnasium, discotheque, heliport, man-made lakes, private racetrack,

> tion hall and casino when calculating the property's worth. In the case of another property, Pacific shore in the town of Zihuatanejo, Mr. Durazo is said by the authorities to have simply appro-priated most of the land he oceded

shooting range, automobile exhibi-

to build the claborate estate. The popular television program,

ed around the country during his monthly salary of about \$160 and a tenure. He is also charged with illebonus of \$90 but acknowledged that he did have some other sources His former assistant, Mr. González, said Mr. Durazo's other

sources of income included extortion, drug running, contraband, protection, robbery and fraud. Mr. Durazo has not been seen or spo-ken to by journalists or law enforcement officials since the charges were made.

nicknamed the Parthenon, on the longtime friend, who had spent 31 Pacific shore in the town of Zihnayears in the police department, tanejo, Mr. Durazo is said by the nine of them in the narcotics squad.

When Mr. Lopez Portillo was preparing to appoint Mr. Durazo as police chief, officials of the U.S. Embassy said that he had been made aware of intelligence reports suggesting that Mr. Durazo had international drug connections. Nevertheless, Mr. López Portillo decided to appoint Mr. Durazo, a

That the major charge against Mr. Durazo at the moment is tax frand has provoked comparisons in the Mexican press with Al Capone.

Mexican society a cornerstone of his administration. But a govern-ment official said that Mr. López Portillo could not be pursued for fear of damaging the authority of the presidency and the Institutional Revolutionary Party, which has led the federal government for 55

Thatcher Leaving Today For Talks in Hungary

power tension.

as well. She said that East and West each had things in which they firmly believed and which they were determined to defend. "But I think," Mrs. Thatcher added, "that many of us feel now that we would very much like to defend our own way of life and keep our own security, bot at a very much lower level of weap-

her first visit to the Soviet bloc, said saw Pact countries. They said Mrs. greater East-West contact would Thatcher would discuss East-West improve the prospects for arms relations, the Middle East and other world topics in meetings with the Communist Party's first secretary, Janos Kadar, Prime Minister Gyorgy Lazar and other Hungarian leaders. Diplomats of North Atlantic Treaty Organization countries think the visit, the first to Commi-

> ciliatory note struck recently by Western leaders. "Conciliation, rapprochement take two," Mrs. Thatcher said. "You've both got to have the same idea at the same time.

nist Hungary by a British prime minister, would provide an oppor-unity for Mrs. Thatcher to test

Soviet-bloc reaction to a more con-

major international issues would day.

reductions. Mrs. Thatcher is to leave Thurs-

day for Hungary on a three-day visit seen by British officials as a

In an interview with the BBC, Mrs. Thatcher said: "I think visit-ing other countries and their coming to us means we understand one another the better and when you have a better understanding, then I think you have a better chance of achieving reduction in armaments

ons and expense." Government sources said that

Fabd, Mitterrand to Meet

PARIS - King Fahd of Saudi Arabia is to meet Saturday with President François Mitterrand, the Elysee Palace announced Wednes-

SPACEMEN'S GREETING — The crew for shuttle flight 11 arriving at the Kennedy Space Center in Florida to prepare for Friday's takeoff. They are, from left, Bruce McCandless, Robert L. Gibson, the pilot, Robert L. Stewart, Ronald N. McNair and Vance D. Brand. During the eight-day mission, two astronauts will "free fly" in space.

LONDON — Prime Minister ter's talks with Hungarian leaders, Margaret Thatcher, in an interview who head what officials in London broadcast Wednesday on the eve of consider the most open of the War-

step toward mending East-West re-lations after months of acute super-

Gemayel Warns U.S. Against Marine Withdrawal

By Bradley Graham Washington Post Service

BEIRUT - President Amin Gemayel has warned that a withdrawal of U.S. Marines from Lebanon would endanger Western interests in the Middle East.

Contending in an interview Tuesday that Washington's stakes in supporting his government are very high, the Lebanese leader challenged American critics of the Marines' presence to consider the

If the Marines left now, "there would not be a new president to replace Amin Gemayel but a revo-Intionary council under Soviet control, or chaos," be said.

Saying that the basic cause of Lebanon's political deadlock was external rather than internal, the Lebanese leader hlamed Syria for hlocking a security plan to disen-gage warring Lebanese factions the May 17 agreement," he said.

The Associated Press

Soviet Jew

Of Threats

Accuses KGB

By David K, Shipler

New York Times Service

now living in Israel has asserted that the KGB, the Soviet secret

police and intelligence agency,

threatened him and his sons to

make him write a false incrimina-

tion of Anatoly B. Shcharansky,

the prominent Jewish activist im-

prisoned in the Soviet Union.

el several months ago, he said.

pers in exchange for exit visas. When the authorities tried to give

their Soviet papers back to them.

Amnon and Amner said, they de-

In pressing their case, they ex-plained, they went to Moscow from

the central Asian city of Dushanbe

where they lived and met with Mr.

Sheharansky, who arranged a press

ennierence to tell foreign corre-

There followed nearly two years

of harassment, interrogations and

short-term detentions, they said,

culminating in the arrest in No-vember 1976 of Amner. He was

given a three-and-a-half-year pris-

on term on charges of violating

passport regulations and hooligan-

Zavurov and urged him to put his

name to a similar Izvestia article

In addition, he said, KGB offi-

cials asked him to incriminate Joseph Pressel, a U.S. diplomat in Moscow who maintained contacts

with dissidents. "They said, 'If you

tell us that Pressel is an anti-Soviet

Mr. Zavurov said, " and if you

Shortly after, Mr. Shcharansky

was arrested. Then, Amnon said,

the KGB started to work on him.

They summoned Amnon and urged

him in meet Mr. Pressel on a Mos-

cow street and give him a gift of a

copper plaque that he had made,

apparently to compromise the dip-

lomat. Dina Beilin, a dissident who

also lives in Israel now, said she

advised Amnon against it, and he

KGB officials then told Amnon

that if he told anyone what the secret police had asked him to do,

Amner would be killed in prison,

leave the Soviet Union in 1978.

Boris and Amner left in 1982, after

Amner was released from prison.

Mr. Zavurov's youngest son, Ilya,

according to the account.

character, we will free Amner.'

don't, we will arrest Amnon."

that would be written for him.

spondents their story.

JERUSALEM - A Soviet Jew

U.S. Democrats Endorse

Syria has refused to back diplomatic efforts to settle Lehanon's problems, saying that it will not do of Lebanese-Israeli relations.

Syria has objected to what mascus sees as political gains

Mr. Gemayel said be had spoken by telephone Monday with President Hafez al-Assad of Syria, although he provided no details of the cooversation. He also expressed an interest in meeting with the Syrian leader.

Mr. Gemayel said intensive ef-forts by Saudi Arabia, the United States and other intermediaries to persuade the Syrians to be flexible on the May 17 accord issue have not succeeded

"We have not had a chance to sit

and establish a cease-fire as well as

The accord provides for the ble for the Marines to leave. But his the interests of Lebanon are importune resumption of reconciliation withdrawal of Israeli forces from aides said that even if a political tant to the interests of the free southern Lebanon within a short agreement were reached in Leba- world." time after its ratification and lays down a basis for the normalization

> Syria has objected to what Damascus sees as political gains for Israel. Mr. Assad was also angered by an Israeli letter to the United States, which was a witness to the agreement, making a pullout of Syrian troops from oorth and east Lebanon a condition of an Israeli withdrawal.

Mr. Gemayel was clearly trou-hled by the rising sentiment in the U.S. Congress against the presence of the Marines in Lebanon. A 1,600-strong land force, supported by a naval fleet offshore, is camped alongside Beirut International Airport south of the Lebanese capital. Mr. Gemayel did not indicate

"Who will be the main beneficiary of such a collapse? If these critics such request. when he thought it would be possi-

interests in the Middle East?

non's own interests.

oon, the government would need Asked whether the removal of the Marines' support for some the Marines now would be a blow Asked whether the removal of from which his government could Underscoring Lehanon's history not recover, Mr. Gemayel replied: as a democracy in a region not. The presence of the Marines here known for its democratic tradiis symbolic and provides moral tions, Mr. Gemayel argued that the support for the whole free world. U.S. stake in sustaining his elected The Marines are not being asked to government transcended Lebabe militarily responsible."

There have been unconfirmed re-Referring to advocates of a Ma-rine pullout, Mr. Gemayel asked: ports and speculation in the Lebanese press recently that the govern-"Are they thinking about the al- ment may be planning a military ternative to the collapse of the Lebanese system and government and what this will mean to the free world in general and to American asked for U.S. military support if such an operation took place. But Mr. Gemayel said he had made no

think hard on answers to these questions, maybe they will see that "floa" as "only a last resort," add-



Amin Gemavel

ing, "We believe in the political option as a means of resolving the conflict although this doesn't fit

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O'Neill Backs Mondale for President

WASHINGTON (UPI) — The speaker of the House, Thomas P. O'Neill Jr., endorsed Walter F. Mondale for president Wednesday,

saying "he will bring greatness to the American presidency."

Mr. O'Neill, breaking with his own tradition of neutrality in Democratic presidential contests, said that Mr. Mondale was the best man for the job, "and I will do all in my power to make sure that Walter Mondale is elected president of the United States."

MARCON Defined to the control of the The speaker made his announcement shortly after the House Democratic Cancus elected 164 House Democrats as delegates to the 1984 Democratic National Convention. Mr. Mondale, according to a UPI count, has 73 endorsements among the Democratic delegates. His nearest rival, Senator John Glenn of Ohio, has 17.

Defections Lead to Defeat for Shamir JERUSALEM (Reuters) - Israel's coalition government had a set-

back Wednesday when two government supporters voted with the oppo-sition on a motion to hold a full debate on a plan to settle Jews in the Arab-West Bank town of Hebron.

well into the logic of the area here which doesn't have a tradition of democracy."

The coalition lost on the motion, 48-46. One of the defectors was Mordechai Ben Porat, former minister without portfolio, who resigned from the cabinet Sunday, saying the government was not functioning properly. The other was Dror Zeigerman, a frequent critic of the government's settlement policy.

Opposition members conceded that the vote would have no practical effect on government policy in Hebron but said it pointed up Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir's weakened position in the parliament. Two weeks ago the coalition incurred three parliamentary deleats, but last week Mr. Shamir rallied enough support to defeat a no-confidence

Terror Trial Adjourned in Stuttgart

STUTTGART (AP) — Two alleged leaders of the terrorist Red Anny Faction, formerly known as the Baader-Meinhof gang, went on trial in a crowded courtroom Wednesday, but the proceedings were adjourned

The presiding judge, Klaus Knospe, ordered the spectators cleared from the courtroom a few hours after the trial began. He then adjourned the trial of Brigitte Mohahaupt, 34, and Christian Klar, 31, until Thursday. They are charged with extortion, kidnapping, attempted murder and nine counts of murder.

The disturbances began after Mr. Klar repeatedly yelled "pig" as a prosecutor attempted to address the court. When Judge Knospe warned the defendent to remain silent, the crowd - apparently supporters of the defendants - jeered and coughed loudly.

Nyerere Backs U.S. Effort on Namibia

DAR ES SALAAM, Tanzania (UPI) — President Julius K. Nyerere, chairman of the "front-line" group of African states opposing white-ruled South Africa, said Wednesday that he gives full support to U.S.-sponsored peace intiatives in Namibia but stopped short of specifically endorsing a proposed cease-fire in the disputed territory.

Mr. Nyerere made his remarks following a one-hour meeting with the U.S. assistant secretary of state for African affairs, Chester A. Crocker. The Tanzanian leader told Radio Tanzania after the meeting, "Africa will support any effort by the United States and her allies in bringing about a genuine settlement in Namibia," also known as South-West

Uganda Reports 27 Slain by Gunmen

NAIROB! (AP) — The Ugandan government has announced that "at least 27 people" were killed Priday by gunmen at a village near Kampala, the Ugandan capital.

The statement, issued Tuesday by the Ugandan Ministry of Internal Affairs and broadcast by Radio Uganda, was the first official acknowledgement of the slayings at Mudmuna, about 25 miles (40 kilometers) southwest of Kampala. The broadcast confirmed reports from survivors of the attack carried by the international news media.

The radio said that "at least 27 people, including some very small children died in the attack by a hand of heartless believe." Handan

children, died in the attack by a band of heartless killers." Ugandan security forces had determined the identity of the killers and some of them were beloing the police with their investigation, the radio said.

Gromyko Ends 3-Day Romanian Visit

BUCHAREST (Combined Dispatches) - Foreign Minister Andrei A. Gromyko of the Soviet Union left here Wednesday with no indicati that Romania will support the Kremlin's policy on the stationing of nuclear missiles in Europe even though it received trade concessions.

The visit by Mr. Gromyko to this Warsaw Pact country coincided with a Soviet announcement of beneficial trade terms, including the dropping of a demand that Romania pay for Soviet oil in bard currency at world

Meanwhile, a Belgian Foreign Ministry spokesman said Wednesday m Brussels that Mr. Gromyko would visit Belgium soon, but no date has yet

Chevsson Leaves for Talks on Chad

PARIS (AP) — With tension increasing in Chad, External Affairs Minister Claude Cheysson of France left Wednesday on a trip to Chad, Ethiopia and Libya in an attempt to bring about a new round of

Mr. Cheysson's departure coincided with an announcement by the Chadian embassy in Paris that government troops had "annihilated" an enemy column that had crossed into southern Chad to attack a govern-

Lihyan-backed rebel (orces led by former President Goukouni Oneddei invaded Chad last summer and succeeded in taking control of the northern half of the country. Their advance was halted, however, when about 3,000 French troops intervened on the behalf of President Hissene Hahre in August.

For the Record

A police official and a Sikh terrorist were killed in a shoot-out and a dissident Sikh leader was seriously wounded in an assassination attempt Tuesday in India's Punjab state, the authorities reported. (AP)

Prime Minister Pierre Elliott Tradeau of Canada arrived Wednesday in Bucharest from East Germany on the last leg of a three-nation East European tour aimed at reducing East-West tensions. Mr. Trudeau's first stop was Czechoslovakia. (AP)

President Ronald Reagan welcomed President Mika Spiljak of Yugo-slavia to the White House on Wednesday. Mr. Spiljak is the first head of state from Eastern Europe to visit the White House since Mr. Reagan became president. (UPI)

France Censures U.S. Envoy

(Continued from Page 1)

ooe mistrusts people who are linked with the Communist Party."

Georges Marchais, criticized Mr. Galbraith during an interview on French television. Mr. Galbraith, however, added, he was "not at all worned as to the will of the government to protect itself from interference by the

There are four Communists among the 43 members of the cabinet of Socialist President François

the prime minister had been "very

that the radio network's "transcripts of his remarks were inaccurate and incomplete" in regard to Mr. Fiterman. The transcript had Mr. Gal-

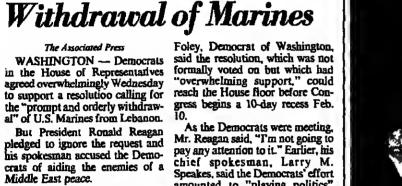
But the spokesman said the tran-The Communist Party chief.

"Where does he think he is, this American ambassador? In Grentda, in Honduras?" Mr. Marchais said, adding: "I would like to know what would happen if the ambassa-dor of the U.S.S.R. questioned this or that party or this or that minis-

It was the third time that Mr. Galbraith had been called in by French officials to explain courments he has made since taking office Nov. 13, 1981.

Mr. Galbraith, 55, is a political appointee whose views closely reflect those of President Ronald Reagan. The U.S. ambassador was twice summoned to the the French Foreign Ministry in the summer of 1982 after he raised questions about the rise of terrorism in France and for statements he made on the Soviet gas pipeline to West-

YOU'RE ALWAYS IN FASHION WITH HEBE DORSEY



Earlier, Steven V. Roberts of The New York Times reported from

within several weeks. language of the resolution criticiz-

according to House aides. The resolution that went to the Democratic meeting urged the president to issue a report within 30 days detailing a plan for removal of

The incident took place in 1977, according to Boris Zavurov, when the KGB was putting together its case against Mr. Shcharansky. Mr. Shcharansky was convicted of treason and given a 13-year prison sen-

War II, said he had not revealed the the pressure on him to act. threats before because he was afraid for relatives still in the Soviet Union. His last son to receive permission to emigrate arrived in Isra-

The trouble began in 1975, he said, when two of his sons, Amnon and Amner, applied for exit visas and received them. Then, without explanation, the documents were As required by law, they had renounced their Soviet citizenship and relinquished their identity pa-

Several months later, Boris Zavurov recalled, after articles appeared in the government newspaper Izvestia alleging that Mr. Shcharansky and other dissidents were associated with U.S. intelligence, the KGB summoned Mr.

chief spokesman, Larry M. Speakes, said the Democrats' effort amounted to "playing politics" while aiding enemies of peace in the Middle East. House Speaker Thomas P. O'Neill Jr., Democrat of Massachusetts, leaving the meeting to which all 267 House Democrats had been invited, said, "Everybody

■ No Specific Date Set

was pretty much in agreement."

The majority whip, Thomas S. Ignoring protests from their own ranks, Democratic leaders refused to include a specific timetable for the removal of the troops in the

Advocates of a specific date argued that a resolution that does not set a withdrawal date was meaningless. Critics of the approach are likely to offer an amendment setting such a date when the measure reaches the House floor, probably

the Marine cootingent and its re-

"The measure would be a concur-rent resolution, which does not re-quire a presidential signature and does not carry the force of law, Mr.

specific date for withdrawal be-

our marines." with a date certain," said Represen-tative Robert T. Matsui of Califorpanel that is studying the Lebanon situation, "If you pull the troops out, and Lebanon enllapses, it

ere killed.

Washington Post Service been sentenced to 15 years in a Chinese prison for espionage, the

involved himself in mainland af-

one former classmate. "But not for

worked for the law firm of Baker sources. office and later in Hong Kong He lavor with CITIC, which made resigned in 1979, and went to Beij-clear in foreign husinessmen that ing to teach law and later serve as a legal consultant to the newly

fairs in his undergraduate days at ed States in 1981 and became a

Western sources in Beijiog, Mr.

One of his official friends was a Mr. Huang returned in the Unit-

partner in Webster and Sheffield "I might believe it if someone with plans to set up practice in told me Hanson was a spy," said China. But he suddenly resigned from the firm in December, saying he had cancer and wanted to seek After his graduation, Mr. Huang treatment in Beijing, according to By late 1981, he already had lost

he was no longer considered friendly, according to sources.
Published reports in Hong Kong

Kohl Reinstates Kiessling, Forbids Minister to Resign

to have had a strong ally in Hans-Dietrich Genscher, the foreign minister and vice chancellor who is head of the Free Democrats, Mr.

and others with accepting funds, before he became minister, from the Flick industrial ennoem. He gun last week.

Democrats that Mr. Lambsdorff should not consider leaving the cabinet until the courts decide a few months from now whether or not the evidence against him is strong enough to make a case.

ing Mr. Strauss, have been saying that Mr. Lambsdorff's position would become untenable if a cabinet crisis were started by the resignatioo of Mr. Worner, this is be-lieved to have weighed heavily in Mr. Kohl's decision to retain the Mr. Worner's chances of survival

had been judged as slight a few

days ago even by some members of his own party after it became known that he received the Swiss editor of a journal for homosexuals at the Defense Ministry.

false charges in comparable cir-The opposition Social Demo-crats and Greens declared them-

selves outraged by Mr. Kohl's decision to retain Mr. Worner. Hans Jochen Vogel, the Social Demopressure to resign since the Bonn crais' leader, called the move "irre-prosecutor's office charged him sponsible" and said his party would demand a continuation of the parliamentary investigation be-There were strong indications that, in the absence of a cabinet

> news ennference that the case would have further "coose-Mr. Worner, in his letter to General Kiessling, blamed army intelligence and an unnamed official for supplying him with information that did not stand up under further

the Defense Ministry. He told the

Paris-Moscow Pact Delayed

United Press Internation PARIS - France and the Soviet Union postponed Wednesday the scheduled signing of a long-term economic contract until Friday, the office of Prime Minister Pierre Maurov said. The contract is exal evidence purporting to show that peeted to trim France's trade defi-General Kiessling had been keep-cit with the Soviet Union, which is ing homosexual company in Co-largely due to French purchases of French Communist Party.

reshuffle, Mr. Kohl will make personnel changes at the top of army intelligence and the second level of

> Mitterrand. After his 30-minute meeting with Mr. Mauroy, Mr. Galbraith said that "there is no problem" and that

There was no formal statement from the U.S. Embassy. An embassy press spokesman, however, said Mr. Galbraith told Mr. Mauroy

braith describing Mr. Fiterman as "a poor Frenchman gone astray." script was correct on Mr. Galcit with the Soviet Union, which is braith's statements about the



formed China International Trust and Investment Corp. said he was placed under "protec-His position at CTTIC would tive arrest" in January 1982.

(Continued from Page 1)
had pressed for Mr. Worner's dismissal.

pers described the editor.
Alexander Ziegler, as a ootorious publicity seeker who had made The defense minister is believed

Lambsdorff's party.

Mr. Lambsdorff has been under

has constantly denied the charges. Mr. Kohl agreed with the Free

Since many politicians, ioclud-

The editor had offered additionlogne. Swiss and German newspa- Soviet natural gas.

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GREETING T

Robert L. Gibson the





TALKING TO THE UNION - Leaders of Britain's civil service union headed for a meeting Wednesday with Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher over a government ban on union labor at the secret communications center in Cheltenham. Len Murray, second from left, the secretary-general of the Trades Union Congress, joined in the talks.